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# The Brezhnev Gambit

were Offer or Just a Tactical Ploy? Analysts Differ

Washington

By Hedrick Smith New York Times Service

New York Times Service
SHINGTON — Although the Reagan adminis1 has responded positively to Soviet President
I.I. Brezhnev's suggestion of a summit meeting,
viet move has raised complications for the adration's initial strategy of trying to rally supw a harder line toward Moscow.

Kremlinologists and West European ambasacknowledge that Mr. Brezhnev has a long-aterest in detente, both for reasons of vital

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with the West and because of his personal comnt to the strategy of detente with the West. Soviet specialists here also credit the aging Soader with a clever gambit aimed at playing divisions between Washington and the West ans, especially West Germany's Chancellor t Schmidt for whom Ostpolitik, or cordial relaoth Moscow, remains an article of faith.

e experienced officials also suspect that the summit suggestions, coupled with proposals s control, may also play upon the fears of U.S.
that the initial flurry of anti-Soviet charges
resident Reagan and Secretary of State AlexM. Haig Jr. was ill-considered and may jeopprospects for arms control.

#### Brezhnev Tine

a very useful line for Brezhnev to play," one immistration official commented. "It fits in ie constant desire the Soviets have to split us m the Europeans. It would have been much for us if be had taken the same hard line as

day before Mr. Brezhnev spoke to the Soviet Congress, Soviet Defense Minister Dmitri Ustimsed the Reagan administration of trying to the cold war with its tough rhetoric and plans

up military spending.
Ustinov speech was the kind of traditional So-lemic that played neatly into the hands of the administration as it developed a chorus of about Soviet and Cuban involvement in arms

ots to leftist guernillas in El Salvador. w, you've got the hard and soft pitch from y," a Soviet specialist said. "First Ustinov, the tuy, and now Brezhnev, the statesman. That courage people like Schmidt to play the de-

#### Double Approach

wo-track approach from Moscow has pushed igan administration into a two-track approach wn — pursuing the hard line on El Salvador aking friendly comments about the summit

Ar. Haig said Tuesday, he may have found \_\_\_\_ and remarkable innovations" in the Brezhnev suggestion and arms proposals, but he is also s emphasize that "we are in no hurry" to arin early meeting between Mr. Brezhnev and

a the outset, the president and his Cabinet ad-In foreign policy have felt it wise to let the I pressure for summitty or arms negotiations, nted first to take steps to restore what Mr.
as a candidate, called "the margin of safety"

LS. military arsenal.

ase Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger re-early on that it would be "a good six before the Reagan administration would be

or full-fledged strategic arms negotiations

By R.W. Apple Jr.
New York Times Service

MOSCOW - One of the Soviet leadership's biggest complaints about former President Jimmy Carter was that he did not understand the uses of secrecy. Diplomatic initiatives, the men in the Krem-lin used to say, cannot begin in public; they must be

carefully explored in private. Now, to the consternation and confusion of Krem-im-watchers here, Leonid I. Brezhnev has done just what he accused Mr. Carter of doing. Apparently

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without warning to Washington or other Western capitals, he appealed for "an active dialogue, at all levels," with the United States, including a meeting with President Reagan.

He did it, moreover, on a great state occasion, in the keynote report that a Soviet leader presents only once every five years to the congress of the Communist Party. The setting gave his words added weight. He coupled his appeal with a series of proposals — some new, some old, some refurbished — that he said would help to relax East-West tensions.

The most important of these, couched in murky

terms but apparently intended as a distinct concession, is renegoriation of the second treaty on limitation of strategic nuclear arms.

Mr. Brezhnev gave his speech a conciliatory tone, with few echoes of the polemics that have issued from Washington and Moscow alike in the last few greeks. He choes for expense to make no cincete to weeks. He chose, for example, to make no riposte to Mr. Reagan's rather sharp attack on the morality of the Soviet leadership.

Instead, he seemed to be trying to picture himself and his colleagues in the ruling Politburo as seasoned politicians - which they no doobt are, with an average age of 68 — who understand the need for pa-tience, restraint and, ultimately, communication rather than confrontation with the other superpower.

It is easy enough to dismiss Mr. Brezhnev's effort as propaganda, and some Western diplomats immediately did so, arguing that nothing meant anything until the Soviet Union showed that it was ready to pull out of Afghanistan. One of them said, "Russians don't float serious ideas at the United Nations or at Communist Party congresses,"

But there is persuasive evidence that Monday's speech was the exception to the rule, that Mr. Brezhnev was in earnest about dialogue, and that he had good political reasons for being so.

In little more than a year, the ating leader has seen the Afghanistan move and Western womes about possible Soviet military intervention in Poland bring his policy of detente — the centerpiece of his career, by which he has said he wants to be remembered. to the very edge of extinction.

#### Doubts Expressed

Even Western Europeans, who clung to detente long after it fell from favor in the United States, have been expressing doubts. One more misstep, West German Chancellor Hebrot Schmidt is said to have told Mr. Brezhnev, and that would be it for detente.

What the 74-year-old Soviet leader told the party congress was designed, in part, to repair his relations with Bonn and Paris. Slight but potentially significant changes in policy on Afghanistan and on the deployment of nuclear weapons in Europe seemed

As one Western European diplomat said, "I suppose they think they can reopen a gap between us (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

#### French Envoy Warns U.S. deployment of nuclear weapons in Europe seemed tailor-made to catch the eye of politicisms like Mr. On New Missile Systems cluded that the transatlantic rela-

the king has been forced to assume : fears that this stronghold of Fran-

by events has raised the question. cost sentiment would explode in their faces.

The protagonists in the coup at-

inical forces?

"The honor and sovereignty of Spain cannot continue to depend solely on the exceptional stature of the Valencia mili-

By Don Oberdorfer Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON - French For-

International Herald Tribune

gime that has emerged in Spain in the five years since Franco's death

received its most severe test during the failed coup by rebel Civil Guards and military elements this

The crisis pointed out again that

the strongest and most prestigious

political institution in the youthful democracy is, ironically, the monarch, King Juan Carlos I. When the Cabinet and the legis-

lators were held hostage by the rebels, it was the king who moved

quickly to assure the loyalty of military leaders and delegate au-

thority to junior ministers in order

to guarantee the normal function-

But the bigger-than-life role that

MADRID - The democratic re-

eign Minister Jean Francois-Poncet has cautioned the Reagan administration against building large-scale anti-ballistic missile systems, despite the 1972 U.S.-Soviet treaty against such action, on grounds that this would create new instability in Europe, diplomatic

The French minister made the point in discussions on the East-West military balance with both Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. and Secretary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger, the sources

said Tuesday. Mr. Francois-Poneet met Wednesday with President Reagan in a session that the White House said restated not only allied solidarity but a particularly strong feeling of solidarity between France and the United States.

He said after his first meeting with Mr. Reagan that he was deeply impressed by the president's "friendly simplicity ... the strength of his resolve [and] by his intention to take into account Eu-ropean views." He said he con-

But the statement made clear

that the West German government does not view the entire El Salva-

doran insurgent movement as Communist or a tool of the Soviet

The statement said Foreign

Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher informed U.S. special envoy Law-

rence Eagleburger last week that the Bonn government will con-duct talks with representatives of

democratic forces on both sides

In addition, the West German

statement said the European Eco-

nomic Community will provide help to the suffering people in El Salvador. It will thereby insure

that no discrimination takes

tionship was off to a good start with the new administration. The minister said that he and Mr. Reagan discussed East-West relations and found their attitudes

and analysis very similar.

King Juan Carlos I (right) presided at a National Security Council meeting after the coup failed.

In Madrid's Young Democracy,

al in the Madrid daily newspaper

Yet the incoming government of Premier Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo will almost certainly have to lean

heavily on the king's authority and

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prestige to grapple with the numer-ous problems that set the back-

Foremost among the oew gov-

ernment's problems will be how to

handle conspirators in the armed forces and the Civil Guard.

allowed to deal with plotters in its

ranks. The government and the po-

litical parties have not attempted to purge anti-democratic elements

in the armed forces because of

Until now, the military has been

ground for the failed uprising.

**ABM Debate** Some strategic analysts as well as political figures close to the ad-ministration have suggested that building large scale anti-ballistic

missile systems would be in the security interest of the United States as a way of dealing with the in-creasing vulnerability of U.S. landbased nuclear missiles. The 1972 treaty sharply limiting

ABM systems was adopted in the first blush of the era of detente a period that Mr. Francois-Poncet says has ended. The treaty comes for review by Moscow and Washington next year, in an at-mosphere of renewed tension and increased military buildup. The French minister's opposi

tion to this military program was expressed at a time when both he and his U.S. counterpart, Mr. Haig, were intrigued by a seeming (Continued on Page 2, Col 4)

LONDON (AP) - The British Foreign Office Wednesday endorsed President Reagan's position on El Salvador, saying U.S.provided intelligence documents

government "notes with concern the continuing violence inside El Salvador and the suffering and hardship this causes to the people of that country." The opposition Labor Party is against any U.S. in-volvement in the country and called on the government not to support the U.S. stand.

MEXICO CITY (NYT) - Mex-

rence within the strile-torn Cen-la American state. capitals to explain the U.S. posi-tion on El Salvador to allied gov-

# prevent the conflict from spreading elsewhere in Central America.

"We are sure that a military solution is not viable and that only a

The U.S. secretary of defeuse, Caspar W. Weinberger (left), greeted the French foreign minister, Jean Francois-Poncet.

political solution will restore peace to the region," Mr. Lopez Portillo said Monday right during a dinner for Bahamas Prime Minister Lynden O. Pindling, who is currently

Although Mr. Lopez Portillo did not mention the United States by name, his remarks seemed to reflect his apparent fear that U.S. military assistance for El Salvador's besieged civilian-military junta could turn Central America into the focal-point of an East-West power struggle.

#### **Junta Aides See Victory**

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador (NYT) - Salvadoran military leaders here say they can defeat the guerrillas trying to overthrow the government despite a Pentagon report that describes their army as a "19th-century constabulary" that

Carlos Eugenio Vides Casanova, commander of the National Guard, Col. Jose Guillermo Garcia, minister of defense, and Col. Jaime Abdul Gutierrez, vice president of the junta and commander in chief of the armed forces, presented a less dire picture of the Communist military threat than the one that appears to be circulating in Washington.

#### U.S. Satisfied on Aid

BRUSSELS (Reuters) — The United States is now satisfied that a proposed \$1.5 million grant from the European Common Market to El Salvador will not be exploited by leftist guerrillas, a top U.S. State Department official said Wednesday.

Herman Cohen, deputy assistant secretary of state, told reporters the United States welcomed an EEC decision to postpone the rehet package to the country until Red Cross officials had investigated the use to which it would be

# Calvo Sotelo Wins Approval In Cortes Vote

By James M. Markham New York Times Service

MADRID — A day after the failure of a major military rebellion against the nation's young democracy, the Cortes, in an emotional session. Wednesday firmly endorsed a new government to be led by Premier Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo. Weary deputies gave a long standing ovation for King Juan Carlos I, credited with halting the coup and freeing them from captivity in the parliament.

As evidence accumulated suggesting that a number of senior officers were implicated in the conspiracy, Gen. Alfonso Armada Comyn. deputy army chief of staff and until recently a key aide to the monarch, was removed from his post.

The removal of Gen. Armada, a 61-year-old veteran of the civil war, surprised many because of his association with King Juan Carlos for more than two decades as an instructor and later an adviser. The move followed the jailing of Lt. Gen. Jaime Milans del Bosch, the captain-general of Valencia who appeared to be one of the chief conspirators. A third general close to the Valencia commander, but stationed in Galicia, was wide-

ly reported to be under suspicion.
The investiture vote for Mr. Cal-King Seems Strongest Institution vo Sotelo, who had been a deputy premier, was charged with drama and irony because the same balloting two days ago was interrupted by about 200 Civil Guards who stormed the building and held the deputies hostage for 18 hours.

coists who have been protected by

their rightist activism.

the military leadership despite

1978 Ptot

jailed for his involvement in a coup plot in 1978, but he was still allowed to resume his post, Gen. Milans del Bosch had often ex-

pressed his distate for democratic

Both men have now been dis-

missed from their functions and placed under arrest. But it is still a

question how severely they will be punished and whether the military

will allow an investigation to

determine if many other ranking

officers encouraged the plotters.

Beyond insisting on control over

its internal affairs, the military has

Franco constitution gives it a va-

guely defined role as upholder of

the nation's sovereignty. The gov-ernment has passively accepted that this means the armed forces

can claim a political role far great-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

Col. Tejero was convicted and

#### **Powerful Ovations**

At the entry this afternoon of Lt Gen. Mannel Gutierrez Mellado, a deputy premier who was physically struck by one of the as-sailants, the chamber erupted in sustained applause. Adolfo Suarez, the outgoing premier, who also dis-played coolness and courage during the siege, moments later touched off a powerful ovation.

But at the mere mention of the name of King Juan Carlos by Landelino Lavilla, the house speaker, the 344 deputies rose to their feet to cheer the monarch. Some parliamentarians, haggard after their ordeal, were seen weeping under a vaulted ceiling pocked by automat-

ic weapons fire from the assault.

The experience of the coup. which appeared only narrowly to have failed, persuaded both the rightist Democratic Coalition and a moderate Catalonian bloc called



Democratic Convergence to vote in favor of Mr. Calvo Sotelo's minority government to give it greater authority at a taut moment in the country's history.

Last week, on a first-round bal-lot, the candidate of the ruling Un-ion of the Democratic Center polled only 169 "yes" votes — all but four from his own party failing to win a majority in the 350-member chamber. But this evening, Mr. Calvo Sotelo won 136 votes. Socialists, Communists and Basque regionalists accounted for most of the 158 negative ballots.

#### Socialist Statement

Felipe Gonzalez, the Socialist leader who was held incommunicado by the rebels facing a wall in a small room of the parliament, urged the new premier to form a coalition government with his party to meet the crisis. "Democracy from now on has a date and a meaning," he added. "The date is Feb. 23 and the meaning is the attempt to destroy democracy ...

Santiago Carrillo, the Communist secretary-general, who was also isolated from other deputies, praised the king: "In the long hours that some of us were kept incommunicado, we were all aware that the only person who could oppose this adventure was the head of state. Those hours have brought us all together. I believe that millions of Spaniards, too, have learned the value of democracy when they saw it could be lost in a

military coup."

All of the speakers carefully avoided blanket statements about the military establishment, prais-ing the bulk of its officers for remaining loyal to the constitution and singling out the rebels for crit-icism. Mr. Calvo Sotelo tersely promised to guarantee that the armed forces remained under civil-

But, in spite of the buoyant feel-ing of solidarity engendered by their collective ordeal, deputies in the hallways of the Cortes private-ly admitted they were startled by the broad dimensions of the plot.

#### Armada's Role Considerable uncertainty sur

rounded the exact role played by Gen. Armada, who only this month was named deputy chief of staff of the army. After Lt. Col. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

#### **Armed Men Reported** In Paris Building

PARIS - Heavy police forces,

including sharpshoolers wearing flak jackets, closed off streets near the central Champs-Elysees area late Wednesday night after reporting armed men were in an office building.

Other reports said about six Iranians were holed up in the building on the Avenue George V. across the street from the Hotel George V. A police spokesman said details of the situation were sketchy, but that "apparently there was a dispute between two groups of people." He said, "Some of them, who are armed, are still in the office building. The people who called us, and are unarmed. have left the building."

# (Continued on Page 2, Col. 3) Tremlin Denies Sending Arms o Support El Salvador Rebels

By Kevin Klose Washington Post Service
COW - The Soviet Union applying weapons to Marx-rillas in El Salvador and has, a senior Kremlin nan said Wednesday. The nan also said that there at Reagan insists on pre-

n tell you the Soviet Union and is not delivering weap-El Salvador," said Leonid in chief of the Communist Central Committee's inter-I information department, ess conference of the 26th Party Congress. He labeled in the U.S. State Departmental report blaming Mosdicular for supporting the

#### 1 Officer Held Complicity J.S. Mission

RAN — The former chief of uian air force, Gen. Amir u Bargheri, has been arrest-suspicion of complicity in ative U.S. mission to rescue American hostages last the official Pars news agenvted Wednesday.

quoted Hojatoleslam

amed Reyshahri, head of my's Revolutionary Tribusaying Gen. Bargheri was d to have prepared the way mission, in which eight U.S. s died near the desert town

ording to Ayatollah thri, Gen. Bargheri arranged noval of anti-aircraft artilound four key Iranian cities ril 23, one day before the 1. He said the general was questioned in connection. he withdrawal of anti-airatteries around Tehran and

Reagan "is absolutely incorrect" if he believes the report. "Lies re-peated many times don't become

truth," he said. Mr. Zamyatin, a Central Committee member with close ties to the ruling 14-man Polithuro and Soviet leader Leonid L Brezhnev, also asserted that it is "incorrect to set preconditions" for a meeting between the two country's leaders.

#### Dig at China

"We are ready and we are not posing any preconditions" on resumption of bilateral contacts at all levels, he said. In his major foreign and domestic policy report to the opening congress session Mon-day, Mr. Brezhnev called for resumption of a dialogue to restore relations which have been frozen since the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan in December, 1979.

ghanistan in December, 1979.

Mr. Reagan said in Washington
Tuesday he was "most interested"
in Mr. Brezhnev's invitation to
meet, but said the issue of arming
Salvadoran insurgents must be
straightened out first. With a dig at China, Mr. Zamyatin said this po-sition of Mr. Reagan's "resembles hegemonism, it sounds like China.

This is not our policy line."
Nevertheless, Mr. Zamyatin implied that the Kremlin had found signs that Mr. Reagan's response had not been totally negative and perhaps the door could be soon opened enough for low-level exploratory talks.

In Moscow, they paid attention to the Washington reaction," he said. "It didn't go unnoticed here."

Despite the high-level polemics and the Carter sanctions on most official exchanges and the grain embargo, the two countries have traded views at various diplomatie levels despite Afghanistan. However, Mr. Brezhnev made clear in his report to the congress, held every five years for ritualistic approval of Kremlin foreign and economic policy guidelines, that Moscow has oo intention of withdrawing its

resistance from the Moslem population to the Marxist regime in Ka-

viewed European reaction as generally positive to the Brezhnev address, especially his proposal for talks to enlarge the zone in which countries voluntarily notify others of troop maneuvers and invite for-

impact on the Madrid conference" this proposal may have, Mr. Za-myatin said, referring to the Euro-pean security agreement's compliance review parity, where the Russians have been assailed by the United States and other Western delegations for violating human

BONN — The West German government offered Wednesday to

mediate the conflict in El Salva-

dor, pledging to seek contacts with "representatives of democratic

forces" among the U.S.-backed junta and the rebels.

Spokesman Kurt Becker said the

Bonn government hoped repu-sentatives of the junta and the Democratic Revolutionary Front

would accept invitations to come

to West Germany, perhaps early in

the government would try to arrange talks between the two parties

on West German soil.

The ruling Social Democratic Party maintains close ties with the

from, while the opposition Christian Democratic Union supports

the El Salvadoran government of

Insurgent Movement

meeting, the Bonn government expressed understanding for U.S.

concern over efforts by Commi-

In a statement after a Cabinet

Jose Napoleon Duarte.

Mr. Becker told reporters that

Mr. Zamyatin said Moscow

eign military observers.
"We can't discount the positive

tral American state.

Union and Cuba.

of the conflict.

showed there was "unacceptable interference" in Salvadoran af-

Some U.S. officials had expressed concern that humanitarian aid channeled to groups in El Sal-Political Pact Backed

vador other than the regime would end up in the hands of Marxist Mr. Eagleburger, assistant secre-tary of state-designate, traveled to troops so long as there is armed nist countries to expand their in- Bonn and other Western European military means and argued that has "no hope" of winning the war.

# **Bonn Offers to Mediate El Salvador Conflict**

Britain Backs Reagan

The statement said the British'

ico's President Jose Lopez Portillo has criticized efforts to resolve El Salvador's internal crisis through U.S. Seeks to Calm

Israeli Fear on Aims

Of Policy in Mideast

By John M. Goshko

and Lou Cannon

Weshington Post Service
WASHINGTON — The Reagan

administration has sought to reas-

sure Israel that Secretary of State

Alexander M. Haig Jr.'s move to

mean a lessening of concern for Is-

The occasion was a call on President Reagan Tuesday by Israeli

On Missiles

(Continued from Page 1) concession on the part of Soviet President Leonid L Brezhnev re-

garding the French-sponsored European Disarmament Conference.

the Urals "confidence-building measures" such as the advance no-

ification and on-the-spot observa-

tion of military maneuvers provid-

ed that the Western side took a

similar action. Previously, the Rus-

sians had flatly rejected such an

extension in diplomatic talks with

the French, according to the ob-

**Minister Cantions** 

clear in Washington that he re-

gards the Brezhnev statement as a

octentially significant shift in the Soviet position, and one that may help to facilitate the disarmament conference, which France has

sponsored and which was recently

adorsed by the United States. At

the same time, the French minister

has cautioned that the Brezhnev statement might turn out to be more of a verbal maneuver than a

real shift, noting its ambiguity and

the fact that reciprocal measures of

an uncertain nature would be re-

of Soviet willingness to talk, it may

take a year or even longer to bring

the movement toward a conference

to fruition, according to the initial

officials spent considerable time in

the last several days acquainting

The French minister said public-

ly late Monday that the arms ship-

ments from outside to Salvadoran

guerrillas were equivalent to exter-

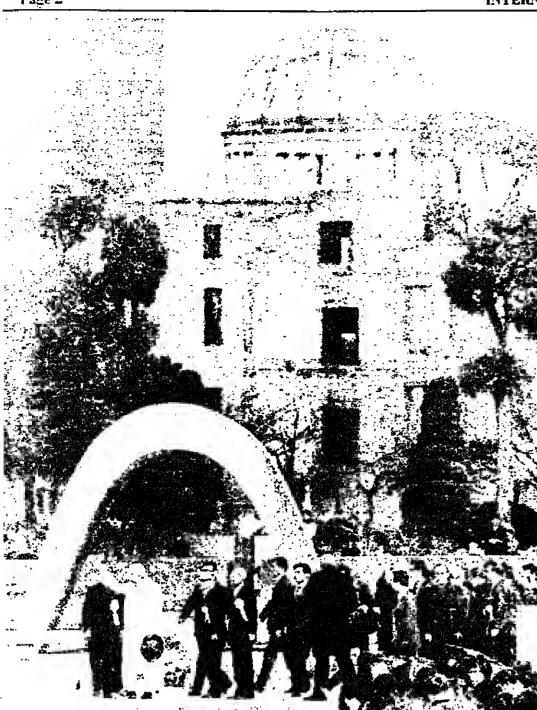
nal interference in that country.

Even if the shift is a real signal

quired from the West.

Mr. François-Poncet has made it

rael's security.



Pope John Paul II waves to Japanese crowds Wednesday as he leaves Peace Park in Hiroshima.

# In Hiroshima and Nagasaki, Pope Calls For Peace: 'Let Us Not Repeat the Past'

By Jack R. Payton

HIROSHIMA, Japan - Pope John Paul II, his voice trembling, prayed Wednesday at the site of the first atomic bomb attack and warned that man must make "a moral about-face" or suffer nuclear holocaust,

The pope said that nations must stop developing weapons to de-stroy thousands of lives in "a terri-ble, fiery moment," and use their resources to improve the world,

"Can we remain passive when we are told that humanity spends immensely more money on arms than on development, and we learn that one soldier's equipment costs many times more than a child's education?" hc asked.

Standing in tranquil Peace Park remember Hiroshima is to abbor nuclear war. To remember Hiroshima is to commit oneself to

"Let us not repeat the past," he said, appealing to the crowd of 12,000. To emphasize that his appeal was an international one, the pope spoke in nine languages. starting his speech in Japanese and then switching to English. Chinese. French. Spanish, Portuguese, German. Russian and his native Pol-

#### Last Stops

Later in the day, the pope traveled to Nagasaki, the only other city to suffer a nuclear attack. After being welcomed with flowers by an enthusiastic crowd, the pontiff celebrated Mass at the Urakami Cathedral and delivered a pastoral message to Roman Catholic nuns in Japan.

The visits to Hiroshima and Nagasaki were the final stops on a 12day journey through the Far East; the pontiff leaves for the Vatican on Thursday, with a stop in Anchorage en route.

In Hiroshima, the pope told sur-vivors of the 1945 bombing that man must end war, that "war is the work of man, war is destruction of human life, war is death."

Later he spoke to Hiroshima scholars, declaring that modern science must ensure that human energy is directed toward beloing chairman Robert Ander rather than destroying mankind:
"Our future on this planet, exchanges were envisaged.

posed as it is to nuclear annihilation, depends on one single factor. Humanity must make a moral

The pope, who described himself as a "pilgrim of peace" during nearly two days in Tokyo before visiting Hiroshima, appealed for peace in front of a government building with a skeletal dome and an "eternal flame," reminders of the explosion 35 years ago.

Moved by Peace Museum

"Let us pledge ourselves to peace through justice," the pope said, and quoted the prophet Isaiah when he said that "they shall beat their swords into ploughshares ... nation shall not lift up sword against nation, nei-

ther shall they learn war any

The pope also made a 20-minute tour of the Peace Memorial Museum in Hiroshima, guided by director Akihiro Takahashi, who was a 14-year-old student on the day of

or bleeding from shattered glass or with the skin hanging off from the

Deeply moved by the museum, the pope paused for several minutes before the guest book. "My thoughts are thoughts of peace. not of affliction, says the Lord." wrote the pontiff in a quotation of

"It was terrible," Mr. Takahashi said of the attack. "There were people with eyebrows falling out,

seek further progress in the stalled Arab-Israeli peace talks. However, for all their warmth. Mr. Haig's remarks did not change the fact that Mr. Shamir is return-

Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir. Afterward, Mr. Haig appeared be-fore reporters, with Mr. Shamir at

his side, to emphasize strongly the

administration's intention to weigh

carefully Israeli anxiety about the Middle East arms balance and to

reshuffle U.S. priorines in the Mideast by viewing policy aims against the "backdrop of increas-ing Soviet intervention" does not ing home without having achieved the two main goals sought by his government — a new American initiative to revive the Mideast peace process and reversal by the administration of its all-but-final deci-U.S. Warned sion to sell Saudi Arabia sophisticated additional equipment for the F-15 jet fighters it has ordered from the United States.

In fact, the State Department a!most seemed to be underscoring his lack of success when it an-nounced Monday that top priority in the Middle East will be given to halting the "deteriorating position of the West vis-a-vis the Soviet Union" rather than pressing ahead immediately with efforts to resume Mr. Brezhnev, in his speech to the 26th Soviet Communist Party the Egyptian-Israeli negotiations on Palestinian self-rule. Congress in Moscow Monday, an-nounced that he would extend to

#### Uphill Battle

Prime Minister Menachem Begin's government badly wants to get the antonomy talks going again as an aid in its uphill battle for reelection later this year. As a result Mr. Haig's lukewarm attitude toward giving a U.S. push to the effort is certain to be a matter of keen disappointment to Mr. Begin. For that reason, senior White

House officials reportedly felt that the timing and wording of Monday's State Department pro-nouncement had the effect of creating what one source called "needless fears" by Israel about U.S. intentions. In order to assuage the Israelis, the sources added was decided to have Mr. Haig appear with Mr. Shamir before reporters at the White House to clarify the intent of administration

The secretary dutifully did his part by pledging allegiance to continuing the Camp David peace process and said that it "will be dealt with promptly and early on." He added: "I would anticipate that the process itself would not be too long in the resumption."

French assessment.

Although East-West and European issues were mostly on the mind of the French visitor. U.S. On the Saudi jet question, the Israelis are understood to expect that, despite their objections, the administration will announce its decision to go ahead with the sale within the next few days. However, Mr. Francois-Poncet with their po-sition on the insurgency in El Sal-vador, and especially the Cuban the administration also reportedly went to great lengths privately to assure Mr. Shamir that it will take steps, probably through arranging additional armaments for Israel. that Israeli security will not be harmed by any increases in the range and firepower of the Sandi

# that commemorates those killed by the atomic blast, the pope said "to Summit Proposal Complicates Early Reagan Strategy tary court in Ramla, sources said, and possibly dozens more will be

(Continued from Page 1) with the Kremlin. So far, there is no reason to suspect that the Bre-

zhnev initiative has substantially altered that timetable. In part, some officials concede

privately, this is because the new administration is not yet well enough organized to have devised a broad and well-formulated diplomatic strategy for dealing with the Soviet Union heyond initial charges over El Salvador and the general demand, vniced by Mr. Haig, that Moscow sbould agree to "code of conduct" for global behavior if it wishes to pursue detente with the Reagan administra-

#### U.S. Company Sells Observer to Lonrho The Associated Press

LONDON — Atlantic Richfield has sold The Observer, Britain's oldest Sunday newspaper, to the Lourho mining conglomerate in a £6-million deal, the British corporation announced Wednesday.

The U.S. oil company, which has owned the paper since 1976, agreed to exchange it for a 40-percent stake in Scottish newspaper publisher George Outram & Co., which is owned by Lonrho. A Lon-rho spokesman said Observer chairman Robert Anderson would remain in his post and no staff that a summit meeting must be "well prepared" and that means, as both officials and European diplomats comment, stalling long enough to consult top-ranking French, German and British leaders who are now beginning a string of visits, and then to attempt low er-level contacts with Moscow.

In the meantime, the administration has made clear that it intends to carry forward its public effort to persuade the American public and allies in Europe that El Salvador is what the State Department white paper called a case study in "indirect armed aggression by Communist powers acting through Cuba."

Privately, however, some Europeans are saying that while they may sympathize with the Reagan administration's viewpoint on El Salvador, they are astonished to see that country's problems elevated to such prominence and they are more intrigued at the moment by Mr. Brezhnev's remarks.

The French are pleased that the

The diplomatic sborthand is Soviet leader has picked up President Valery Giscard d'Estaing's earlier call for more confidencebuilding military measures in Western Europe and Russia all the way to the Ural Mountains as an effort to ease the risk of actual

> The Germans, some American officials believe, are almost certain to he lured by Mr. Brezhnev's talk of freezing tactical nuclear forces in Europe into reviving pressures on Washington to get moving with talks with Moscow on this topic.

#### New Paris Tax Deadline

tional Herald Tribune PARIS - The deadline for U.S. citizens living in France to file French tax returns has been pushed back one month to April 1, a Budget Ministry spokesman said on Wednesday. He described the move as similar to the extension last year, which stemmed from changes in U.S-French tax regula-

In late 1979, Mr. Schmidt, feeling pressure from leftists, made Soviet-U.S. talks on theater nuclear forces the political price of his accepting new Pershing II medi-um-range missiles and U.S.-made Cruise missiles on his territory starting in 1983. The Carter administration made one minimal pass at such talks with the Russians in October, but some German politicians want another attempt. "We may feel some urgency from them on this," a U.S. observ-

What some experienced Kremli-nologists fear is that Mr. Brezhnev is doing an end-run around the Reagan administration's tactics on El Salvador. By offering enticing talk and inducements on more central issues, they say, he is making it harder for the new administration to promote a sense of imperiled stern solidarity and to gear the NATO allies up for higher defense spending. In the round of European visits now under way, the administration will be out to offset

# **Brezhnev Speech Startles Observers**

the year, in the prediction of

Khrushchev, when the standard of

living in the Soviet Union would

surpass that in the West Nothing of the sort has happened; food

supplies are worse than they were

three years ago, and the range and

(Continued from Page 1)

and the Americans, but it is still a very welcome statement from our viewpoint." The speech was also a response

to domesuc imperatives. This is

quality of consumer goods have improved little. Public grumbling Rectifying the situation will be difficult at best, given the rigidity

of the hureaucracy. But it would seem impossible if the Kremlin felt compelled to undertake yet another armaments program.

It is in this context that the belli-

cosity of some statements in Washington has caused distress here and has made the achievement of a new nuclear arms limitation treaty seem even more important. "They won't go broke without a new SALT treaty," a Communist from the Third World said, "but they won't be able to deliver what

they feel they must deliver to the average Soviet citizen.' Mr. Brezhnev himself, in com-

menting on the economic prob-lems of the Soviet Union and its

#### "Complicated Conditions"

"Our countries are having to deal with their constructive tasks in more complicated conditions. The deterioration of the world

economy and spiraling prices are making themselves felt. The slowing of the detente process and the arms race imposed by the imperialist powers are no small burden for

It was a moment of candor. Mr. Brezhnev must also have been aware that many party members, including lower-level officials, have been anxious about the acrimony between Washington and Moscow since Mr. Reagan took office. Even to Western friends, such people have begun to express worry that perhaps the two counties are drifting toward war. Things seem to them to be getting

out of control. In a sense then, Mr. Brezhnev appears to have spoken from a po-sition of strategic weakness and vulnerability. But he also spoke from a position of formidable military strength; he could have cho-sen the occasion for a display of

It was the emphasis on dialogue that caught the attention of diplomats here and politicians in the West and prompted them to take the speech more seriously than they took, for example, Mr. Bre-zhnev's proposals on the Guif in a speech in New Delhi last year.

The summit proposal may have been primarily a device to drama-tize the broader idea. If that is what it was, it has already fulfilled

# Galileo Called Copier of Ideas April 1

#### Scholar Says Notes Based on Roman Professor

By Philip J. Hilts

Westungton Past Service
WASHINGTON — Galileo Galilei, the 16thcentury scientist whose work has been called the foundation of modern science, apparently copied many of his ideas almost verbatim from another scholar, according to a researcher at the Catholic

University.
The Rev. William Wallace, a Dominican priest who has studied Galileo's manuscripts for the past 15 years, writes that he has found that all three of Galileo's most important notebooks show "considerable evidence of copying, or at least of being based on other sources .... Practically all of this material ... derives from textbooks and lecture notes that were being used at the Collegio Romano." a Roman university Galileo visited.

"Today, people would call it plagiarism." Fa-ther Wallace said. "But at the time, everybody did it - people then felt that ideas, when they were shown to be right, were automatically the property "People were flattered to have their class note

used by another instructor. I'm not saying Galileo was not the 'father' of modern science, just that there was a grandfather, too. What I'm holding is that the Scientific Revolution emerged gradually from the Middle Ages."

Galileo's University of Padua was far too con-

servative for such progressive ideas as experimen tal science and a physics based on mathematics but the famous Jesuit Collegio Romano was mor

Only four sets of lecture notes remain from the Collegio Romano of the late 16th century, but a

are very similar to Galileo's notebooks. Father Wallace has compared the Latin text c those notes to Galileo's notes and later books an found strong similarities of the ideas: in some car es sentences copied verbatim and in other case passages with the same idea were italicized in eac

He said he believes that Galileo and the for students copied the lecture notes of a professor : the Collegio Romano, possibly the Jesuit Pat Valla. Galileo then wrote them into his own les ture notes when he began teaching at the Univers

The work at the Collegio Romano, according to Father Wallace, established the foundation of mathematical physics and foresaw the possibility. of doing experiments to test it, as well as what it obstacles were. Galileo (1564-1642) is famous i large part because be gave physics a base in mail ematics and carried out experiments in such are: as the trajectories of moving objects and who they implied about physical law.

Father Wallace is to publish his ideas in a boc of essays due out later this year.

# Cortes Approves Calvo Sotelo as Premie

(Continued from Page 1)

Antonio Tejero Molina, an ultra-right Civil Guard officer, led the rebels into the parliament, be insisted that he would only negotiate with Gen. Armada.

According to some accounts, the general, feeling that the coup might succeed, saw himself as the possible leader of a military government, and attempted to per-suade the king to throw his lot in with the soldiers. The king is said to have resolutely refused, while concentrating his efforts on rallying other commanders and ensur-ing that an armored division headquartered outside Madrid did not move on the capital.

cers in the division, located at Brunete, are known to be loyal to

#### **Israel Discloses** Arab Arrests in Lower Galilee

Wesinington Post Service JERUSALEM - Israeli security forces disclosed Wednesday night that they have broken up a major Arah resistance movement in the lower Galilee, arresting scores of Israeli Arabs linked to a fundamentalist Moslem organization.

Sources said about 60 Israeli Arahs belonging to a guerrilla organization called the "Family of Jihad" have been arrested and charged with conspiracy to conduct guerrilla operations in collaboration with el-Fatah, the largest group in the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Some of the suspects have al-ready been arraigned before a miliformally charged next week. The sources said that the arrests have been made over several weeks, but censorship prevented disclosure of the raids until the court appear-

The Family of Jihad, sources said, is closely allied with the Moslem Brotherhood movement in Israel. which is patterned on groups in Egypt and Syria and is based in the lower Galilee town of Umm el Fahm, south of Nazareth.

Gen. Milans dei Bosch, who com-manded it before being shifted to Valencia. Another general, who had served with Gen. Milans del Bosch, suddenly arrived from his post in Galicia in an attempt to get the division to march on Madrid. according to generally reliable Spanish informants. But other junior officers at Brunete heeded the king's orders and refused to move.

But, before dawn on Tuesday, Maj. Ricardo Pardo Zancada, an officer attached to the army's general staff, led 13 vehicles and about 100 men from Brunete to the parliament, where they joined the rebel Civil Guardsmen inside.

Gen. Milans del Bosch, who gally clamped a state of exceron the Valencia region, was a ed after he flew to Madrid 7 day for "repeated disobedies according to a government s

The major was arrested after plot collapsed, as were a mu

along with about 15 Civil G:

of other officers from the div.

ment. There were unconfirme ports that some officers in Zar za, Valladolid and Seville n have initially sympathized with rebels. Officers arrested after failed coup face possible preterms of as long as 30 years.

# A number of conservative offi- King Is Key Institution In Spain's Young Regime

(Continued from Page 1) er than the military in other West

European countries. A majority of the officer class has a strong distaste for the goverument's efforts to grant a mea-sure of antonomy to Spanish prov-inces like Catalonia and the Basque country. The most rightist officers have argued that such separatism constitutes enough of a threat to the nation's sovereignty to require military intervention. The government's failure to stamp out Basque terrorism, often directed against the armed forces and Civil Guard, has also encouraged officers to argue that a hard-line military government is necessary.

#### King's Authority

Throughout the autonomy process, King Juan Carlos has been forced to come to the government's aid and calm sentiments in the military. The king's authority over even the most rightist officers is based partly on the fact that Franco picked him as his successor and partly on the friendships that the monarch made with officers during his years of military service.

The government under Mr. Calvo Sotelo could conceivably gather enough prestige in its own right and eventually lean less heavily on the king in times of crisis.

But the bleak economic situation of the country will make it difficult for any government to enjoy the kind of widespread popular

support that would discourage coup sentiments among extren

military officers. Felipe Gonzalez, leader of Socialists, has called on Mr. C: Sotelo to form a grand coalit with the left to assure the gove ment of enough political statum dissuade any military plotters. it is difficult to envision left and conservatives agreeing on economic program. Mr. Ca Sotelo has already announced the be intends to combat the 18-p cent annual inflation rate and I percent unemployment rate by ca ting public spending and stimul ing private investment. Ar predictably, his program t drawn fire from the Socialists a Communists who maintain the favors business over labor.

#### Russians Said to Ai-Libvan Force in Ch

PARIS - Military technicis from the Soviet Union have joi East German experts in Chad are working mainly on Soviet-I aircraft used by the Libyan fc there, informed sources in I

said Wednesday. The sources added that the byan force had grown to bety 7,000 and 10,000 troops since ident Goukouni Queddei defe rebel forces last December wit byan support.

# **WORLD NEWS BRIEFS**

#### **Creditors Seek** Short-Term Aid On Polish Debt

PARIS - Officials from many of Poland's creditor nations in the West recommended Wednesday that their governments provide ur-gent short-term aid to help Warsaw deal with its buge external debts, a communique said.

The communique which followed a three-day meeting of Finance Ministry experts from 15 Western countries, gave no figures for the recommended aid but said the group would meet again in ear-

ly April.

Officials said the talks concentrated on financial assistance for Poland up to June 30, by which time it is hoped a longer-term res-cheduling of Warsaw's debt can be completed. They said Poland may need up to \$10 billion in new loans from the West this year, bringing the country's Western deht to more than \$25 billion by the end

The communique, issued by Treasury director Jean-Yves Haberer, who chaired the session, said a Polish delegation took part in the talks. The communique noted that Poland and Western commercial banks were working on an arrangement for debts not covered by government guaran-

#### Chun Wins Vote To 7-Year Term

United Press Internat SEOUL - President Chun Doo Hwan was elected to a full sevenvear term in office Wednesday, receiving over 90 percent of the votes cast in indirect elections. He will be formally inaugurated March 3.

The final tabulation gave Mr. Chun 4,755 of the 5,271 votes cast by the electoral college, made up of delegates chosen Feb. 11 in direct elections that barred any other prominent politicians from run-

ning. Mr. Chun'a victory was never in doubt because his Democratic Justice Party held 3,675 seats in the electoral college. In addition, many of the 1,123 independent delegates had pledged their votes to the former general.

#### Stolen Machine Gun Seized in Belfast Raid The Associated Press

BELFAST - British troops raided the predominantly Catholic Springfield quarter of Belfast early Wednesday, capturing an M-60 machine gun — stolen from a U.S. arms depot near Boston in 1976 and an undisclosed quantity of ammunition, police reported. One

man was beld for questioning. Police also reported that four numen belonging to the Irisb Re-publican Army's Provisional Wing-ijacked a car, loaded it with milk churns packed with explosives and forced the owner to drive it to the Clougher police station. Police said the driver alerted officers of the car's cargo and the station was evacuated before the explosion. They said there were no casualnes.

#### Sale of Subs to Draw Chinese 'Reactions'

United Press Internati PEKING — China said Wednes-day that it "will have to make further reactions" against the Nether-lands within days for its "extraordinary and most rude" decision to proceed with the sale of two submarines to Taiwan.

When the Dutch first announced the submarine sale. China said it would downgrade diplomatic relations from ambassadorial to

the charge d'affaires level. A indicating the action was delito the Dutch Embassy in Peki January, requesting discuss The note, bowever, did not cate what "further reactions" na contemplated.

#### Australia Assignme For Charles Is Deni

The Associated Press LONDON - Buckingham ace Wednesday dismisser "speculation" a report that ( Elizabeth II will make her Prince Charles, governor-ge of Australia after be marries Diana Spencer in July. A palace spokesman "Australia already has a gove

#### is 61-year-old Sir Zelman Cos 40% Increase Is Se For West Bank Jes

general who has been in offic

only a relatively sbort period

TEL AVIV - The Jewish lation of the occupied West will be expanded by over 44 cent this year in an intensiv election settlement drive by Minister Menachem Begin's ernment, a top official

Wednesday. Mattityahn Drobless, bethe settlement department of World Zionist Organization that by the summer an addi 8,000 Jews would settle in the Bank, raising the total Jewish ulation there to 26,500. Whe Begin's Likud coalition, wh now facing general elections 30, came to power in May, there were 5,500 Jews living region captured from Jord 1967.

#### Irish Aide Visits Bon

BONN — Irish Foreign M Brian Lenihan arrived Weds for talks with his West G counterpart, Hans-Die





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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1981

# Based on Roman Sun-Belt to Get Increased Aid Tomanse of Older U.S. Citie t Expense of Older U.S. Cities

By Dan Balz

Washington Post Service

JSTIN, Texas — The Reagan
mistration is moving swiftly to
ace the philosophy of a conasial presidential commission
at issued last mouth that said
mal policy should not be denal policy snown and declining d to protect the declining mines of the Northeast and

at report, by the urban panel ce President's Commission for National Agenda for the ies, was disavowed by former dent Jimmy Carter and By criticized by politicians ghout the country for its sugary that the nation agent the m that the nation accept the able decline of older cities in Northeast and Midwest and ntrate its policies on helping

t in its first month, the adopted that philosophy gh its budget, tax and regularizations. By shrinking the role U.S. government and putpore reliance on the natural at work in the economy, the program is providing addi-

n program is providing addi-stimulation to the already ing Sun Belt while reducing mating programs that have

cushioned the economic decline in the industrial heartland.

There is no suggestion that the Reagan administration consciously set out to adopt policies that would favor one region over amother, but the strong free market bias of Mr. Reagan, his budget director David A. Stockman and the Western consciousness of other administration officials, is likely in do just that:

West in support the growing population will provide U.S. subsidies for one of the Sun Belt's most critical long-range problems, even during a time of budget austerity nationally.

The administration's proposed changes in unemployment insurance and trade adjustment assistance, programs that now are greatly beneficial in Northern states whose economies were built

 Mr. Reagan's proposed budget cuts — from the elimination of public service jobs to the cap on Medicaid — will fall most heavily on Northern states and cities, which have become increasingly dependent on U.S. grants.

The administration's pro-

posed increases in defense spending will be distributed more to the South and West, where there is a greater concentration of military bases and aerospace and electronics firms, than in the North and Midwest.

• The action to decontrol oil prices and the planned deregula-tion of natural gas will further stimulate the economies of the energy producing regions and drain more money away from energy

A commitment by Interior Secretary James G. Wait to devel-op additional water projects in the

# tes Conditionally Back Sagan's Cuts in Budget

Bv Adam Clymer New York Times Service

SHINGTON — The nation's ors have endorsed President
n's proposed budget cuts,
condition that states are
time to adjust, the poor are ted and tax burdens are not to states and localities.

National Governors Associ-promised Tuesday to work The administration and Con-Items administration and Conm the budget, asserting that
governments are prepared

Olimport the responsibilities of refederalism."

pokesman for Mr. Reagan

and the declaration which,

its qualifications, can be

ith Congress as evidence of

a 36-2 vote, the governors d a resolution proclaiming concern about the high in-

high unemployment' and - oductivity that afflict the naeconomy." Subject to vari-nditions, they said that they

#### = = Republican Complaints

ie language was too vague, had been softened repeatedwin maximum Democratic L In the end, the only "no" vere cast by two Democrats, William A. O'Neill of Conit and Gov. Joseph E. Bren-

Maine.
Maine.
Hugh L. Carey of New it critic at the governors' House meeting on Monday.
Tore the session on Tuesday inceting with legislative lead Albany. He said there that ild have cast a "negative ab- support, too.

stention" because the statement

was too general. Gov. O'Neill said that he opposed the resolution because the Reagan budget would cost Con-necticut \$109 million in federal aid for "worthwhile programs."

The stance of Gov. Brendan T. Byrne of New Jersey was more typical of the Democrats assembled in Washington. He explained his vote, saying that it did not constitute an endorsement of cuts in school lunch programs, in Medicaid or in the jobs provided by the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act. Then he voted for the resolution.

#### Association Rules

The Democrats' ability to win changes in the resolution resulted from the association's rules, which required a three-fourths vote for the adoption of a resolution.

Gov. Edmand G. Brown Jr. of California insisted at a Democratic breakfast on Tuesday morning that the Democrats had to guard against shifting the tax burden down, as he said Mr. Reagan had o. Republicans complained The Republicans, and those Demic language was too vague, ocrats who had already agreed to a draft, accepted that change.

> The resolution, as finally passed, enabled the association's leadership to help the administration on Capitol Hill, as it seems eager to do. But the qualifications — on the poor, on tax burdens and on the importance of making sure that states have more flexibility to reshape programs as soon as they must deal with budget cuts — give both the association and individual governors leeway to withhold

posed changes in unemployment insurance and trade adjustment assistance, programs that now are greatly beneficial in Northern states whose economies were built on basic industries like autos and steel, will force workers to accept new jobs more rapidly and might encourage migration to economically healthy regions of the coun-

#### Transfer of Wealth

In political terms, Mr. Reagan's program represents a likely further transfer of wealth to the already prospering regions that formed his political base in 1980 at the expense of traditionally Democratic turf; and they could reignite re-gional warfare. The coming debate in Congress over Mr. Reagan's proposed budget cuts will include

a struggle over where the smaller U.S. pie should be distributed.
"The nation is suffering unequally to begin with," said Rep. Thomas J. Downey, co-chairman of the budget task force of the Northeast-Midwest Congressional Coalition. "Asking for across-theboard budget cuts means those re-gions are going to suffer more. So I think there will be regional battles. A lot of the [Democratic] leader-ship seems to have rolled over on these cuts, but the rank and file

will put up stiff opposition."
The coalition, an organization of more than 200 members of Con-gress, analyzed Mr. Reagan's budget cuts and found, not surprisingly, that the industrial heart-land will bear the heaviest burden in the Republican's war against

We found that the categorical programs that are going to be cut back are going to hurt distressed areas," said press spokesman Andy Lang. He cited the climination of the Economic Development Administration and the consolidation of the urban development action grant program into a block grant as just two examples.

Bernard Weinstein, a professor

at the University of Texas at Dallas, disagrees that there is a regional bias in Mr. Reagan's economic program. "I think it's going to be pretty evenhanded," he said. "Some of the folks up North will argue differently, but that's proba-bly a reflection of the fact that many Northeastern states have been feeding at the federal trough for so long and capitalized on every federal program available."

Over the years, U.S. programs have had dramatic effects on re-gional growth; the construction of the interstate highway system and the development of buge water projects are just two examples of programs that have benefited the Sun Belt. But in the last five years, in part because of the documenta-tion that the Northeast and Mid-west have sent Washington far more money than they have gotten back, there has been a concerted effort to correct that imbalance.
Many grant programs enacted in recent years have distribution formulas that favor "distressed" areas, meaning older industrial cit-



Jean Harris, escorted by police, arrived at the penitentiary in Valhalia, N.Y., Tuesday night after being convicted of murder.

## Jean Harris Is Convicted In Killing of Diet Doctor

By James Feron

New York Times Service WHITE PLAINS, N.Y. - Jean S. Harris has been convicted of murder in the second degree in the multiple shooting death of her companion and lover for 14 years, Dr. Herman Tarnower, Judge Rus-sell R. Leggett set March 20 for

The 57-year-old former school headmistress took Tuesday's verdict calmly. Two lawyers at the defense table burst into tears but she showed no emotion, watching as each juror was polled. "I can't sit in jail," Mrs. Harris said to one of

her attorneys.

Free on bail since soon after the March 10 shooting, Mrs. Harris was immediately remanded to cus-tody by Judge Leggett before she was escorted out of the Westchester County Courthouse and taken in the women's unit of the county jail at Valhalla.

Mrs. Harris, saying she will not live "like an animal in a case." started a hunger strike in her jail cell Wednesday in a bid to commit suicide, officials said. County Correction Commissioner Albert Gray said she was refusing to eat and would not accept visits from her

The penalties for second-degree murder range from a minimum of to life in prison. She was also said she could remember neither found guilty of two counts of criminal possession of a weapon.

#### Noted Cardiologist

She had testified in the 64-day trial that the 69-year-old physician who was a noted cardiologist and author of "The Complete Scars-dale Medical Diet," died in a struggle over the gun she intended for her suicide, but the jury of eight women and four men decided otherwise after nearly 48 hours of deliberations over an eight-day

They found ber guilty of the most serious of three possible bomicide charges, agreeing finally that she had "intentionally" murdered the doctor. The prosecutor, George Bolen, contended that Mrs. Harris had shot Dr. Tarnower in a jealous rage over her rival for his affections, Lynne Tryforos, 38, his administrative as-

Joel Auraou, Mrs. Harris' lawyer, said in a news conference that "I think there were errors at the trial that will merit an appeal."

"I think there were errors at the trial that will merit an appeal"

The verdict brought to an end one of the most sensational murder trials in local history. The most

The Britons were transferred der trials in local history. The most compelling aspect was Mrs. Harris herself, an articulate and fiercely independent woman whose declarations of affection for the doctor she was accused of murdering, and her scorn for Mrs. Tryforos, her rival, added melodrama in the trial.

#### House Manager's Call

Her life went on the public record on March 10, at 10:56 p.m. with a frenzied telephone call in the White Plains Police Department. The call came from Suzanne van der Vreken, the doctor's house manager for 16 years, who lived on his six-acre estate at Purchase, N.Y., with her husband, Henri, the

estate manager. Dr. Tarnower was seeking assistance because he had just been shot in the hand, attempting to prevent what Mrs. Harris said was her first of several attempts to shoot her-

According to her account, she was deeply depressed over her role as the top administrator of the Ma-deira School for Girls in McLean, Va. The school's board of directors was seeking her ouster.

Mrs. Harris had run out of Desoxyn, an amphetamine Dr. Tar-nower had been prescribing, and she had called him asking for more. But the prosecution noted that Mrs. Harris was upset about a more personal matter, her fading relationship with the doctor.

A despondent Mrs. Harris had composed a will and written final notes to family members and colleagues. She then drove to the doctor's home for "a few quiet min-utes with Hy, for me to feel safe again," before what she said would be her smelde.

#### Carried Revolver

Mrs. Harris said the doctor knew she was coming, but the house was dark and he was asleep when she arrived at about 10:30 p.m. The front door was locked, so she used the garage entrance. She was carrying daisies in one hand and her pocketbook, containing a

loaded .32-caliber revolver, in the

She said Dr. Tarnower woke up and appeared to be annoyed. When she found articles of clothing intended for a vacation the younger woman was about to take with the doctor, Mrs. Harris said she became angry and began to throw things, and Dr. Tarnower struck ber. She took out the revolver and pulled the trigger, but she said Dr. Tarnower "pushed my hand down.

"Then the gun exploded," she testified. "Hy jumped back. He held up his hand. It was bleeding. 'Iesus Christ, look what you did,' he said. I wasn't aiming the gum at Hy, and he was the one who was

She said she put the gun to her head again, but the doctor lunged across his bed to grab her wrist. The gun fell. He picked it up, put it in his lap and buzzed for the van der Vrekens. Mrs. Harris said she then reached for the gun and he dropped the telephone, which he was now holding, to stop her for a third time.

But the doctor had been hit, possibly in the upper right arm, she said later. He also suffered a wound in the right rear shoulder, with the bullet coarsing down to fracture three ribs and cause the 15 years to a maximum of 25 years fatal internal injuries. Mrs. Harris that shot nor the one to the chest that the defense insisted was a sep-

TEHRAN — A last-minute hitch

prevented the departure Wednes-day of three British Anglican mis-

sionaries who were due to fly to freedom after being cleared of sus-

picion of espionage.

The three Britons, missionary doctors John and Audrey Coleman and secretary Jean Waddell, were taken to Tehran airport from government.

ernment custody in the morning and smiled and chatted as they en-

tered the terminal building and began to go through exit formalities.
But the Paris-bound airliner that was to take them out of Iran after

six months in captivity left without

problem is, but they were prevent-

from prisons to a government hostel a few days ago after being cleared of suspected espionage.

They were arrested last August.
"As far as we are concerned,

their travel documents were in or-der," the embassy spokesman said. "We are trying to establish what

went wrong."
Sixteen days ago, U.S. free-lance journalist Cynthia Dwyer was

turned back by airport officials just before she was in leave Iran on scheduled flight after being re-

Wisconsin Law

Is Struck Down

United Press International

WASHINGTON - The Su-

preme Court Wednesday struck down Wisconsin's open presiden-tial primary law, which allows "crossover" voting by nonparty

The court, ruling 6-3, held the Democratic National Party enjoys a constitutionally protected right of political association under the

First Amendment, and may ex-clude Republicans and independ-ents from voting in its primary.

Three other states — Michigan Montana, and Idaho — have open

primaries to select delegates to the Republican and Democratic na-

Writing for the court, Justice Potter Stewart said, "Members of the national party, speaking through their rules, chose to define

their associational rights by limit-

ing those who could participate in

the processes leading to the selec-tion of delegates to their national convention."

The six-member majority reject-

ed Wisconsin's arguments that its open primary was necessary to preserve the "overall integrity" of the electoral process.

tional conventions.

members.

On Primaries

#### Is Taken Up By Congress By Caroline Arkinson

Tax Package

WASHINGTON — Congress has officially started work on the Reagan administration tax bill with House Democrats ridiculing as "jelly bean talk" and "halluci-nogenic" the economic improvements promised by the administra-

Members of the House Ways and Means Committee also demanded in know how much the administration's projected second tax bill would cost. Treasury Secre-tary Donald T. Regan testified that he "had no idea."

Committee Chairman Dan Ros-tenkowski, D-III., promised that the final tax bill would be "our product," indicating that there would be amendments in Mr.

Reagan's proposed cuts in individ-nal and business tax cuts.

The tax bill should not be passed before spending ents, Rep. Rostenkowski also said. He refused to say how the two should be linked. He opposes tying the tax bill directly to spending through the congressional budget process, but sources said that there were several ways to keep the tax bill off the House floor until spending was

Meanwhile, Republican and Democratic leaders of the Senate Democratic seasons of the Schale Budget Committee introduced the legislative vehicle by which Mr. Reagan will try to save \$125.9 billion in federal outlays over the next three years, including \$41.4 billion in fiscal 1982.

But both Committee Chairman Pete V. Domenici, R-N.M., and Sen. Ernest F. Hollings, D-S.C., the committee's ranking minority member, warned that changes will be made in Mr. Reagan's budgetcutting program.

"In a few areas, such as child nutrition," Sen. Hollings said, "the president may achieve false econo-mies by taking a short-term budget cut that ends up costing this nation

# Patricia Hearst Asks

Review of Conviction

United Press International

WASHINGTON — Patricia
Hearst has asked the Supreme Court to overturn her bank robbery conviction, claiming that her attorney's contract for a book on the case deprived her of effective

In court papers filed Tuesday, Miss Hearst charged that lawyer F. Lee Bailey made a number of legal moves that were directed more toward helping his book than her defense. The newspaper heiress was convicted in 1976 of the 1974 robbery of a branch bank in San Francisco with other members of the radical Symbionese Liberation

3 Freed Britons Stopped at Iran Airport

was later allowed to leave.
Diplomatic sources said that after the three Britons had gone

through passport control they were

stopped by an Iranian who said he was a member of the premier's off-

ice. He had asked the three not to

leased from prison. Mrs. Dwyer, are no flights to Europe until Fri-who was convicted of espionage, day.

board the waiting airliner, but to comment on the hitch and wait for a few hours and take the next aircraft out. However, there headed.

#### Reagan Praises Vietnam Veterans For Bravery and Humanitarianism

Los Angeles Times Service WASHINGTON — President Reagan praised veterans of the Vietnam War for both bravery and humanitarianism, saying "they came home without a victory because they had been denied permission ID Win."

mission in win."

The president made his remarks Tuesday in presenting the Medal of Honor to Roy Benavidez, a 45-year-old retired Army master sergeant, for heroism in Vietnam. The comment touched off loud applause from hundreds of military personnel and civilian employees of the Department of Defense, who had gathered in the Pentagon courtyard for the presentation ceremony.

"Several years ago," the president said, "we brought home a group of American fighting men who had obeyed their country's call and had fought as bravely and as well as any Americans in history.

After his comments, the president hung the gold Medal of Honor around Mr. Benavidez' neck, then put his arms around the

stocky former Green Beret soldier and hugged him.

Mr. Benavidez received the medal nearly 14 years after he saved
the lives of at least eight comrades, fighting off enemy soldiers

even though he was severely wounded several times.

Mr. Benavidez said that during the ceremony his thoughts had been about "my buddies, the ones left behind. I'm no hero. The heroes are the ones that are buried, and the ones lying in the VA hospitals, and the wives - my wife is the greatest hero of all."

continue to lay back?"

Budget director David A. Stockman also came in for some fierce

questioning Tuesday. Asked about how the poor would be hit by pro-

posed budget cuts, he said all the cuts would "cause some people to

believe that they've been adversely

Rep. Charies B. Rangel, D-N.Y., shot back that it was not just a matter of belief. If a person lost a

government-sponsored job, he or she truly would be affected.

Senate Confirms

Clark as Deputy.

To Haig, 70-24

Los Angeles Times Service

WASHINGTON — The Senate

has confirmed California Supreme Court Justice William P. Clark as

deputy secretary of state by a vote of 70 to 24, the largest number of

opposition votes thus far against

any of President Reagan's major

In a related matter, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee

overrode Democratic protests and

White House tapes made during Richard M. Nixon's presidency in-

volving Mr. Clark's new boss, Sec-

retary of State Alexander M. Haig

with Sen. Alan Cranston, D-Calif.

and Sen. Claiborne Pell, D-R.I.

joining nine Republicans to drop

the subpoena effort it began last

month, seeking a log of the tapes to determine if Mr. Haig, as Mr.

Nixon's chief of staff, was involved

in any misconduct. Mr. Haig has

The committee vote was 11-6,

bandoned its effort to subpoena

more in both human and monetary hard, and the laid-back folks will terms over the long run."
Scn. Domenici wants the spending cuts enacted by June 30, but the Democratic-controlled House anticipates taking until the August

congressional recess. In an angry exchange in Ways and Means, Mr. Regan was told

that the administration's economic assumptions were "hallucinogenic" by Rep. Thomas J. Downey, D-

Mr. Regan, clearly shaken, re-torted: "I resent that ... To call the treasury secretary of America ...," but was interrupted as Rep. Downey said, "You cannot cite one statistic one report one shard one statistic, one report, one shred of evidence" for the assertion that the economy will take off as people save and invest their tax cu

Earlier, Rep. I.J. Pickle, D-Tex., called it "jelly bean talk" to say that people would save and invest much more if the administration's tax proposals were enacted.

Mr. Regan maintained that the rate cuts proposed by the adminis-tration could spur \$70 billion of extra savings. He also told the pan-el that investment, which historically has been around 10 percent of the total economy, should rise to 15 percent or 18 percent of gross national product.

Many economists doubt the ad ministration view that tax cuts will make people work harder. "Isn't it more likely," Rep. Pickle asked Mr. Regan Tuesday, "that the ea-ger beaver will continue to work

#### Painting Recovered

FLORENCE, Italy — Police announced Wednesday the recovery of a painting, "Madonna With Jesus the Baby and St. John," by Italian 16th-century master Andrea Del Sarto, Solven Sunday from the nearby Galluzzo monast-

The three Anglicans, Swedish

Ambassador Goran Bundy and

Terry Waite, a special envoy of the archbishop of Canterbury, left the

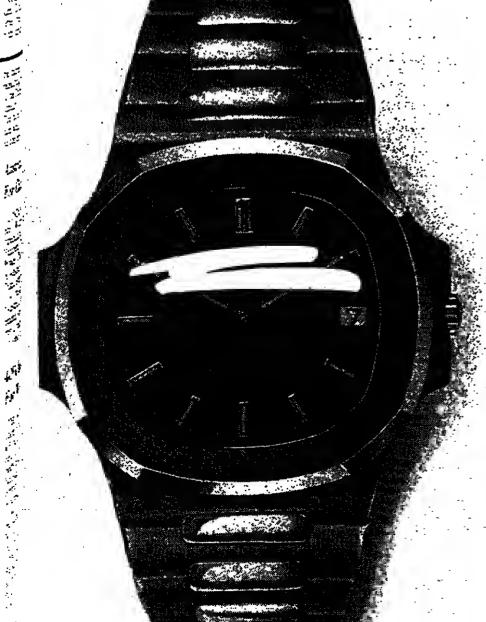
airport 3 hours and 45 minutes af-ter they had arrived.

Officials at the airport declined

denied any wrongdoing.

In three hours of desultory de-bate that preceded the full Senate vote on Mr. Clark, critics that his testimony before the Foreign Relations Committee last month showed him to be unquali-

"He was ill-advised to come up here and do his imitation of a clam," said Sen. John H. Glean, ciam," said Sen. John H. Gean, D-Ohio. And contending that Mr. Clark, 49, got the job only because he was a close friend of Mr. Reagan, Sen. Joseph R. Biden Jr., D-Del., said, "I'm not voting against him because he has the precess position on the issues but wrong position on the issues, but because he has no position on the





These three words do more

than identify one of the world's great watches.

They tell you that our Nautilus contains a movement which a skilled craftsman has taken two years to perfect.

Patek Philippe S.A., 41, rue du Rhône, CH-1204 Genève.

Page 4 Thursday, February 26, 1981 \*

# Spain Keeps Its Head

No one who knows anything about Spain thought it would be easy to purge the country of Francoism and make democracy work after five years of Republican chaos, three years of civil war and 36 years of dictatorship. The 18-hour coup attempt that failed this week is another example that the cleansing of the Spanish body politic still has a way to go before it is completed. It could not have been otherwise. Generalissimo Francisco Franco imposed his authoritarian will on all of Spain's political and economic institu-tions. The officer corps, the judiciary, the civil service and the powerful Spanish banking community are still packed deep with men wno. if not Franco loyalists, are at least the products of a Francoist system that worked

What is truly remarkable is that Spain has progressed so well for the five years since Franco died in November, 1975. That is a tribute first of all to the Spanish people, who have expressed themselves clearly and overwhelmingly in favor of democracy. But the leadership has also been extraordinary. and that holds true across the political spectrum. Without cooperation between political adversaries like Adolfo Suarez who has just stepped down as premier, the Socialist leader. Felipe Gonzalez, and Communist Party chief Santiago Carrillo. deterioration could have come quickly.

Perhaps the biggest surprise came at the very top. King Juan Carlos, as head of state. has proved an intelligent and resourceful court of last political resort. He commands the respect of the army, the politicians and the people. His courage, displayed recently before a hostile crowd in the Basque country and again this week in standing firmly

against the coup. bas won him admiration and confidence.

But Spain's troubles aren't over. Terrorism in the Basque provinces continues. Opposition to the separatists is growing, but a recent episode in which a suspected terrorist was allegedly tortured by police still wedded to Franco methods was a setback to that trend. There is still substantial opposition on the right to the policy of limited autonomy for Spain's various regions, which the Suarez government was implementing. The economy is in bad shape, with inflation at about 16 percent and unemployment at 12 percent and increasing. There is no better pool of talent for terrorism than the unemployed. And there is no majority political party to govern with a real mandate for change.

Given the challenges it has already withstood, it would be unfair to the Spaniards to say that their democracy is still fragile. But it would be equally unfair not to acknowledge that it continues to be threatened. Spain needs continued support from outside in the form of investment and a welcome into the European institutions it is seeking to join. It is to be hoped that the members of the EEC will do everything in their power to speed Spanish entry, and that if the new Spanish government decides to ask for NATO membership, which seems likely, that it will be welcomed.

The most important job, though, must be done at home. Unless the new leadership manages to get both terrorism and the economy under control, it will become one in a succession of short-term governments. What Spain needs now is stability. For the moment, the king seems the best bet to pro-

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.

# No Rush to the Summit

There was little remarkable in President Leonid Brezhnev's speech to the 26th Soviet Communist Party Congress. Mr. Brezhnev is no Lenin or Nikita Khrushchev. He doesn't break crockery. His hallmark is a tough, stolid. bureaucratic consistency. The underlying foreign policy theme of the Brezhnev era was reiterated in the speech along familiar lines. The Soviet Union is not only a superpower, it is a global power. "The Soviet Union is prepared to negotiate the Persian Gulf as an independent problem." Mr. Brezhnev offered somewhat gratuitously. And again, in calling for a summit meeting with President Reagan, Mr. Brezhnev said, "It is universally recognized that in many ways the international situation depends on the policy of the U.S.S.R. and the U.S.A." That, of course, is correct. But Moscow's need to assert its global reach is unnecessarily defensive and inconsistent with its position in the world, which all other nations recognize. If further assurance had been needed, one would have thought the Kremlin would have found it in Mr. Reagan's campaign rhetoric, in which he attributed virtually all of the world's problems to Soviet policies. And now the State Department has added substance to that view by giving top priority in the Middle East to halting what it terms the "deteriorating position of the West vis-a-vis the Soviet Union.

The Soviet president's comments on strategic arms control, Afghanistan, Poland, theater nuclear weapons, the neutron warhead and confidence-building measures were mostly standard fare. There are a couple of morsels to chew on, such as an offer to discuss limiting deployment of Soviet Typhoon and U.S. Trident submarines and extending to the Urals and possibly to the United States the area in which large-scale military maneuvers would be announced or monitored. But there is good precedent for assuming that whatever the Soviet Union has in mind, it will do a lot more for them than it will for the West,

Still to come is the considered Reagan response. In tone, at least, the Soviet Union has met the new U.S. administration's relative bellicosity with moderation. There is little danger that the Brezhnev speech will be mistaken in Washington for timidity. It will certainly get careful analysis, as promised by Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. and Mr. Reagan. The question is, though, which views of the Soviet Union will inform the debate surrounding the analysis and which outlook will prevail?

For the moment, the Reagan administration has a hard-line posture toward the Soviet Union, but it has no clear policy. That, of course, is reason enough to avoid a hasty rush to the summit. If Mr. Reagan concludes that a meeting with Mr. Brezhnev would be useful it ought to come no earlier than the fall, barring a major crisis. The president has shown that he understands that a timely reaction is required and that it should be preceded by consultation with allies. But it is not yet clear that he understands the virtues of a supple rather than a rigid response to the Soviet initiative.

For example, the Brezhnev speech contained the now ritual efforts to divide the United States from its Western European allies. In answering the Soviet president, Mr. Reagan should be careful to take account of the differences between U.S. and European interests with respect to the Soviet Union. It should also be sensitive to Soviet concerns about China. That is not meant in either case to suggest that the U.S. reply should not be tough; just that it should not carelessly kill off opportunities, no matter how unpromising they seem.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.

#### International Opinion

#### Attack in Madrid

. The coup attempt had been plotted by a group of crazy fellows and we express our strongest condemnation for their action ... A drastic change in Spain's politics is mandatory so that the country can regain order and peace ... In spite of that, it is clear that the madness showed by a group of civil guards — and apparently backed by some top army officers — will not only fail to solve anything but has put at the highest risk all what has been accomplished in five years of effort and sacrifice ...

- From ABC (Madrid).

A group of mad civil guards humiliated in a beastial way Cabinet ministers, political leaders and parliamentarians and staged a fresh and criminal attack against the sacred symbols of popular will and democracy.

Those responsible must be taken before a court-martial which should levy the highest possible sentences.

— From Diario-16 (Madrid).

It was a treacherous attempt against the Spanish people, a humiliation to dignity and matureness of one of the most ancient nations in the Western world as well as a violation of the Constitution approved by a popular referendum in December, 1978.

King Juan Carlos proved to be the most outspoken and admirable combatant in defense of the Constitution. The armed forces are to be praised for not supporting the coup attempt but the future of a Spain in liberty will be told by hours and days just ahead of

-From El Pais (Madrid).

#### In the International Edition

#### Seventy-Five Years Ago February 26, 1906

BERLIN — The German government bas received telegraphic communication from the German minister at Tangier that there is not a word of truth in the assertions of the French newspapers that he or the German consul have asked the Sultan to give the Germans an order for a wireless telegraphic apparatus, nor would they support such a request at the present juncture. In Berlin, the assertion that German officers are entering Morocco in disguise is considered too ridiculous for contradiction, whereas the French winking at the contraband trade in arms in Morocco is notorious.

#### Fifty Years Ago February 26, 1931

PARIS - One of the periodic attempts to marshal Communist forces throughout the world, by orders of the Moscow International, met with complete failure yesterday. Few men in the industrial centers obeyed the orders of the local Com-munist organizations to go on strike, while strong police forces prevented large gatherings in the big cities. The only serious incidents occurred in Leipzig, where three persons were killed and eight were seriously injured. The intention of the Moscow organizers was to take advantage of the present world depression to forment violence among the unemployed.

Statements such as, "There are things more important than peace," and "Detente is a one-way street," from Alexander M. Haig Jr. and President Reagan, should come as no surprise to anyone, especially Yuri Kornilov and William Pfaff (IHT, Feb. 5). Mr. Reagan's ideology from the start of his political career has been based upon something out of the 1950s, and to be surprised by such remarks is simply a matter of not having done one's bomework.

Just wait — more is yet to come!

ED COTTER

#### 'Security' and Seoul

Following a statement by a sen-ior U.S. State Department official "that military 'security,' not Gen. Chim Doo Hwan's domestic policy, is now the main concern in relations between the United States and South Korea" ("Security to Be Base of U.S.-S. Korean Tres," IHT, Feb.4), I would like to add that the domestic policies of this recently self-appointed Korean

president pose at least as much risk to this area of the Pacific Ocean as the border situation

International experience shows that the policy of suppression of freedom, of imprisoning all poten-tial political rivals more often than not ends in universal public discontent and consequently, the tyrant is deposed. Should this be the case in South Korea, what will be the fate of the U.S.-South Kore-an ties? It will be a very sad fate (despite our very high hopes).

Some people assume that the sit-nation in Iran is unique. Well, they are wrong. That kind of polifical mistrust may become very typical. Especially when one reads of Mr. Reagan's toast in honor of the South Korean strongman. Our president referred to the general's efforts "to strengthen the tradition of 5,000 years' [Korean] commi-ment to freedom" (and that with every South Korean political rival in prison!). One cannot but regret our short memory and complete inability to learn a lesson from the most recent events

EUGENE JAMES.

# Brezhnev and Reagan: 146 On Talking It Over

By James Reston

WASHINGTON — Secretary
of State Alexander M. Haig

Ir. said the United States was
very interested in the Societ United States was
very interested in the Societ United States was
very interested in the Societ United States was
very interested. Jr. said the United States was very interested in the Soviet Union's proposal for a Reagan-Brezhnev meeting and would study it "very, very carefully," but he sounded a little wary.

This is no invitation to a dance. The Reagan administration is simply not ready for such sudden di-plomacy. It is too new, too divided, too suspicious, and too preoc-cupied with its domestic economie recovery program to rush to the summit for a reappraisal of the de-teriorating relations with the Rus-

It hasn't even been able to persuade Jesse Helms, the conserva-tive senator from North Carolina, to allow it to organize the State Department. It has no ambassador in Moscow. It doesn't know yet how much cooperation it can ex-pect from Congress. And it is just beginning to talk to the leaders of the alliance.

#### Two Views

There are two quite different views within the administration about how to approach the Soviet Union. One is that the administration must first get its economic and defense budgets through Con-gress so that it can "negotiate from strength." A corollary of this is that the Soviet Union must agree to a "code of conduct," outlawing the use or threat of force in third countries, before entering into negotiations on the Middle East, the Gulf, missile force reduction and the limitation of nuclear arms.

The other view is that the arms

race, among other problems, may get out of control before Congress approves a stronger economic and defense policy and, besides, that the United States cannot get any agreement with the Russians with-

out talking to them about it.
The allies, particularly the
French and the West Germans. tend to agree with this latter view.
The British prime minister, Margaret Thatcher, now in Washington, may go along with those officials who believe Leonid Brezhnev is talking about "an active dialogue with the West" precisely because the Reagan administration has been taking a hard anti-Soviet line. But Paris and Bonn are not so

#### Bonn's Position

The French foreign minister, Jean Francois-Poncet, has been in Washington this week talking about new efforts to stop the de-But responsible legislators, par-ticularly those of the opposition, have the obligation to scrutinize cline into cold war oratory, and specifically urging the United States to talk to the Russians about ending all foreign interventional foreign interventions. carefully and at length anything billed as a "complete break" or a "new beginning" and hurdened with so many uncertain aspects, For the Democrats to abdicate that responsibility would be the most dangerous politics of all.

\$1981, The New York Times.

Next week, the West German foreign minister, Hans-Dietrich Genscher, will be in Washington, and his government, like the

define the issues for more form negotiations later on at the mi isterial level if not at a summ These views will eventually hav

some influence on the Reagan a ministration. For Washington not likely to get the cooperation the allies for larger defen budgets and a tougher anti-Sovi allied policy in Europe, the Gu and elsewhere if it rejects Mr. Bu zhnev's offer of a dialogue a world problems, which as they s

world problems, which as mey s it are more important than, for e ample, El Salvador.

Also, at least some of the maj allies differ with Washington their appraisal of the Soviet U ion's position in the world. Th agree about the menace of its mi tary buildup, but they seem me impressed by Moscow's politic and economic failures than Wa

As they see it, the Soviet Um is in trouble at home with a faili economy; m Asia with Chir Vietnam; m Poland with a cor terrevolution that may infect t: other Communist states of Easte Europe; in the Middle East, who it has been rejected in the per negotiations; and even in Afgha-stan, where it misjudged world action to its invasion. So may some of the allies think, the Ri sians don't need any more troul with Washington.

#### Mistake of Carter

This is not an argument for Reagan-Brezhnev summit meeti on the wide range of topics p posed by the Soviet leader. "I could understand bilateral ta-between the two major nucle powers on the limitation of stra gic arms," Mr. Francois-Pon said in Washington this week, "t we don't want any more U.S.-So et Yaltas to settle the affairs of t

When Zbigniew Brzezinski, tomer head of the National Sectity Council, left the White Hox he said, despite his anti-Comminist reputation, that one of the gr vest mistakes the Carter admin. tration made was that in four yea-President Carter had only one 's rious strategic discussion' wi Mr. Brezhnev.

That took place at the signing in the SALT-2 treaty in Vienna. June, 1979. "I don't think we exmade quite clear to them at the to what we regarded as our vital stri tegic interests until then," Mi Brzezinski added, "If we had, the might have been more careful is Africa and Afghanistan. I wish w had engaged them earlier in such

Mr. Haig may eventually come to a similar conclusion, but he's

certainly not there yet. 01981, The New York Times.

# **Extremes on Cambodia**

By George F. Will

William Shawcross' extremism was displayed in his book's ntle, "Sideshow: Kissinger, Nixon and the Destruction of Cambodia." Cambodian Communists killed perhaps 3 million of the 7 million Cambodians, and guess who "realwas to blame?

TUMBING

ALTERATIONS

'Mind If They Eat While You Work?'

Reagan's Tax-Cut Theory

By Tom Wicker

saving and investing and have be-come a spendthrift nation "con-

suming its own capital and living off its own savings," in budget director David Stockman's phrase.

Theory'

A set of figures released by the Department of Commerce late last

ry behind the theory." For one thing, the department discovered

that in its measurement of business

investment, it bad not been suffi-

ciently taking into account the modern tendency to lease rather than buy new equipment; for another, it found that the standards

it had been using in earlier invest-

ment surveys were too low.

As a result of the necessary revi-

sions, business investment in 1979

was reported as nearly 10 percent

higher than previously measured — up from \$253.9 to \$279.7 bil-

lion. By the new standards, invest-

ment was 6.1 percent higher on av-

erage in each of the last 10 years

than had been reported, and the

uct represented by investment was

higher in 1980 than it was in 1970.

that high interest rates had caused

small investors to move heavily

into money market funds and

high-yielding savings certificates.

So personal savings are also greater than Mr. Stockman and others

The revised Commerce Depart-

ment figures do not necessarily re-

fute the need for a tax bill aimed at

stimulating even more savings and investment. But they provide an-

other reason for misgivings about the Reagan tax bill and suggest

that it is far from irresponsible for

members of Congress - particu-

larly the Democrats who still con-

trol the House - to take plenty of

time to analyze the president's ad-

mittedly bold and innovative plan

Riding the Crest

claim made for Mr. Reagan's pro-

posals - that they represent a vir-

tually complete break with the past

than for careful consideration. The

president and his lieutenants, of

course, would like to pull every-

thing as neatly as possible into one

package, requiring only one vote; that would greatly increase the po-

argues less for burned passage

In fact, the most impressive

to reinvigorate the economy.

The revised report also found

ar calls into question that "theo-

NEW YORK — Most polin-cians, surely including Presi-saving and investing and have be-

few Republicans who agree with proportion of gross national prod-

1960 or 1950.

have suggested

dent Reagan, are well aware that God must love the common man, since he made so many of them. Yet the huge tax reduction the

president would phase in over the

next three years is heavily weight-

ed toward the upper tax brackets
— a striking reversal of tax-cutting

The Reagan tax cut would also give about 80 percent of the benefits to individuals, and only 20 per-

cent to corporations; however, there would be sharply liberalized

depreciation write-offs for busi-nesses investing in new plants and

Treasury Secretary Donald M.

Regan has succinctly explained the reasons for this kind of tax reduc-

tion: "What we're looking at here

for the first time is an income tax cut designed to stimulate savings

and investment, not consump-

A Recersal

that goal do not believe the

Reagan plan will reach it. Rep.

Henry Reuss of Wisconsin, for example, called it a "demand-side

cut in supply-side clothing" - one

that, contrary to its authors'

claims, would increase consump-

tion, hence inflation. This disa-

greement is the major reason Mr.

Reagan's tax-reduction proposals

have received a chillier response on

Capitol Hill than his budget-cut-

ting plans - another reversal of political norms.

Backers of the president's plan

contend that high-income persons

tend to invest and save more than

those of lesser means: thus, in this

view, a tax cut aimed at increasing

savings and investment should

benefit the individuals most likely

to use added income for those pur-

poses. But opponents' doubts were

not eased when Regan conceded to the Joint Economic Committee

that this contention was more

nearly a theory than evidence of a

As these opponents proceed with what are likely to be extensive

hearings on the Reagan tax cut,

they will also have an opportunity

to look into what might be called

"the theory behind the theory."
For the idea that the tax cut ought

to "stimulate savings and invest-

ment" - now widely accepted -

rests on still another theory, that

\_Letters-

More to Come

recognized economic model.

But many Democrats and not a

tradition.

equipment.

@ 1781 Chicago Sun-Times

litical difficulties of opposing "the

Under any circumstances, con-

structive opposition will not be

easy for congressional Democrats while Mr. Reagan is riding his ear-ly crest of popularity. No doubt they'll be accused of trying to

thwart the national will as ex-

pressed in the election; no doubt

impatient conservatives will say

they're clinging to outmoded liber-

president's program."

Now Peter Rodman, formerly of the National Security Council staff and currently an assistant to Henry Kissinger, has given nature an assist with the defense of the truth. He has demonstrated, in an article m the American Spectator, Mr. Shawcross' extraordinary, but explicable, misrepresentations.

Mr. Shawcross boasted of bas-ing his book on "thousands of pag-es" of classified documents. Mr. Rodman has examined a duplicate set of documents and has concluded that the "research" of Mr. Shawcross' produced "a compendium of errors, sleight of hand, and egregious selectivity; be has ed a mountain of evidence in his possession that contradicted his principal points."

#### Evidence Ignored?

Mr. Shawcross' points were that U.S. attacks on Communist sanc-tuaries near Cambodia's border with South Vietnam "destabilized" Cambodia by violating its neutrali-ty, drove the Communists deeper mto Cambodia, and then mto

genocidal derangement.
Mr. Rodman demonstrates that Mr. Shawcross ignored conclusive evidence that Cambodia's government sanctioned U.S. bombing. When the assistant dean of the Harvard Law School beard Prince Sihanouk say in a 1980 lecture wbat was known when Mr. Shawcross wrote — that Cambodia

WASHINGTON — Extremists in the debate that has riven our country for 10 years, Henry Kisson frature's mechanisms for protecting the truth from extremists.

Among the many Shawcross errors that Mr. Rodman notes is one regarding U.S. bombing targets. It is an error that should have been easily avoided, given the documents Mr. Shawcross had. It also is an error convenient to Mr. Shawcross' purpose of charging

Thesis And Mr. Rodman shows how Mr. Shawcross, for all his sup-posed attention to detail, mislaid

the month of April, 1970. In March, 1970, Prince Sihanouk told North Vietnam to leave the sanc-tuaries. North Vietnam's response was to invade the rest of Cambodia: On April 18, The New York Times published a map showing the Communists already in control of one-third of the country. Mr. Shawcross virtually ignores

April — the month that ended with the U.S.-South Vietnam invasion of the border sanctuaries . because it inconveniences his thesis that the invasion provoked the Communists to conquer Cambodia. Such Shawcross maneuvers served the thesis in this repugnant

passage:
"All wars are designed to arouse anger, and almost all soldiers are anger, and to dehumanize their enemy. Veterans of the combat zone are often possessed of a mad rage to destroy, and to avenge their fallen comrades. It does not always happen, however, that vic-torious armies have endured such punishment as was inflicted upon the Khmer Rouge. Nor does it always happen that such an immature and tiny force comes to power after its country's social order has been obbterated, and the nation approved U.S. actions — the assistant dean said, "It means that, former ally, its ancient enemy. In

Cambodia that did take place. the last eight years, degree, la moderation had been foreswor The war and the causes for whiit was fought had brought deso tion while nurturing and then g ing power to a little group zealors sustained by Maniche

As Mr. Rodman says, acic most soldiers have "endured punishment" but none before h murdered a third of their count men after the war was over. F thermore, U.S. bombing ended months before the Commun started building their mountain: skulls, ripping infants to bits, rying people up to their necks slow deaths.

#### 'Sin'

The Communists' sin, evider was to be "immature." Those resisted the conquest are to his for the conqueror's savagery. thesis of Mr. Shawcross is inte tually and morally akin to the sis that the Versailles Treaty, hence Lloyd George and Cler ceau deranged Germany and he they, not Hitler, were to hlame the Holocaust

"Sideshow" was seized by a Americans at home and abroad passionately as life preservers: seized by drowning swimmer was supposed to save their sens moral superiority. They had culed the "domino theory" and warnings that a bloodbath w. follow the fall of the domin The dominoes (South Vietz Laos, Cambodia) fell, and bloodbath far exceeded even nightmares of those who had warmly welcomed as alibis us are by people much in nee them. And it is not really more reputable than the political res ing and activities that led to

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Publisher

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# Herald-A. Tribune

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Stephen Klaidman

Lee W. Huebner

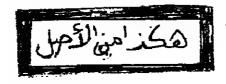
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# INTERNATIONAL

Page 5 Thursday, February 26, 1981

# tockman: Wielding the Reagan Mandate

lirector of the Office of Management and 1, David A. Stockman is President t, David A. Stockman is rresident in s principal tax and spending surgeoniday, Edward Cowan, a reporter in the ington Bureau of The New York Times, with Mr. Stockman in Washington about of the political and economic facets of the and tax cuts the president proposed last Excerpts of their discussion follow.

As a former representative, you know he lawmaker's propensity for avoiding ng the voters dislike. What makes you that Congress will rise to the president's

nge?

The, the economic crisis is far more critin it has ever been. And there was a pretr mandate last fall. The American public a pretty decisive change. Second, there wer really been an attempt to slay sacred a an across-the-board basis. The typical was, "It's unfair to cut my district beneny favorite program because you're not it to the others." In this case, that justifiwon't wash.

inbers who have been the leading advoof certain programs probably won't their positions. [But] ultimately the m will be decided by the majority, and iority understands that now there is an-isk — of being perceived by the voters copposition to the president's spending

the hope for passage in reviving the old rat-Republican coalition? he idea essentially is to package some of for budget savings items in some kind of . iliation bill [a single bill that changes entitlements or other spending now automati-cally set by law. On a large bill that's well-balanced in terms of its impact on different constituencies, [the president] would probably have the votes in the House, and most certain-

Q. What do you have to achieve, and by when, to persuade the financial markets and Congress itself that this politically ambitious

undertaking is going to succeed?

A. The reconciliation bill obviously won't include our entire budget reform package. Block grant consolidations couldn't conceivably be done in [that] process. But many of the entitle-ment changes, [such as] the food stamp changes and extended unemployment benefits, could easily be handled, as could many of the appropriations reductions, for energy pro-

grams and job creation programs and so on.

The critical path would be to see movement on reconciliation during the next couple of months, and to have a smal resolution by late spring or early summer.

Q. What's the timetable on a tax bill? The proposed July 1 effective date would seem to imply enactment by late May. How does that relate to the timing on the budget?

A. They're not locked together mechanical-

ly, in the sense that they pass in the same week. We're looking at the first half of this year for action to be completed.

Q. Right up to Inauguration Day you were repeating the president's campaign promise that the budget for the current fiscal year could be cut by 2 percent. But in fact much less than the \$13 billion that would be equivalent to 2 percent was cut. Why didn't you

A. f think we have. We've achieved nearly a 2 percent reduction in the first round and we'll make some additional reduction proposals in

the fully revised fiscal '82 budget on March 10. How much savings you get over the next seven or eight months is entirely a function of how quickly the Congress acts and [of how spending removed from the pipeline translates into cash savings. Much of it will occur right before the end of the fiscal year or after. So to some degree the savings occur in fiscal year

Q. Well, you said, repeatedly, 2 percent in

A. I don't know that I ever said that, but if I did, I should have said budget authority appropriations or entitlements. Ther's the only practical thing to do.

Q. Among the tax measures the president said he would defer for a second bill was mitton tax credits. Why is an administration which is trying to cut spending and cut commitments to future spending talking about something that looks as if it would be an opended drain on the Treatment. ended drain on the Treasury?

A. I don't consider tax credits in the same category as spending. Tax credits are available to a wide constituency that can use them as a

matter of their own choice. O. But don't tax credits violate the very principle you have been hammering at - that the government should give up money only to belp the truly needy? Credits go to anybody,

regardless of income and need. A. Well, I suppose you could raise that inconsistency, if you want to call it that. We sure. We see [tuition] tax credits as a way of encouraging diversity and pluralism, since the government is so heavily supporting—directly through expenditures—the public education

Q. Why wasn't indexing of income brackets that would prevent people from automatically being lifted into higher brackets by wage inflation?

A. That will be far less necessary if our economic plan is implemented and the effects that we're projecting for the economy occur. By the time the [personal tax] reductions are fully ef-fective, inflation in '84 and '85 [would be] falling below 5 percent. Secondly, we recognize that it will be a very tough task politically to get the inuitial package through. A basic decision was made not to load on any additional baggage that might interfere with that.

Q. Generally, the president is proposing what could be described as a radical, but certainly is an unconventional, approach. Isn't cutting taxes deeply at a time of deeply imbed-ded, high inflation of 10 percent also a rather high-risk approach? Suppose it doesn't work? Will we end up with 15 or 20 percent inflation?

A. Absolutely not. I can't for the life of me understand how people conclude that cutting taxes — thereby restoring incentives, leaving more of the income produced by firms and the income produced by firms and the income produced by the same people in the same individuals in their own hands - is inflation-

Q. Many economists think it's inflationary. A. Well, the economists have been wrong in the past and I think they're wrong now.



David A. Stockman ... During his Senate confirmation hearings in January

# A Blueprint for Extending Western Security to Mideast, Third World

By Joseph Fitchett International Herold Tribuose

1 12 IS - Four prominent Western foreign policy exrts have published a blueprint for a major expan-Western security cooperation, extending it outside to cover threats outside Europe and meet ecochallenges as well as counter Soviet military

recommendations, if implemented, would to the most fundamental revamping of collective in defense since the onset of the Cold War and 's formation after World War II.

ghlight of their plan is a call for new, permanent ative arrangements among Britain, France, the States, West Germany, plus Japan, to meet crises Third World. This standing five nation core group e expanded in a developing crisis to include other nents in a position to take part in joint action, the policy experts said.

#### Set of Questions

report also says that there is a need for some West-itary presence — a U.S. force with European and se support — to be stationed in the Middle East to oviet action and promote Western political inter-

experts' overall analysis and ideas are a cogent ation of a ferment of ideas - on new formulas for ations between the allies and for military interventside Europe — being discussed privately in the administration and in European capitals.

officials and experts are trying to answer the same mestions: How to close the political gap between ited States and its European allies that emerged a III) (following the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan? coordinate Western responses to the new dimen-

'Soviet power? How to extend Western security to surce-rich but unstable. Third World? How to mooter support for often controversial measures to the industrial democracies?

copert is signed by the leaders of the main foreign think tanks in Britain, France, the United States st Germany: David Watt of the Royal Institute of tional Affairs, Thierry de Montbrial of the Institut is des Relations Internationales, Winston Lord of incil on Foreign Relations and Karl Kaiser of the mesinstitut der Deutschen Gesellschaft für tige Politik. All four men are close to their na-- p policy-makers.

#### First Effort

basic theme of their report is that the West faces ands of challenges following the Soviet Union's desa model for world revolution and growth as a military power. The classic threat of Soviet milition in Europe remains — for example, because of e turmoil in Eastern Europe. In addition, however, g instabilities in the Third World, especially if exby the Soviet Union, could threaten the industrial acies' economic lifetimes. expand the basic rules and institutions of its security system," the report concludes.

The text, entitled "Western Security: What has changed? What should be done?" and published this week, is the first collective effort by the four institutions. It amounts to an agenda, the authors said, intended to overcome fundamental differences in perceptions and interests among the allies and to restore concerted Western

However, the ground rules have become more complex The days of the old 'Atlantic' system, based on U.S. predominance and its corollary, European reluctance to take wider responsibilities, are over. Given today's international realities, neither the United States nor Europe can be expected to face the challenges of the 1980s on its own," the report says.

A new transatlantic political and military bargain is required to close this gap, the report says. The United States should be more sensitive to European interests and accept a greater European share in alliance decision-making, primarily through improved mechanisms for regular consultation. In exchange, Europe should accept more responsibility in dealing with the Soviet threat and with

To improve collective consultations, particularly before U.S. decisions are made, the report recon NATO, while remaining the basic forum for policy toward the Soviet Union, be supplemented by several new institutions. The seven-nation economic summit meetings should be expanded to include broad geopoliti-

The proposed five nation core group would handle crisis management in the Third World and maintain consultations among senior officials. It would have a small per-

Among the report's other points are the following: Japan must be fully recognized as an important world power. "Japan should be encouraged to participate

James P. Sterba

New York Times Service PEKING — Chinese demographers have announced target figures for population reductions that would

give China an "optimum population range" of 650 million to 700 million people sometime late in the next

century. They are based on one child per family for the

The targets were disclosed Tuesday at the third na-

create difficulties for its Asian neighbors," the report too, in the last year has moved closer to the U.S. view that says. This view, diplomats said, marks a shift in longstanding European rejuctance to include Japan in Westem security consultations.

• The United States should continue the strategic

'Given today's international realities, neither the United States nor Europe can be expected to face the challenges of the 1980s on its own.'

arms negotiations; but only after reviewing its own military policy. "A strategic dialogue between the super-powers enhances East-West stability [provided] it does not block U.S. programs needed to maintain a strategic balance," it said. NATO should proceed with its plan to put new nuclear missiles in Europe by 1983.

 All NATO countries should meet their commitments to a 3-percent increase in military spending, and the United States should improve its strength, if necessary by a

 Europe should send ground and sea forces to any Western operation in the Middle East, and European governments should contribute forces or transit facilities to the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force.

· Western governments should develop a coherent East-West economie strategy covering trade, credit policy and technology transfer. The report said: "There is a striking absence of inter-allied dialogue on these issues at est political level."

The Reagan administration has shown initial signs of

China Sets a Target Figure for Population Reduction

The Planners' Goal: From 650 to 700 Million Late in 21st Century

development, its many unrenewable resources, pro-posed dietary standards and environmental concerns,

A working group, headed by Song Jian, a cyberneticist, and Tian Xueyuan, an economist, reported that

given China's physical and developmental constraints, a 300-million reduction in population was required.

If each Chinese couple bears only one child for the

next 20 to 30 years, the population could stabilize at a manageable level of 700 million by the year 2080, the

according to the Chinese news agency.

"In essence, the West is called upon to redefine and in the Western security system in such a way as not to adopting the main themes outlined in the report. Enrope, growing threat to resource-rich parts of the Third World, the report says.

> Despite these improvements, the report says, the alliance faces an unprecedented crisis. "The West is undergoing a phase of strain and dissension at the very time when it also has to deal with a crisis with the East, crises in the Third World and a prolonged economie and energy

> Against the background of government ansterity, these pressures have touched off domestic debates within each nation: guns-vs.-butter spending arguments, rearmament vs. arms control as a political approach to replace de-tente, force vs. aid as a way of stabilizing developing The discussion is complicated by divergences between

> the United States and Europe. The report says that U.S. policy has gradually evolved away from a European focus
> to a more global approach stressing Asia and the Middle
> East, a change coinciding with reduced influence for a
> European-oriented Eastern clite — and media — as U.S. population is increasingly concentrated in the South and

> A parallel change has taken place in Europe. "U.S. prestige has declined in the eyes of younger European elites, particularly as a result of the Vietnam war, and as European nations became stronger economically," the report says. Yet Europeans remain addicted to "security on the cheap" provided by the United States, it says.

As a result, Americans and Europeans are tempted to indulge in contrasting nostalgias. "On the European side, it is the nostalgia for the far-reaching detente hoped for in the early 1970s, which would allow the Europeans to continue to enjoy the beachts of their peace whatever hap-pens in the rest of the world. Hence, the temptation in

Tuesday's announcement was believed to be the first time Chinese scientists have disclosed what they believe

their nation's population carrying capacity to be. In doing so, they tacitly admitted that population growth

since the late-1950s, when their optimum carrying ca-pacity was reached, has strained resources and served as

a drag on development toward better lving conditions.

Communist China's only official census took place in

some quarters in Europe to want to continue detente at any cost ... and to play down threats."

In the United States, the report says, "a growing aspiration to return to the era of U.S. supremacy is translated in the resurgent tendency to consider every event in pure-ly East-West terms, and the use of force as the panacea for most issues. In this context, the behavior of Europeans is viewed with increasing irritation as evidence that Europe is already sliding toward 'appeasement' or 'fin-landization' with the Soviet Union."

As an example of how these different approaches have taken shape, the report cites arms control, a key element in detente policy in the 1970s.

In U.S. perceptions, this policy failed to limit the Soviet Union's strategie buildup or restrain it in the Third World. In addition, arms control is associated with a relative decline of U.S. military power.

In Europe, however, arms control, despite its limited results, is generally regarded both as a means of assuring political support for military spending and as a political means of communicating with the Communist countries, the report said.

#### Broad Consensus

These two extreme views, however, are gradually giving about the need to find new momentum for collective mili-

The main threats to the West, the report says, are liable to develop outside Europe, and Europe and the United States should work together to improve the Western capacity for military intervention.

While the main burden will fall on the United States, Europeans should supply men and ships, facilitate their movements via Europe and release U.S. resources for the Middle East — a policy that contrasts with European hesitations about helping the United States during the October, 1973, war.
The report added: "A European presence [in the Mid-

dle East] would be politically and symbolically important. It would underline to European publics their stake in the area; it would greatly belp to gain American congressional and pubbe support for a major U.S. effort in the

To implement this new security system, the report says, NATO should not be altered institutionally, but all the proposed consultative mechanisms should be added.

The core group — and spin-off "watch groups" on areas of tension — should be constantly reviewing developments so as to be ready in a crisis, the report says.

"Particularly belpful," the report says, "would be regular meetings of officials directly responsible for a specific region, such as the Middle East — at present, there are no regular effective mechanisms for continuing consultations mong such officials."

The groups should "maintain secrecy of discussions, but should be visible in practice so that Western publics and parliaments understand that the responsible nations are dealing jointly with political and security issues out-side the NATO area," the report says.

#### 1953. The next year, the population was said to be roughly 602 million, including 7.6 million on Taiwan and 11.7 million Chinese abroad — thus giving the mainland a population of just over 582.7 million. tional symposium on population science currently in session in Peking. Demographers, cyberneticists and economists told the symposium that the targets took scientists said. If births averaged up to two per family, China's population a century from now would reach 1.2 into account China's land area, its rate of economic billion, they said. West German Fighting Forces Learn Arts of War in North America

#### By Hubert J. Erb The Associated Press

/ASHINGTON — From the broad reaches of Canada to the Sun Belt of Southwest, the North American contihas become a favored and varied provground for the resurgent West German ed forces - the Bundeswehr. here once thousands of Germans were

on U.S. soil, captured enemies in a d at war, thousands of Germans of a military generation now are cast in the of special and trusted ally. is a turnabout of historical proportions. ot only men but millions of dollars are ilved. Cost effectiveness, good flying ther and unlimited space for maneuver catalysts for this German military pres-

t any given time, about 10,000 Germans the Bundeswehr — Luftwaffe in royal and gold, marines in navy blue and te, or army, in field gray and black — are

#### North America. U.S. Headquarters

hey, their equipment, their weapons and ilies are scattered from Manitoba in the tadian midlands, through a continental dquarters in Washington to rocket launch is and jet fighter ready rooms in Texas, 2011 and California.
We are unique," Luftwaffe Brig. Gen.

mer Nuchrenberg says. Jen. Nuchrenberg's command is known the German Military Representative for United States and Canada, or GMR, an shoot of the 500,000-man Bundeswehr t is the second largest military contingent the North Atlantic Treaty Organization

or that of the United States. The Germans are in North America under umbrella of NATO. Separate from usual itary attache functions and far larger than / military advisory group, these Germans

# Bundeswehr Spends \$3 Billion on Proving Ground Under NATO travel on NATO identity cards. Their vehi-cles bear the same "Y" Bundeswehr license plates with small black, red and gold nation-

al flags as in Germany itself. While the GMR is far-flung and many-sided, Gen. Nuchrenberg's Washington staff works mostly in logistics, including purchase of military hardware from the United States. Army Col. Hans-Carl von Winterfeld, the

#### and equipment within a current budget of \$3.2 billion. Modern Plant

chief of staff, says that the headquarters oversees about 200,000 contracts for training

GMR moves more than 30,000 German military men and their dependents in and out of Dulles International Airport in northern Virginia every year. A large warehouse building also serves as passenger terminal.

Gen. Nuchrenberg, 49, a missile specialist, sits comfortably in his Washington headquarters, a modern but unobtrusive sevenfloor military plant on the edge of Georgetown. He says that the staff has grown from one officer after the Bundeswehr was founded in 1955 to a present strength of 158. Growth brought expansion into a second beadquarters building across the Potomac River in Arlington, Va.

The general points to a map and says that there are 36 places where German airmen, sailors or soldiers are based in North America. On the map, Idaho was marked in red.

"West Germany would fit into Idaho," Col. von Winterfeld, 54, says. "Remembering how small we are in comparison to this huge continent helps keep things in perspec-

Briefing officers ontlined these major U.S.

· All Luftwaffe jet pilots learn to fly at Shepherd Air Force Base in the Texas Pan-handle, with 106 new men arriving each year.

· All German missilemen train and do their live firing at Fort Bliss, Tex., shooting U.S.-made Nike-Pershing-Hawk missiles that are descendants of V-1 and V-2 rockets the Germans fired at Britain during the war.

· Sooner or later, all German tank units using prepositioned German-developed Leopard tanks and Marder armored-personnel carriers, are brought to the Shilo maneuver area near Brandon, Manitoba, for

combined arms firing exercises.

The German tankers with their black berets arrive in Canada two battalions at a time for three-week training periods, flown directly to Winnipeg from Cologne.

 The Germans have joined Canada in redevelopment of an air base at Goose Bay. Labrador, once used by wartime transports headed for Britain, U.S., British, Canadian and German jet fighters inaugurated a pro-gram for low level bombing and gunnery last

The Germans also send their F-104 Starfighter pilots to Luke Air Force Base in Tucson, Ariz, and their F-4 Phantom pilot-navigator crews to George Air Force Base near Los Angeles for advanced flight training.

#### Joint Teams

Teams of officers and men are assigned to every major U.S. headquarters and service school, including German officers on the faculties at West Point, Annapolis and the Air Force Academy. Bundeswehr sailors serve on U.S. warships and Luftwaffe pilots fly with U.S. squadrons on an exchange basis.

Col. von Winterfeld says that the operations officer on one major U.S. Navy ship and the senior pilot in a U.S. F-111 fighter wing are Germans.

Most members of this German military generation have no World War II experience but Wayne Driscoll, for 17 years a Pentagon partner of the German program, says, "I still was surprised at first that someone we once fought would become such a close ally ..But our relations [now] are very good."

Mr. Driscoll is deputy director of the Pen-tagon's Foreign Military Sales Office, En-rope-NATO, and had a hand in perhaps the single biggest deal struck with Germany for U.S. military hardware so far.

Mr. Driscoll says that this involved German purchase of 175 F-4 Phantom fighter-bombers and 88 RF-4 reconnaissance jets which, according to reports in Germany, cost

#### Germans Pay

"They pay for everything they get," he says. "The planes they train in over here are theirs, although with U.S. markings. They pay for contracted maintenance. They pay for flight training and they pay for the missiles they shoot up at Fort Bliss. Nothing they are a way for the they get or use is free."

Maj. Glean Burleson, U.S. Air Force con-

tact officer for German air training, says that for fiscal 1981 the Germans will pay \$19.6 nillion for flying at Shepherd and another \$18.2 million at Luke.

German sources say that the Bundeswehr has spent a total of \$155 million for its U.S. air training to date. Maj. Burleson says that German pilot trainees sent to Texas are between 19 and 22

years old and screened carefully before leav-ing home. He says that instructor pilots are

Germans but the working language for both flying and missile training is English.

"They all speak English well," he says. The Germans rate as good pilots and their washout rate is very low."

#### 'Stick Time'

Where American pilot trainees get 175 fly-ing hours the first year, the Germans con-tract for 240. "They want them to get as much stick time as possible while they're Consistently good weather, Maj. Burleson

says, hard to come by in Europe, is the main reason the Germans want to fly in the Unit-

"It's cheaper when you know you will have good flying weather and it makes it more comfortable for a man learning to fly." The Bundeswehr in America tries to maintain a low profile. Few Americans are aware

that so many Germans are in their midst. The biggest attraction for most Germans, who are sent here for anywhere from eight months to five years, depending on assignment, is the opportunity to travel.
"Washington is an ideal place to be stationed," says Maj. Diederk Petersen, Dulles airport commander, "But even if you're sent

into the desert, a whole continent is still ont there waiting for you. There's nothing like it in Europe."

#### Friendly Reception

All those interviewed said their reception from Americans and Canadians was overwhelmingly friendly with great curiosity mixed in. Many, however, say that they were taken aback by how little Americans seem to

know about contemporary Germany.
Navy Lt. Comdr. Steffen Tobias, 37, summed up a generally expressed feeling, saying that he believes much of what Americans see and hear about Germany comes from war-dated films, television programs and comic books.

Three members of a guard unit commanded by Comdr. Tobias, Axel Pick, 21, Gerd Seidl, 22, and Klaus Wiyers, 21, all Luftwaffe privates first class, share a rented house in northwest Washington. They say that they date neighborhood girls and move easily about the U.S. capital enjoying a full social and cultural life.

"Sometimes, American soldiers think we are officers and we get a salute," Pfc. Pick grins. Other surprises are not always so-

#### Shocking Joke

"Every once in a while, somebody will see us on the street and yell, 'Heil Hitler,' " Pfc. Wiyers says. "Maybe they're joking but it's still a shock."

Such incidents, according to Luftwaffe Capt. Peter Recker, 37, adjutant to Gen. Nuchrenberg, are aberrations. But, he adds, he has found a lingering fascination among some Americans with the wartime German

Wehrmacht. We get letters and calls asking for heimets, flags, medals, swords, all kinds of things. We reply that we are sorry, but we are a different German military."

"And that can be the hardest part," Capt. Recker says, "convincing even some well-meaning people we are a different kind of German from those shown on television, that we are neither beasts nor fools, that we are a new and young Germany. The trouble is so many Americans know so little about our country, and us."

unit

# Many Turks See Greek 'Threat' As More Nuisance Than Danger

By Marvine Howe New York Times Service

ANKARA - Former Turkish Premier Bulent Ecevit wrote a poem about Turks and Greeks more than 30 years ago, and this passage from it still holds true:

We've sworn at each other, We've drawn knives like enemies, Yet a love lies hidden in us For days of peace,

Turks are generally tired of disputes with Greeks and would like to put an end to them, if this could be done while preserving the national honor.

But there is no evidence in Turkey of the kind of obsession found in Greece over a "threat" from Ankara. For the average Turk, unlike his Greek counterpart, the problems between the two countries are more of a nuisance than a danger.

This difference stems essentially from the fact that while Turkey may be the principal problem for Greece, the Turks have more pressing problems than their relations with the Greeks: the disastrous state of the economy and one of the world's highest inflation rates: the reduced but persistent political violence; a benevolent military dictatorship in search of a workable democracy; tension on the long border with an increasingly militant Soviet Union, and the ramifications of the war between Iraq and Iran.

#### Superiority Complex

There is also the Turkish superionty complex. "We can't forget." a Turkish civil servant said recently. "that we ruled Greece for nearly 400 years, defeated her in the war of liberation in 1922, and belong to a much bigger country with five

times the population. The military, however, sees things somewhat differently and is

#### Inmates Free Guard, Give Up in Italy Jail

FOSSOMBRONE, Italy (AP) -Five prisoners surrendered Tuesday after releasing a guard they had held for nine hours in the maximum-security prison bere northeast of Rome, police said. One of the prisoners is Roberto Ognibene, an avowed member of the Red Brigades urban guerrilla organization, who is serving a 28year term for murdering a police-

man.
The prisoners released the guard Monday night hut remained throughout the night in the harricaded cell they had held the guard in before surrendering, prison offi-

in a crunch with the Soviet Union," said a source close to the military leadership, "but we'd be alone if a war broke out with

He said military leaders consider a clash with Greece "a real pos-sibility" and mentioned two incidents when the countries came close to war - Turkey's 1974 intervention in Cyprus to protect Said.
Turkish Cypriots and a Turkish their reship's 1976 exploration for oil in a lands. part of the Aegean claimed by

Turkish military experts point out that although they have four times as many ground forces as the Greek contingent of 130,000, the Greeks are better equipped and less spread out. The Turks have an important sector of their army deployed along the Soviet border and other troops are engaged in fighting lefust and rightist terrorists.

Turkish relations.

Some Turkish that the military is The Greek Air Force is said to be superior in the Aegean region and the Greek Navy is said to be in a better state of readiness. The Greek Air Force also recently ac-quired several American TA-7H medium-range bombers that could "strike at the heart of Anatolia."

There is concern among some Turkish military officials over ru-mors of a "vendetta mentality" among Greeks who feel that the Turkish invasion of Cyprus was a defeat for Greece and are pressing for retaliatory strikes against Tur-key's strategic installations.

#### 'The Ataturk Legacy'

"We are the guardians of the Ataturk legacy," Turkish Defense Minister Havuk Bayulken said, re-ferring to Kemal Ataturk, who founded the Turkish republic in 1973 Mr. Ataturk and the premier 1923. Mr. Ataturk and the premier of Greece, Eleutherios Venizelos, initiated "the era of Greco-Turkish friendship" in 1930. It lasted about

The present Greek-Turkish talks, which got under way in October, are seen as a serious effort by both sides to revive "the Ataturk-Venizelos spirit" and resolve some delicate issues, particularly over air, territorial and mineral rights in the Aegean,

The main question in dispute is the continental shelf. Turkey holds that the continental shelf should be divided "equitably" and the Greek islands should have a shelf decreasing in proportion to their distance from the mainland, according to Turkey's foreign minister, Ilter Turkmen.

But the Greeks, Mr. Turkmen said, hold that Turkey should have practically no shelf. He stressed that the question was "highly po-

seriously concerned about a possi-ble clash with Greece. "We would get support from our NATO allies two countries and not by an international court, as the Greeks have

proposed.

Another "serious problem" is the militarization of the Greek islands. which Mr. Turkmen said was a treaty violation: "The is-lands can be used as a springboard for an attack against Turkey," he said, emphasizing that the issue constituted a threat because, he said, the Greeks were increasing their military capabilities in the is-

Like Greek officials, Mr. Turkmen emphasized that the Cyprus question should not be linked to the Aegean dispute, but he expressed cautious hope about the progress of the current talks between Greek and Turkish Cypriots and said any settlement would have "a positive effect" on Greek-

Some Turkish politicians feel that the military regime is eager to make progress on a settlement with Greece, not only to avoid a possible clash but also because they feel it would be easier to obneeded Western military aid if the Cyprus and Aegean questions were resolved.

ATHENS — At least 12 persons

died and more than a thousand

when two earthquakes and 200 smaller tremors shook southern

More than 60 people were reported injured as the Gulf of Cornth area — 44 miles (70 kilometers) west of Athens and the epi-

center of the first hig quake - was

The Athens Seismographie Insti-tute said the first quake, on Tues-day night, registered 6.6 on the

Richter scale and the second major

tremor, at dawn Wednesday, was

measured at 6.3. Officials said that

while another tremor could not be

ruled out, the possibility of a ma-

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — The U.S. admiral commanding NATO

forces in southern Europe says that U.S. naval power has "croded alarmingly in the Mediterranean

with the diversion of an aircraft

carrier battle group to the Indian

Adm. William J. Crowe Jr. told

declared a major disaster zone.

houses were destroyed or damaged

Greece, police said.



Only the bell tower of the church in Perakhora withstood the earthquakes that hit southern Greece Tuesday and Wednesday.

r quake was statistically remote. were broken and large glass doors Civil engineers toured the area and windows were broken at the

14-story Athens Hilton, the tallest hotel in the city. A Hilton employ-

ee said there was "some panic and

some cracks in a few inside walls.

"We never felt such a strong earthquake before," said 74-year-

old Angeliki Micha of Athens.

table. The lights went out and all of a sudden I heard people in the street shouting and crying."

An Athens woman died of a

heart attack in the middle of the

street and another was killed when

she jumped from her second-floor

Hellinikon Airport in Athens

was operating normally but rail

there has been very little action"

criticizing specific Western Euro-pean countries. High-ranking offi-

cers, who asked to remain anony-

mous, said privately that they are imhappy with the attitude of the

Italians, the West Germans and

do not put enough forces into NATO, keeping their small but very good navy close to home. The

French navy also operates essen-

tially as a defensive force. The sources said that the West Ger-

mans seem not to appreciate the military load carried by the United

Strikes in New Zealand

WELLINGTON, New Zealand

Christchurch were closed Wednes-

day by widespread strikes follow-ing the arrests on Thesday of 48 men on an Auckland picket line.

Ports at Auckland and

States in the Gulf area.

These officials said the Italians

Adm. Crowe avoided publicly

The television almost fell from its

but nothing serious."

window, police said.

by those allies.

jor quake was statistically remote.

Wednesday and inspected damaged buildings, while government

authorities arranged emergency ac-

commodation for the bomeless.

Corinth area and ordered a step-up

Sleeping in Cars

Tuesday night outdoors or slept in cars while others left the city, fear-

ing new tremors. With the excep-

tion of government offices, where many failed to appear for work, all

offices, schools and banks in

Athens were shut Wednesday; the

Some downtown shop windows

only shops open were food stores.

NATO Forces Seen as Weak in Mediterranean

forces in the Mediterranean to

counter the Soviet fleet, which is backed by land-based bombers able to reach those waters from the

He said he has urged European allies to compensate for the loss of

U.S. naval power with their own

land-based air power. Although

these nations have talked about

In Athens, most people spent

in emergency services.

Premier George Rallis toured the

# John Moors Cabot, 79, Veteran U.S. Diplomat

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — John Moors
Cabot, 79, a career diplomat who

Cabot, 79, a career diplomat who served as U.S. consul general in shanghai when the Communists came to power in China and as by President John F. Kennedy. U.S. ambassador to Poland and four other countries, died Monday. following a stroke.

His last post as ambassador was in Poland, from 1962 to 1965, where he represented the United

#### **OBITUARIES**

States in its only regular contacts at that time with China. These took place in Warsaw for several years. Much of Mr. Cabot's career was spent in Latin America. He was an early and outspoken advo-cate of U.S. economic aid to that part of the world and for social reform in Latin American political

The second major portion of his career was in Communist coun-tries. In 1947, he was appointed counselor of the U.S. Embassy in Belgrade. He was credited during this period with foreseting the pos-sibility of a break between Tito and Stalin. This split — the first major rupture in the monolithic front of world Communism - oc-

2 Major Quakes Strike Southern Greece; 12 Dead service between Athens and Patras was suspended because of damage to a bridge over the Corinth Canal. a police spokesman said. Schools Athens and in all towns on the

Villages between Athens and Corinth were hit harder than the

Gulf of Corinth were closed.

# Afghan Guerrilla

The Associated Press

heads one of six major Afghan resistance groups based in Peshawar, Pakistan, said in a statement that this week we have had many very useful meetings with ... senators and congressmen as well as high ranking officials of the State Department."

forces have adequate manpower, we need SAM-7s and other surface-to-air missiles to shoot down the Soviet belicopter gunships that are slaughtering our people. We need ammunition for our rifles." Regarding possible U.S. military

assistance to the rebel forces, Mr. Gailani said. "there has not been any commitment, but we have exchanged views on all aspects of the Afghan situation." He said the talks were conducted at the assist-

The State Department had no

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

# Says U.S. Talks Are 'Very Useful'

WASHINGTON — The leader of an Afghan rebel group said he has had "very useful talks" with senior officials at the State Department, discussing the question of U.S. military aid to help the Islamic guernillas in their fight against Soviet troops in Afghanistan.

Sayid Ahmed Gailani, who He said that although the rebel

ant secretary level.

comment on Mr. Gailani's state-

y President John F. Kennedy. Mr. Cabot was born in Cambridge, Mass. to Godfrey Lowell and the former Maria Moors Cabot. Educated at Haware and Oxford, he joined the U.S. Foreign Service in 1926.

He was ambassador to Pakistan from 1952 to 1953, Sweden from 1954 to 1957, Colombia from 1957 to 1959 and Brazil from 1959 to

He served briefly under President Dwight D. Eisenhower as assistant secretary of state for Inter-American affairs.

#### Robert S. Allen

WASHINGTON (WP) - Robert S. Allen, 80, one of Washingion's most colorful and controversiai newspapermen of the New Deal era and the original partner of Drew Pearson in writing the "Washington Merry-Go-Round" column, was found dead Monday in his Georgetown home. Dr. James L. Luke, the D.C. medical examiner, said Mr. Allen shot and killed himself. He had cancer.

Known widely as "Colonel," the Army rank he achieved as an intelligence officer on the 3rd Army staff of Gen. George S. Patton Jr. during World War II, Mr. Allen served in the cavalry during the Mexican border campaign of 1916-17 and in France during World

Attending the University of Mumich on a scholarship m 1924, he covered Hitler's beer hall putsch and subsequent trial for several American newspapers.

Returning to the United States, he joined the United Press and later the Washington bureau of The Christian Science Monitor. In 1930, Mr. Allen joined Mr. Pearson, then a Baltimore Sun correspondent, in anonymously writing a book, "The Washington Merry-Go-Round," which irreverently portrayed the capital and many of its political and social notables. When their identities were learned. both authors were fired from their jobs. In 1932, the two teamed to write the "Merry-Go-Round" column, which became nationally syndicated. The column is carried on today by Jack Anderson, but without the original ritle.

Ilo Browne Wallace SOUTH SALEM, N.Y. (AP) ---

#### CARE Ex-Chief Is Imprisoned

NEW YORK — The former ex-ecutive director of CARE was sentenced to a year in prison for pocketing \$110,000 of the relief agencv's funds.

The sentence was imposed Tuesday on Louis Samia, 56, of suburban Katonah, N.Y., by Manhattan Supreme Court Justice George Roberts, who accepted Mr. Samia's guilty plea Nov. 13.

Mr. Samia, who over a 33-year period rose from a clerk in the agency's accounting department to its \$47,500-a-year executive director, admitted taking the money by pocketing CARE contributions.



John Moors Cabot ... in a 1961 photograp

of former Vice President Henry Wallace, died Sunday. Her hu band, who quit politics following his unsuccessful third-party no for president as candidate of the Progressive Party in 1948, died

#### Robert I. Fish

NEW YORK (NYT) - Robe L. Fish, 68, who won the Myste Writers of America's highest acc lade, the Edgar Award, thr times, died Tuesday following heart attack. His novel "Mute W ness" was made into the film "Br litt," starring the late Ste

#### Pakistan Arrest Political Figure Who Oppose Zi

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan - Pa stan's military authorities Wedn day arrested more than a docleading opposition politicians what led a campaign to oust G Zia ul-Haq from power and rest democracy in the country, oppo tion sources said.

The arrests were made by sect ty policemen in raids in Laho-Rawalpindi and Faisalabad. T detainees came from parties whi earlier this month helped set up nine-group movement for the n

toration of democracy.

The sources said earlier it scores of lower-ranking opposits officials had been jailed in will was described as the biggest polisweepp so far following two week of student protest demanding a end to martial law and the holds of parliamentary elections.

#### Censorstrip Opposed KARACHI, Pakistan - Pak

stan's newspaper editors have asked the military government to lift censorship of newspapers, charging that it has created a cradibility gap. Censorship was imposed in 1979 and editors have had to submit their entire newspaper to government officers for a check before they are printed. In the pri cess, any reports which oppos government positions are deleted.

3 GIs Die in Copter Cras The Associated Press

HEIDELBERG - Three Ame can soldiers were killed Wedne day when their UH-1 helicopt crashed during maneuvers in North Bavarian Hohenfels traini area, the Army said.

# reporters Tuesday that there was a filling the military gap in the "desperate need" to strengthen Mediterranean, he said, "thus far Save up to 50% Subscribe before

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E	daopia (aur)S	255.00	127.50	70.00	Romania (air)	172.00	86,00	48.00
B	mland (air) F.M.	612.00	306.00	170.00	Sandi Arabia (air) S	195.00	97.50	54.00
F	rance F.F	612.00	306.00	170.00	South America (air) 5	255.00	127.50	70.00
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Page 7

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E OPPORTS

INTERNATA

Wine

# Bordeaux '61s Tasteoff; Verdict: They're Superb

By Terry Robards
New York Times Service

ORAL GABLES, Fla. — They came from London and Dublin, from Malmo, Sweden, from San Juan, Puerto Rico, from New ans and Houston and Dallas and New York, a group of enthusiasss passion for the wines of Bordeaux. They came here for an extraory tasting of the celebrated 1961 vintage, to determine whether the made in that glorious year are the wines of the century, the great-ds produced in Bordeaux in a hundred years and possibly the linest

chaps the most comprehensive sampling of the vintage ever assem-was uncorked last weekend by Dr. Louis C. Skinner Jr., a Coral les dermatologist and connoisseur. In a tasting that amounted to a rice showdown for the Bordeaux of a single great year, a tasting that ably will never be duplicated, be presented 1961 Bordeaux reds i 50 chateaus, an array with a value that averaged more than \$100 a e.e., and there were two bottles of each. he wines were decanted, tasted and carefully analyzed in three two-

sessions, and a conclusion was reached: The vintage of 1961 in leaux may indeed be the finest of the century, surpassing the 1945 the 1929, but it is too soon to know. Like most other great vintages, e 20 most of the 1961s are too young to drink.

et's face it, here we are with the opportunity of a lifetime. Let's rw in it," said Michael Broadbent, wine director of Christie's auchouse in London, who flew in for the event. He spoke after tasting ean Petrus side by side with Chateau Cheval Blanc, a comparison few ocnophiles are ever in a position to make in any vintage, much

his is what I call an embarrassment of riches," the wine importer is Wile said as he sipped a Chatean Palmer, which several of the 20 is regarded as the best of the vintage at the moment. Others prethe Chateau Latour, and some opted for the Chateau Lynchs, the Chateau Haut-Brion and the Petrus.

was clear, however, that the 1961 Bordeaux in general are wines of mely concentrated fruit, with an intensity of flavor rarely matched y other year. Many remain tannic and undeveloped, but the fruit of bernet sauvignon and meriot grapes that are predominant in Border reds is beginning to emerge. Eventually the wines will be round of the wines will be round of the with a velvety texture and that same flavor intensity, but the

ration process may take decades more.

adbent, who may well have tasted more old and fine Bordeaux any other person, suggested that the 1961s ultimately might surpass 18,045s, many of which are still in superb condition. But making direct arisons between two vintages 16 years apart is difficult.

inner said his motive for the tasting was strictly academic: to apthe progress of the 1961s as they enter their third decade. "Basi-I wanted to make some sort of contribution to wine knowledge, to - : something to the wine world," he said,

is a 65-year-old bachelor who began accumulating wines about 25 ago, when they were relatively inexpensive. The cellar in his Medielean-style bouse contains about 4,000 bottles, including many more

set of the 1961 vintage.

attraction of the event for all the other tasters was the opportunisample such a comprehensive collection from a vintage that has --- ted more attention and commentary than any other in France it was produced.

ny connoisseurs have attempted to collect the 1961 Bordeaux, but intage was only about 40 percent of a normal-sized crop and the were scarce virtually from the moment they were made. Anyone bottles from a dozen different chateaus in his cellar has a fairly quantity. Fifty was unheard of until Skinner sent out his invita-

group included Dr. Marvin C. Overton, a neurosurgeon from Ft. 1, whose wine collection is famous. He held a tasting of Chateau Rothschild three years ago that included wines dating back to

preparing for his tasting. Skinner stood each bottle upright on the in his air-conditioned dining room for a week, to permit the natudiment to sink to the bottom. Then the bottles were carried in the of his 1961 Rolls-Royce to the David William Hotel, a five-minute where the tasting took place in a private room.

#### Van Gogh, Cloisonism Examined in Toronto

By Hilton Kramer

New York Times Service TORONTO — Few artists of the modern era have won a posthumous fame equal to that of van Gogh. His short, stormy purveyors of popular entertainment. Certain of his paintings have acquired the status of visual cliches, instantly recognizable even to people who never set footin an art museum.

But fame of the complex interrelationships among arriets

But fame of this sort is never an unalloyed blessing. By dwell-ing on and embellishing the art-ist's life, it diverts attention from the artistic labor that formed the central focus of his existence.

It is good news, therefore, that with the exhibition called "Van Gogh and the Birth of Cloison-ism," at the Art Gallery of Ontario, we are a long way from the myth of the mad painter. This is a very serious, deeply pondered

Its superb selection of nearly 150 objects — most of them paintings by van Gogh and Gaucrucial periods of the modern secured the loan of a great many movement, the 1880s in France. of them. This was the dawn of the Post-Impressionist epoch, and this ex-

will be on view from April 9 to stricter form, and for a freer, June 14 at the Rijksmuseum Vincent van Gogh, which has sup-ported the exhibition with a great one important aspect of this anti-

many significant loans from its

The van Gogh we see in this exhibition is an artist deeply in-volved with the art and the artists of his time - an innovator alert

tionships among artists.

The organizer of the exhibition, Prof. Bogomila Welsh of the University of Toronto, concentrates on the states 1926 of Toronto, trates on the years 1886-91. In addition to van Gogh and Gauscrutinized are Toulouse-Lantrec, Emile Bernard, Louis Anquetin Jakob Meyer-de Haan, Paul Serusier, Charles Laval and Man-rice Denis. Welsh's mastery of artistic events in this five-year period is impressive. She knows what the artists did, why they did it, what they said about it, what they exhibited and where, and what the critics wrote about them. She also knows what the guin — brings us very close to them. She also knows what the the real life of art in one of the crucial pictures are, and she has

We are thus brought into inti-mate contact with the dynamics Impressionist epoch, and this ex-hibition does a great deal to de-fine van Gogh's pre-eminent when painting was undergoing a when painting was undergoing a radical change of style. Impres-sionism no longer commanded place in the art of that epoch.
"Van Gogh and the Birth of
Cloisonism" remains in Toronto the allegiance of the younger through March 22. It will then members of the avant-garde. travel to Amsterdam, where it There was a new appente for



Paul Gauguin's self-portrait dedicated to his friend Vincent.



Van Gogh's "La Berceuse: Madame Augustine Roulin."

Impressionist ferment. Cezanne's innovations represented another. What is traced for us in "Van Gogh and the Birth of Cloisonism" is the response of van Gogh, Ganguin and their circle

to the new situation. Many names have been attached to the art these artists pioneered. Welsh speaks of the veritable rainfall of art nomenolature" that had accumulated around the movement as early as 1891. In choosing to isolate Cloi-sonism as the central impulse of the movement, bowever, she is on solid ground. The term may be unfamiliar to many museumpoers, but its premises were essential to the art in question.

#### **Divided Compartments**

"Cloison," as Welsh explains, "Interally means 'partition.' " It is derived from cloisonne enamel work, whose strictly divided compartments served as containers of pure color. What resulted was a style - at once anti-naturalistic and quasi-abstract in spirit - similar to that found in stained glass windows and Japa-

The term was first applied to modern painting by the critic Edouard Dujardin in 1888 to describe the work of Anquetin. What Dujardin admired in Anquetin's work was the strict distinction it made between drawing and color, and its emphasis on outline to contain discrete areas of color. This was indeed a sweeping repudiation of Impressionist practice.

Impressionism was easier to renounce than to abandon all at once, however. Traces of it persisted even in paintings conceived to repudiate it. One of the things that makes Weish's exhibition so absorbing is the way it follows the course of this artistic struggle year by year, some-times season by season.

In this effort, van Gogh clearly emerges as the most powerful single talent. If only for the 37 pictures by him in this exhibi-tion, we would have to count this a major event. Yet his art gains much from being shown in the company of his immediate con-temporaries. While his painting is more intensely felt than theirs

Gauguin looks particularly cold by comparison - it shares many of the same intellectual impulses. Moreover, we cannot wholly understand van Gogh without a sense of what he rejected in his contemporaries, and this, too, the exhibition under-

Gauguin is also well represented, with more than 30 works, but the real discovery of the show for some viewers is likely to be Bernard, who emerges with a new stature. There are 20-some pic-tures by him in the exhibition, many not only unfamiliar but of a quality that effectively removes the artist from the shadow of Gauguin's influence.

#### **The London Stage**

# 'Ticket-of-Leave' Lacks Punch of Melodrama

By Sheridan Morley ational Herald Tribus

International Herald Tribune

L ONDON — These things generally bappen in threes: First there was "Streets of London" out at Stratford East, then "Nicholas Nickleby" at the Aldwych, and now "The Ticket-of-Leave Man" on the National's Cottesloe stage. All are mid-Victorian melodramas, all are concerned with money and social injustice and all seem suddenly to be of interest to British theatergoers, though whether for reasons of nostalgia or historic horror is not entirely clear.

interest to British theatergoers, though whether for reasons of nostaigns or historic horror is not entirely clear.

"The Ticket-of-Leave Man" was written in 1863 by Tom Taylor, who was the third editor of Punch, an art critic for The Times, an early and ferocious campaigner for a national theater and, alas, most famous for being the man who wrote the play at which Abraham Lincoln was shot.

That play was "Our American Cousin." Had it been "The Ticket-of-Leave Man," I would venture to suggest that missing its last act would not have been among Lincoln's greater regrets; the play itself leaves a lot to be desired, and has not been much helped by an extraordinary though sadly not unique act of National Theatre mismanagement. Having chosen a play which fairly screams for a proscenium arch, a descending sen a play which fairly screams for a proscenium arch, a descending curtain at the ends of acts and a company used to each others' manner-isms and techniques, the National has assigned 'The Ticket-of-Leave Man" to the experimental Cottesloe stage and to a cast few of whom

appear to have met each other before.

Though the director, Piers Haggard, has had one or two splendid notions, such as a Palm Court trio to underscore the more melodramatic notions.

notions, such as a Palm Court trio to underscore the more melodramatic moments, his production is time and again betrayed by uncertainty of style and lack of confidence in this creaking sub-Dickensian saga.

It starts off as a rattling good yarn: The ex-convict of the title is desperate to go straight, but is up against forces of Victorian society both legal and criminal, all determined that once a convict, forever a convict. Fifty years later Galsworthy would have seen the story of Robert Brierly (impassively played by Paul Copley) as a condemnation of London society. Taylor is not so turn and tends to box down in sentimental subety; Taylor is not so sure, and tends to bog down in sentimental sub-

plots while trying to make up his mind.

The best parts are those of the detective (Michael Elphick) and Tiger. the criminal (Jack Shepherd), and in a large cast it is only really those three players, together with Copley and the ever-splendid Jane Carr as a saloon singer, who have the courage of the Victorian convention. Others play in an uneasy halfway house somewhere between belief and parody, and even five days after the opening there seemed to be remarkable uncertainty about the dialogue and the blocking of the fights by William Hobbs. As a result, an evening that needs to be swift and sure looked ponderous and messy, though it may, given time, play itself in.

At the Round House, Alan Ayckbourn's "Suburban Strains" is a catastrophic attempt to do an English version of Stephen Sondheim's "Company." Here, too, we have a musical about marriage on the rocks, but one for which Ayckbourn has composed some lyrics of stunning inade-quacy set to matching music by Paul Todd. True, this one is not a lot worse than Ayckbourn's only other musical, "Jeeves," but it's not a lot better, either. Everything that he is good at (the tight little dinner party gradually unraveling into chaos, relative values, the mix-and-match cou-ples) has to survive here alongside nondescript numbers that serve only to interrupt the flow of an otherwise possible comedy.

A sprawling aimless, awful time is to be had by all, though it is possible that something might have been saved from it had Ayckbourn not decided to direct it himself and take it to the vast open spaces of the Round House, Given a small stage and somebody who knew something about choreography, it might have been fractionally better.

Returning home from Broadway, I have belatedly caught up with "Four in a Million," devised and directed by Les Blair and at the Royal Court's Theatre Upstairs, though only until the end of this week. If you can imagine Coward's "Red Peppers" rewritten by the late Joe Orton, that is essentially what we have here. Blair has had the excellent notion of had been allowed to the preference. of building a play around four tacky club performers.

What Blair is on about here is the gap between stage image and private reality. Thus the gloomiest of the foursome ends up doing horrendously cheerful impressions of Andy Stewart while the most gentle of them has the roughest patter. The three-hour show badly needs about 40 minutes lopped off it, but in there somewhere are some savage and very funny notions about the concept of British showbiz today.

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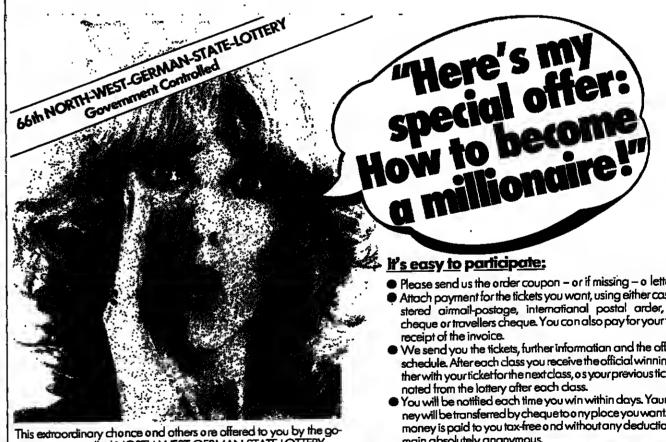
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All of these securities having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

February, 1981

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Warburg Paribas Becker

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E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Wertheim & Co., Inc.

Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

# Page 9 Thursday, February 26, 1981 \*\*

#### ub Plans One-for-Seven Rights Issue

NKOEPING, Sweden - Saab-Scania said Wednesday it proposes ise its 786 million kronor (\$173 million) share capital by 224 million or to 1.01 billion through a one-for-seven rights issue at 60 crowns

**USINESS NEWS BRIEFS** 

e new shares will be entitled for the full 1981 dividend.

#### achi Reports Technology Deal With GE

KYO - Hitachi said it has signed an agreement with General ric on an exchange of advanced production technology.

lachi said the agreement covers technical information and technological oncerning quality controls, productivity and reliability.

#### Thomson Pulls Out of Solar Venture

AP-Don Jon US - Thomson-CSF, electronics arm of the Thomson-Brandt has decided to pull out of a joint venture set up two years ago Solar Power Corp., a unit of Exxon, sources close to the company

omson has also notified the Pechiney Ugine Kuhlmann group of e it no longer intends to pursue a cooperation agreement signed farch for the development of a silicon specially adapted for solar v technology. The joint subsidiary with Solar Power Corp., called was to have manufactured photovoltaic solar energy systems. sources said Thomson's decision to abandon its solar energy efbecause of the excessively high level of investment required.

#### a Sees Difficult Year Ahead

NICH — Veba, the energy group comprising West Germany' larg-reporation in terms of sales, faces a difficult year in 1981 after 1980 gs that will allow payment of a satisfactory dividend, according to f von Benninsen-Foerder, managing board chairman.

aking to reporters in Munich, the head of the Duesseldorf-based a, power and chemical group said 1980 sales rose about 11.8 per-

nearly 41 billion Deutsche marks from 36.7 billion DM in 1979, wever, Mr. von Benningsen-Foerder explained that the rise reprea increase of only 3-to-4 percent in real terms.

de he was seen as hinting that the 1980 dividend would match the payout of 7.50 DM per share, Mr. von Benningsen-Foerder said eba oil refining operations were showing losses after all company ins operated without loss in 1980.

#### to Invite Tenders on Car Industry

iHDAD — Iraq will appoint an international consultant in the sw weeks before inviting tenders from world car manufacturers to sh a domestic car industry here, a senior Iraqi official said

ik Yehya, head of a special commission set up by the Industry ry to establish an automobile sector, estimated Iraq would initially at least 1 billion Iraqi dinars (\$3.3 billion) on the project. Yehya said that tenders for licensing agreements to manufacture s, for factory construction and the import of technology would be

## ark Decides to Spin Off Swift United Press International

By Hobart Rowen

the plants.

HINGTON — Japan is ring lending China the

i needs to complete the con-

on of four major petrochem-ints, as well as to facilitate

portation of crude oil to

was disclosed by Saburo

Japanese ambassador for l relations, who recently Peking after China an-

d it was canceling or post-construction of the four

and work on a major steel, the Baoshan works in

n interview Tuesday, Mr.

on an trip to meet his
sparts in the Reagan admin-

n — stressed that his gov-it is waiting to see whether makes a formal request for

he said that "both China pan agree that the future of

countries' relations are so

ant, that both sides want to

ure nothing is done to dam-relationship."

cause delay or outright uement of the \$5 billion in plant, and the four petro-al plants, worth another \$5

Japanese companies had \$1.5 bilion of this business.

equipment orders had al-

been fulfilled, and the Japa-ompanies were concerned at

at they might not be paid.

e U.S. projects, including a copper-mining project that en undertaken by Fluor Co.

Mr. Okita, after visiting ie Vice Premier Go Mu, said

as reassured that China, values its credibility ....

make compensation pay-according to international a." Mr. Gu cited China's

ous construction program

Great Concern e has been great concern in ever since China announced new look at the feasibility of ir modernizations" program

CAGO — Esmark, which tried unsuccessfully to sell its Swift & sh meat division last year, has decided instead to spin it off as an

Chicago-based conglomerate filed a registration statement Tuesth the Securities and Exchange Commission for the issuance of 5 is shares in Swift Independent Corp. The shares, which are expectell for \$13 to \$15 each, will include 2.5 million to be offered to the and 2 million to be held by Esmark, with the remainder used for

#### sushita Electric Expects 10% Net Rise

KA — Matsushita Electric Industrial Wednesday predicted a 10-t rise in net consolidated income in the business year ending Nov. year to 137 billion yen (\$668 million) on sales of 3.30 trillion. nting a rise of 13 percent.

compnay said the main reason for the predicted increased in and sales is that sales of video tape recorders will continue to it said. Total VTR sales increased a particularly sharp 84 per-

panese Considering Credits for China

for new industrial capacity had re-

for new industrial capacity and is sulted in a national budget deficit of 17 billion yuan (about \$10.7 bil-lion) in 1979, and a red-ink total of 13 billion yuan last year.

Because Chinese officials believe

that deficits cause inflation, "which if not checked would wipe out rising incomes and cause discontent," Mr. Okita said, they cut military spending by 20 percent, and capital construction except the second of the said of the said.

penditures by 49 percent.

A related factor, Mr. Okita said, is a growing conviction in China that estimates for future oil pro-

duction have been far too optimis-

tic. World Bank officials have ex-

pressed a similar view.
Vice Premier Gu told Mr. Okita

that it may be difficult for China simply to maintain the current level of 500 million tons of oil pro-

duction, and that by 1985, the level might ship by 10 to 20 million tons. With such a reduction, Chinese

economic officials decided, it

that China intends to complete the first stage, with a capacity of 3 million tons. But given the budget restraints, it will take four years instead of one to complete.

Mr. Okita raised the possibility of assisting with financing of local executation costs of the pero-

construction costs of the petro-

construction costs of the petro-chemical facilities, and assisting with petroleum imports — an ac-tivity with which China; still a net exporter, has had little experience. China this week sent a mission

to Tokyo to negotiate with some 300 supplier companies who are affected by the cutback decision.

This process may take a month.
Although Mr. Okita could not make it explicit, it is clear that Ja-

DIAMOND INVESTMENT

Rare

# Saudis Seeking Men For Empty Quarter

By Pranay B. Gupte

New York Times Service RUB AL KHALL Saudi Araoia - In the wilderness of the Empty Quarter, amid red sand dunes that rise hundreds of feet and where temperatures can soar above 140 degrees, the search for oil goes on around the clock.

while drilling is tough work, so, too, is the job of getting drillers to come here, according to the Arabian American Oil Co., which produces nearly all the Saudi crude.

"Our biggest problem is manpower," an Arameo executive said in an interview at company beadquarters in Dhahran, about 800 miles north of here, "We are expanding dramatically and we need people — and we aren't getting them in the numbers we want."

Because of these problems Aramco has embarked on a recruiting drive in the United States and Europe and is stepping up its program to recruit and train Saudi nationals.

Aramco officials say there is a renewed urgency to this re-cruiting drive because of the continued need for more manpower in the company's tradi-tional activity — oil production — and Aramco's rapid expansion in areas such as electrification and gas production.
In Saudi Arabia's Eastern

Province, for example, Aramco is constructing an electrifica-tion network that will produce 5,000 megawatts of power, twice that produced by the facilities at Egypt's Aswan Dam.

Aramco's manpower short-age involves two categories of labor — skilled foreign expatri-ates and skilled Saudis. An Aramco spokesman said that European and U.S. nationals were increasingly reluctant to travel to this country, despite Aramoo's "quite lucra-tive" salaries. This reluctance

stems from the generally unsta-ble conditions in the Middle

By Thomas Boswell

and Peter Behr

FORT LAUDERDALE, Fla.— Chrysler Chairman Lee Iacocca said Toesday that the final major obstacle blocking \$400 million in

new government losu guarantees has been eliminated with an agree-

ment between Chrysler, a handful

of New York banks and the gov-

ernment's loan guarantee board.
"It all went together last night

pan hopes that China may modify the sharp curtailments planned.

economist and not as a govern-ment official, that if China goes

ahead with the production plans — perhaps by curbing consumer con-

sumption somewhat — it will get the dividend of greater output for

the whole economy later on.

"Japan," he smiled, "has a
budget deficit equal to 100 billion
yuan a year, but we don't try to
balance it in one year."

China May Seek Loans

PEKING (Reuters) — China will make greater use of foreign loans in the future, provided interest rates are low enough and terms are suitable, the People's Daily said Wednesday.

The Communist Party newspaper said that the country's foreign exchange must be used more pre-

exchange must be used more pru-

dently, mainly to extend export-

oriented industries or to import

Mr. Okita noted, speaking as an

(Monday) about g p.m.," lacocca said in an interview.

East, especially since the war began between Iraq and Iran, and from the fact that qualified personnel seem increasingly anwilling to to give up secure positions back home

As for Saudi nationals, there was a time, as recently as a decade ago, when Aramco was swamped by applications. But with the economic boom that has struck this country as a result of the oil price increases over the last eight years, workers are finding that they have opportunities galore.

Of Aramoo's 46,000 employ-

ces, 26,000 are Saudis, and 4,600 are Americans. There are also 3,000 Britons, 5,000 Filipinos, 2,000 Indians, and 2,000 Pakistanis. Aramco officials say they want to increase the number of Saudi employees by at least 3,000 this year.

Getting foreign expatriates to come to Saudi Arabia is even more difficult than persuading Saudi nationals to sign up, an Aramco executive said.

As a result, "attractive salary and benefits" offers are made.

Aramco now promises skilled U.S. workers, such as engineers, geologists and environ-mentalists, a 40 percent "expa-triate premium" on the first \$30,000 of their salary and 20 percent on the next \$20,000.

This "premium" is "protected" from taxes, an Aramco spokesman says — meaning that the company pays the U.S. tax on that amount. There are no individual or corporate-taxes in Saudi Arabia.

In addition, foreign workers are flown to their home countries every few weeks, and enoy other benefits such as free medical care. Most of the drillers are Euro-

pean or American. Those who are Egyptian or Pakistani make considerably less than the Americans, Canadians or Britons - because, an Aramco official said, they are hired at sal-aries comparable to what they would be making in their own

Chrysler Aid Plan Clears Last Obstacle

uled meeting Friday, permitting Chrysler to sell notes for that

amount, a company official said.

This latest arrangement for gov-ernment-backed financing had

been in doubt when four or five New York banks, led by Citibank, insisted on an immediate cash pay-ment to cover a portion of their

Chrysler will now pay about \$30 million to a group of 120 banks

and insurance companies — equal to 5% cents on the dollar on some \$500 million in debts.

ed the payment as soon as the loan board approved the loan guaran-ties, but the board would not go

along. The compromise provides that Chrysler must make the payment in 30 days.

Mr. Iacocca said the agreement climinates \$1.1 billion in debt and saves \$200 million in interest

charges this year. Creditors in ef-

fect will write off some \$500 million of debt, accepting \$800 million in preferred stock in return.

hon in preferred stock in return. Chrysler will not pay dividends on this stock until after it repays the government-guaranteed loans — it has already borrowed \$800 million with the help of the Treasury guarantees, and the newest installment will raise that to \$1.2 billion.

To cover the remaining \$500 million in debt, Chrysler has agreed to pay creditors 30 cents on the dollar. Under the original plan,

Chrysler did not have to make the initial payment until May, and then only if it wanted to. Under

the compromise, it must pay the

The New York banks had want-

loans already outstanding.

#### **U.S. Prices Rise 0.7%** In January

WASHINGTON - U.S. inflation fell below 10 percent in January for the first time since last summer, helped by the first drop in retail food prices in nearly a year, the Labor Department re-ported Wednesday.

The rise in January's Consumer Price Index was 0.7 percent, which translates into a 9.1-percent rate on a compound annual basis.

That compares with a 13.4-percent annual inflation rate in December. Prices in December rose 1.1 percent. The last time inflation ran below 10 percent was in August, when the index showed no rise and the annual rate was 9 percent.

However, even the reduced Jan-uary rate sharply cut the purchas-ing power of workers.

The Labor Department said real spendable earnings — after taxes and inflation — of an urban, blue-collar family of four with a non-working wife and two children fell 0.1 percent in January. The same family's earnings have fallen 4 percent during the past 12 months.

Despite the drop in the inflation rate, Murray Weidenbaum, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, was not optimistic.

"January's moderate increase in the CPI, although welcome, pro-vides little basis for optimism with regard to the underlying rate of inflation," he said.

January's CPI stood at 260.5, which means that goods costing \$100 in 1967 now cost \$260.50. Put another way, one 1967 dollar has shrunk in buying value to 38 cents.

Food and beverages together registered a zero increase. Prices of food bought at grocery stores fell 0.4 percent in January, the first drop since February 1980.

The cost of housing rose 0.8 percent, a slower rate than recent months, as mortgage rates rose more slowly and house prices fell.

However, energy prices soured, rising 3 percent over the month, with gasoline up 3.8 percent and household fuels up 2.7 percent.

#### The compromise should clear ment of the rest of the 30 cents is the way for final approval of the still up to Chrysler. \$400 million in losm gnarantees by the government board at its sched-fraction of the banks' claims, it

He said that Reagan administrapredictions of a 9.9 percen was vital symbolically, said one 1981 inflation rate, as measured by banker. The banks, he said, were asked to make a significant concesthe GNP deflator, is too optimis-tic. He said inflation measured by sion, and were not getting much in return. By insisting on a mandato-ry cash payment, the banks would be reaffirming the principle that such concessions are not free, the this indicator would run at about 10 or 11 percent.
Mr. Kaufman said interest rates would remain volatile due to the Federal Reserve's techniques of bank official said.

#### U.S. Studying Gold-Dollar Tie

NEW YORK — The Reagan administration continues to consider the idea of a gold standard, but has not formulated any specific policy, Lawrence Kndlow, assistant director of the Office of Management and Budget, told the Financial Analysts federation Wednesday.

In response to a question, Mr. Kudlow said that at this point the idea of having the dollar tied to gold is only in the discussion stage. "A gold-backed dollar is being consider." ered by the administration," he said. "We are currently discuss-ing this but have not formulated any policy yet."

In London, gold finished at \$500 an ounce, off about \$3 on the day. The metal opened at \$504.50-\$506, was set at \$505.75 in the morning and decorated to an afternoon fix of dropped to an afternoon fix of \$500.50.

#### Fed Money Targets Tightened mutual funds sold by stock broker-

including NOW (negotiated order of withdrawal) accounts.

significant reduction in the mone-tary growth rates, Mr. Volcker said of the board's action, which

carried through on the targets he had indicated last July would be

"The new target ranges imply a

WASHINGTON — The Federal Reserve confirmed Wednesday that it will tighten its money and credit growth targets in 1981, a move that Fed Chairman Paul Volcker said was "frankly de-

signed to be restrictive."

Mr. Volcker, appearing before the Senate Banking Committee, generally endorsed the Reagan's administration's program of budget and tax cuts. "The new administration is clearly aware of (economic) realities and has set forth a pregram of action. It has seized the initiative in moving from opportu-nity to practical policy," he said.

#### 'A Significant' Cut

Mr. Volcker, as expected, said the Fed is rightening by a half-per-centage point its growth targets for the nation's basic money supply categories — Ml-A and Ml-B — which include cash in circulation

From Agency Dispatches
NEW YORK — A late rebound

by blue chips pushed prices on the

New York stock market to a solid

gain in active trading Wednesday even though it was sharply lower shortly after midsession.

Analysts said the resiliency of

the blue chips, despite a discourag-ing interest rate forecast from Salomon Brothers partner Henry

Kaufman, encouraged late buying

They also said a less than ex-

pected 0.7 percent rise in consumer

prices in January encouraged

The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age, off 11 points at midday, closed up 8.30 to 954.40 and ad-

vances edged declines by a narrow

margin as turnover quickened to

46 million shares from 43.96 mil-

The market opened slightly higher on the consumer price news but weakness in the technology

shares after a bearish profit fore-

cast from Intel Corp, dragged the oils along. The market weakened further when the Kaufman state-

Mr. Kaulman said he expected

the prime rate to decline to a low of 17 or 18 percent in the next cou-

ple of weeks, before rising again,

perhaps to surpass the 211/2 percent

this year into the record 15 or 16

percent bond yields this year," be

said. But any decline to these lev-els would cause an avalanche of long-term financing by corpora-

The primary reason for continued high interest rates was continuing high government financing needs, Mr. Kaufman said.

On the trading floor, semicon-

that the slowdown in the U.S. economy is striking the semiconductor industry with full force.

French Retail Prices Up

PARIS — French retail prices rose 1.2 percent in January after a 0.9-percent gain in December, giving a year-on-year rise of 12.8 percent compared with 13.6 percent in December, the National Statistics

Institute reported Wednesday.

Intel, one of the top five and

"I would not rule out 13 or 14

Most large banks now quote a

record rate seen late last year.

19 percent prime rate.

monetary control.

to 15 percent

tions, he said.

by institutions.

lion Tuesday.

ment hit newswires.

**Sharp Rebound on NYSE** 

**Despite Gloom Over Rates** 

Last February, the board decided that M1-A should grow 3½-to-6 percent in 1980 and that M1-B should expand 4-to-6½ percent. M1-A actually grew 6.25 percent and M1-B at 6.34 percent, last year. In July, Mr. Volcker indicated the central bank would reduce

those target ranges by a half-per-centage point in 1981.

Mr. Volcker said the Fed will not change its targets for the broader money supplies M-2 and M-3, which include new forms of market rate savings instruments

manufacturers, predicted approxi-

mately break-even first quarter

profitability, citing primarily a continuing deterioration in the large-scale memory products market, a major earnings contributor.

The announcement stunned

most analysts because it was the

first admission by a leading semi-conductor firm that business has

contends there is no quick solution to the continuing decline in the ra-tio of new orders to shipments.

industry, McGraw-Hill Informa-

tion Systems said Wednesday that

construction contracts will rise by

In a review of the construction

clear how rapidly or smoothly. He said that the Fed has decided

not to change its present operating techniques that monitor and control money and credit despite sharp criticism about the volatile changes in the money supply and interest rates last year. Much of that criticism has come from advis-

er, have under consideration possible modifications and improvements." These could include more frequent adjustment of the discount rate, which is the interest it charges on loans and recently has remained significantly below mar-

declined much more rapidly than expected and recovery may be Reflecting this fear, stocks of other hig semiconductor compa-nies fell in concert with latel. Analysts James Berdell of Montgomery Securities in San Francisco

"During 1980, despite the pressures arising from sharply higher oil prices and the strong momen-

12 percent in 1981 to \$164,5 bil-"In my judgment, until we do so lion, which is about \$10 billion less than predicted six months ago,

In an update of its "1981 Dodge-Sweet's Construction Out-look," McGraw-Hill predicted a 1 percent gain in non-residential construction to \$53.1 billion as President Ronald Reagan's reindustrialization program goes into McGraw-Hill attributed the

downward revision to the "force of last year's money market distortions and the stress that lies ahead due to monetary and fiscal policy conflicts."

On the foreign exchange market, the dollar remained slightly firmer in quiet midsession trading, deal-The dollar weakened early this

morning on news of a smaller than expected rise in U.S. Consumer prices in January.

However, it recovered after Fed Chairman Paul Volcker's state-ments on tighter money growth He said he expected long-term corporate bond yields could rise percent range from the current 14

The dollar was quoted at around 2.1065-80 marks, against an opening 2.1015-25.

is a recognition that ultimately the kind of policies we and others are pursuing assure a better future for the American economy and, par-ticularly, (for) inflation," he add-

ages.
On the dollar, Mr. Volcker said recent action in West Germany to raise interest rates should strength-

He said that high U.S. interest

rates and the relatively strong posi-

tion of the U.S. current account are behind the dollar's recent

surge. "I would like to think there

en the Deutsche mark.

The administration's assertion that it can cut inflation in half within three years is not unreason-

hope we can do more," he said.

Mr. Volcker declined to predict the course of interest rates, except to say that he expected them to come, down although it was not

ers close to President Reagan.
But Mr. Volcker told the committee that the Fed does, "howev-

ket interest rates.

Throughout his testimony, Mr

Volcker emphasized the need for Congress to enact significant spending cuts to complement tight money policies and push down inflationary pressures.

tum of large wage settlements, in-flation did not increase. But the hard fact is we, as a nation, have not yet decisively turned back the tide of inflation.

prospects for strong and sustained economic growth will remain

The Fed's monetary policy has come under strong attack from many sides. The housing and anto indutries complain that tight mon-ey has pushed interest rates to prohibitive levels. Some Reagan advisers and many conservative congressmen charge that the Fed has not been consistent enough, and as a result, both money growth and interest rates have been highly

#### **OPEC Seen Favoring** Oil, Gas Price Link

VIENNA — An Iranian propos-al to link oil and natural gas prices has wide support within OPEC, spokesman Hamid Zaheri said

Wednesday.
Iran's Oil Ministry published the proposal Tuesday. Mr. Zaheri said the plan will be studied and discussed at an OPEC meeting pext month

#### CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for February 25, 1981, excluding bank service charges F.F. 11.1. 47.065 0.2294 6.9975 3.1015 2.000 x 11.0296 2.055.78 205.78 0.2014 0.8964 4 D.M. 110.445 1 14.3275 2,3240 34,29 2,1065 2,2313 1,012,05 ductor stocks were hard hit Wednesday as Intel gave evidence London (b) 2,257.90 4.9325 5,5790 1,226,27 2.87.50 41.6197

These securities have been sold outside the United States of America and Japan. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

**NEW ISSUE** 

10th February, 1981

**European Economic Community** U.S. \$25,000,000

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Sanwa Bank (Underwriters) Limited

# Mitsui Finance Europe Limited

#### of paying off its entire debt Soviet Union in the 1960s, White (E) kita said. 13,716 exploring with Mr. Gu and Chinese leaders what had 8.244 12,366 vrong with the original Chi-rojections, Mr. Okita said it The above table indicates our export prices and the current basis for cosh repurchase by A.D.F. ANTWERP BEAMSOND FUND mother house price 1850 Dismond Sechange, 78 Policonstruct, Antwerp. Belgium, Tel. 300.028, Tales Dismond 33117 Represented in Europe and U.S.A. rolained to him that in the y to improve consumer livandards, wages had been But at the same time, the

# would be difficult to supply the oil needed by the petrochemical units. Mr. Okita says that final decisions have not been made, but that first 5% cents to the banks; paysions have not been made, but that it is likely that at least part of the original petrochemical capacity will never be built. The Baoshan plant, on the other hand, will be delayed and not canceled. He said that China intends to complete the

recently expanded chart book "Commodities". No other service provides such a full coverage of both the U.S. and U.K. markets, including bar and point and figure charts, indicators and interpretations, with a special emphasis on the most significant developments.

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By Steve Lohr New York Times Service NEW YORK — Much of what is wrong with U.S. management is most vividly evident in the way many companies account for their

inventories. That, at least, is the contention of many respected observers of management practices, including Reginald H. Jones, chairman of General Electric, and Peter F.

Drucker, the author-consultant. Their indictment springs from what these critics say is the seemingly irrational foodness managements display for the FIFO method of inventory accounting in the current inflationary period,

Under FIFO (first-in, first-out), reported earnings are higher, but so is taxable income, and there-fore, tax paymeois. Using the al-ternate method, LIFO (last-in. first-out), reported earnings are lower, but taxes are, too.

The continuing penchant for FIFO is "the most damning piece of evidence that can be marshaled by the critics of American manage-ment," says Mr. Jones of GE, a long-time LIFO user. Not employing such inflation-

adjustment techniques as LIFO is "slothful and irresponsible." Mr. Drucker writes in his current book. Managing in Turbulent Times."

#### 'Inventory Profits'

In the simplest case, under FIFO if a company buys an item at the beginning of a year for \$10 and sells it at the end of the year when that same piece of mer-chandise would cost \$15, its cost is recorded at the price paid earlier. Thus an "ioventory profit" of \$5 is added to the company's earnings.

Uoder LIFO, there would gener-

ally be no inventory profit in the same case, sioce the item's cost would be recorded at year-end



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The undersigned announces that as from February 20th, 1981, at Kas-Associatio N.V., Spuistraat 172, Amsterdam, div. cp. o 15 of the CDR's Bass Limited. each repr. 50 shares, will be payable with Dils. 17,17 (re final dividend for the year eded September 30th, 1980) 6.3 p. per share. Tax credit £1.35 = Dils. 7.39 per CDR.

Von-residents of the United Kingdom can only claim this tax credit when the relevant tax treaty meets this facility.

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.

Amaterdam, February 17th, 1981.

ALLIANCE INTLC/o Bk of Berm — Id (Alliance Intl.SRsvs.(\$1).....

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OIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT

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\$43.93

ROTHSCHILD ASSET MGMT 18em
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UNION BANK OF SWITZERLANO:

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BRITANNIA 7 RUST MNGT. [CI] Ltc.:

— Iw) Universol Dollar Trusi ..... \$ 119.2c

— Iw) High Interest Blerling...... £25.0pvd

LIFO's underlying logic is that, in inflationary times, it better reflects the current cost of goods

With LIFO, companies, by legally avoiding some taxes, have more funds for new plant and equipment, research and development and expansion projects — the kinds of investments that corporate managers say are so desper-ately needed if U.S. business is to survive against increasingly aggressive foreign competitors. Such a corporate revitalization might then crease the stagnating productivi-

ty of the economy. Nevertheless, only about onethird of all manufacturing invento-ries are accounted for on a LIFO basis, the Commerce Department estimates. Compaoies still overwhelmingly prefer FIFO, de-

spite the reduced cash flow.

In the view of many, the reluctance to switch to LIFO reflects management's obsessive concern with short-term profits, even when the long-term health of corpora-tions suffers as a consequence.

#### Striking Effect

The cumulative effect of LIFO in an inflationary era can be striking. Since it switched to LIFO in 1955. GE has realized a LIFO tax

saving of more than \$1 billion, says Thomas Thorsen, senior vice president of finance.

Among those that have switched to LIFO are Jewel Cos., Eli Lilly, Clorox, American Hospital Supply and Williams Cos.

ings by \$12 million. However. LIFO also means a tax saving of the same amount.

"The increased cash flow and the lower taxes are the reasons we're doing this," said Gene Kilham, Jewel's controller.

Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Co., known as a well-man-aged concern, is still on FIFO. "We keep looking at the possi-bility of switching to LIFO every year," said Ralph Ebbott. 3M's

treasurer. "But we feel that our management knows bow to run the business oo a F1FO basis, is com-fortable with it, and changing could be disruptive."

Yet 3M is paying dearly to avoid unsettling its traditional practice. Gary Biddle, an assistant professor at the University of Chicago Busi-ness School, has calculated the ad-ditional taxes many companies have paid by staying on LIFO for the 1974-78 period.

For 3M, the extra FIFO taxes paid over that span totaled \$118 million, Mr. Biddle estimates, Mr. Ebbott, however, disputes that fig-ure, saving it is "much too high."

As Mr. Ebbott sees it, one major

trouble with LIFO is that "you don't really know your costs until the end of the year." a concern shared by many managements.
This perceived problem results

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\$ 14.79 \$ 44.92 \$ 102.18 \$ 40.44 \$ 16.18 \$ .59 \$ 22.60 \$ 4.95A \$ 1.95A \$ 1.90 \$ 1.90 \$ 1.25 \$ 1.25 \$ 1.704.00

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INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

February 25, 1981 The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed with the exception of some funds whose quates are based on issue prices. The following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT: [d]—dolly; [w)—weekly; [m]—monthly; (r)—regularly; [i]—irregularly.

## from the basic difference between LIFO and FIFO. Under FIFO, inventory costs flow through the concern as if on a contract the **Paris Talks** concern as if on a conveyor belt — that is, costs are assigned to units sold in the same order the costs en-

the change should be made never-

**COMPANY** 

**REPORTS** 

Revenus and profits, in millions, are in local currencies unless otherwise indicated.

Consolidated Gold Fields

**Corrington Vivello** 

Johnson Motthey & Co.

Matsushito Electric Inds. Year 1988

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taxes." Mr. Bruns said.

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**United States** 

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Profits .... Per Shore.....

PARIS — A group of Western oations and Japan said Wednesday they agreed to provide urgent short-term aid to help the Polish tered inventory.
Under LIFO, inventory costs are accumulated as if oo a rock pile, with the newest costs being removed from the top and assigned to units sold. So for acgovernment with its external debts. A communique issued after a three-day meeting said many delecounting purposes, the cost of goods sold for a year is often not known until the end of that year. gations would recommend interim measures to their governments. The communique gave no figures but said the 15-member group LIFO, then, is an accounting treatment of inventory that is dif-

would meet again in early April.

Western officials said Poland
may need up to \$10 billioo in 1981 ferent from the way the parts or supplies on inventory are actually handled. "A lot of managers," William Bruns Jr., a Harvard Business School professor, says, "consider LIFO an unnatural act." in new loans to cover repayment of interest and outstanding debt now due. It is estimated that Poland's debts to Western countries and Accounting specialists recognize banks will rise to \$25-to-\$26 bil-

the management adjustment a LIFO switch necessitates, but say lion by the end of this year. The communique noted that an arrangement was being worked out between Poland and the commertheless. "A firm is foolisb if it doesn't switch to LIFO and save cial banks on debts not covered by

government guarantees.

Commercial bankers may meet in London later this week to examine ways of rescheduling some of ine ways of rescheduling some of Poland's commercial debts, estimated at three-quarters of its outstanding liabilities, officials said.

The communique said a Polish delegation took part in the meeting, during which experts examined Poland's external payments

problems. Earlier, West German Econom-

ics Minister Otto Lambsdorff had said in Bonn that he did not expect an overall solution to the problem of rescheduling Poland's foreign debt to be found before July I. In an interview on West Ger-man radio after talks with Polish

Deputy Premier Henryk Kisiel, Mr. Lambsdorff said some sort of bridging arrangement will have to be found in the meantime.

#### Turkey Expects Increased Aid

PARIS (AP) — Turkey expects to receive aid pledges of about \$1.5 billion this year from members of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Turgut Ozal, Turkey's deputy pre-mier and chief economic planner,

said Wednesday.

After conferring with OECD
Secretary-General Emile van Lennep, Mr. Ozal said the United States and West Germany are likely to contribute 50 percent or more of this year's aid package, which compares with \$1.2 billion pledged last year.

He said be hopes the agreement will be completed at the next OECD pledging session set for mid-April, Mr. Ozal said he also expects a new rescheduling agree-ment on official debts amounting to some \$300 million.

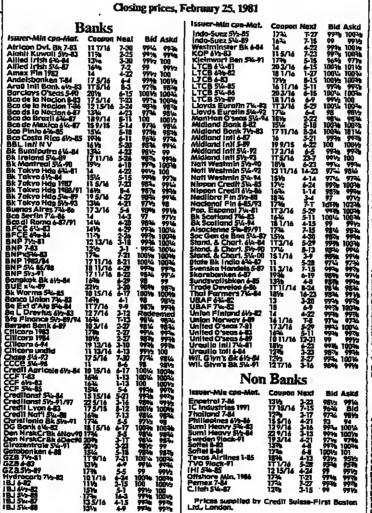
In reply to questions, Mr. Ozal said that commercial banks have said that commercial banks have recently agreed in principle to modify the terms of their debt res-cheduling agreement signed in 1979 that rolled over some \$3.5 billion over seven years with a threeyear grace period. The new accord with the banks calls for a 10-year rollover, including a five-year grace period, Mr. Ozal said.

**Eurocurrency Interest Rates** 

1979 1,740, 155.3 4.39 4147

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		Dollar	D-Mark	Swiss		French	

# as Tight Motes



ADVERTISEMENT AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY (CDR's)

The undersigned announces that as from February 26th, 1981, at Kas-Associatie N.V., Spustmat 172, Amsterdam, div. ep. n° 11 of the CDR's American Exn° 11 of the CDR's American Express Company, each repr. 5 shares, will be payable with Dfls. 5.06 net (div. per record-date 1.2.1981; gross \$.50 p. uh.) after deduction of 15% USA-tax = \$.3750 = Dfls. .89 per CDR.
Div. cps. belonging to non-residents of The Netherlands will be paid after deduction of an additional 15% USA-tax (= \$.3750 = Dfls. .89) with Dfls. 4.17 net.

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V. Amsterdam, February 17th, 1981.



Gold Options (grices in \$/ex.)

Freat May Aug. Grices in \$/ex.)

50 (15.00-550) (3.00-6.00 Fig. short per upper on feb. 25th of 3 p.m.
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# NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Feb. 25 Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

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Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the fares
table are assual disbursements based on the last quarter

12 Month Stock High Low Div. In

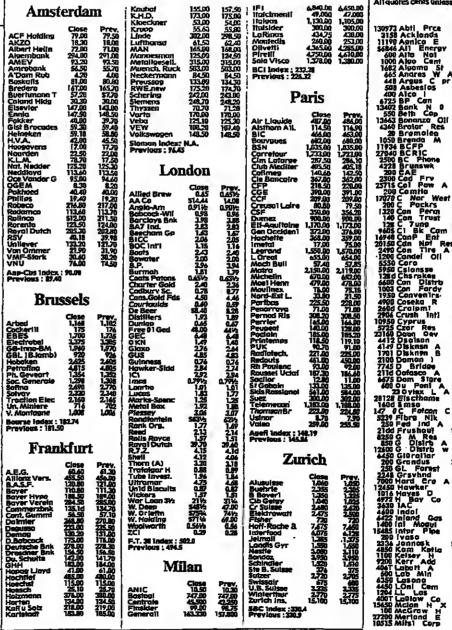
al declaration. Special or extra dividents or p designated as regular are identified in the follow o—Also extra or extrus. b—Annual rate plus stock divide c—Liquidating dividend, s—Declared or paid in preceding months. i—Declared or paid effer stock dividend or spittus. Poid this year, dividend ornitred, deferred or no extinutional loss dividend meeting. k—Delcared or baid this year, co or mutative issue with dividends in arrabos, n—New issue, r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months, plus stock dividend, in Poid in shock in preceding 12 months, estimated cost value exclusional or seculativity to do do.

vi-in bankruptcy or receivership or being recrea

he Bankruptcy Act or securities assumed by Yearly highs and lows reflect the previous 52 weeks him to current week, but not the latest tradited day. Where a pall to stock dividend amounting to 26 per care more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend an

#### **European Stock Markets** February 25, 1981

(Closing prices in local currencies)



Prev. 6.30 45.30 121.40 121.40 121.40 121.40 121.40 123.50

Weekly net asset value Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V. an January 1, 1980: U.S. \$66.42 an February 23, 1981: U.S. \$92.71

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Amsterdam.

**Toronto Stocks** Closing Prices, February 24, 1981

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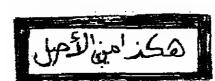
Tokyo Exchange

New Index : 504.94 ; Previous : 503.92 Nikkel-DJ index : 7,121.46 ; Previous : 7,111.23

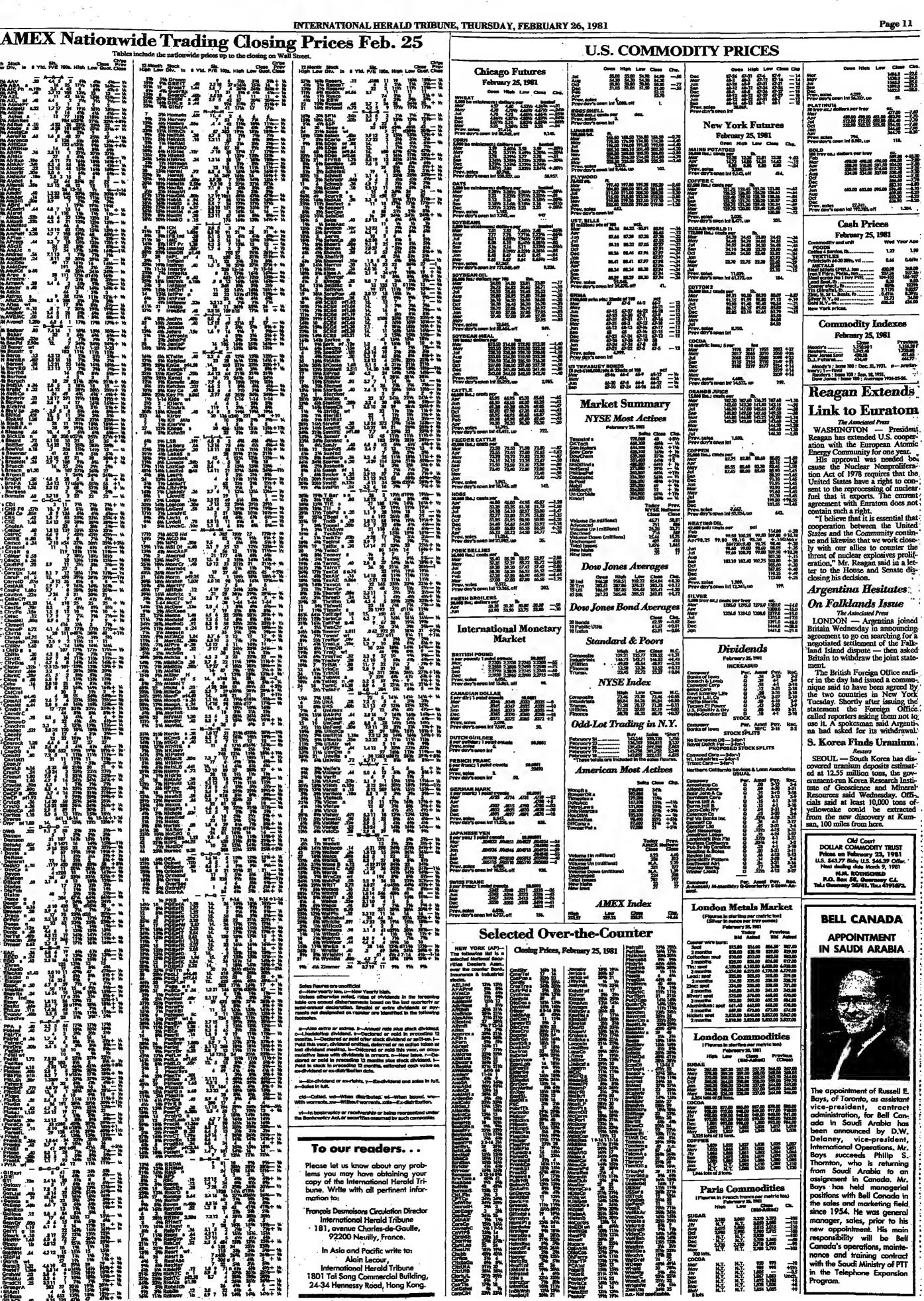
TUGITY 25, 1981 Yen

Japan Tops in Indone: JAKARTA — Japan was

largest foreign investor in donesia at end of June, 1980, donesia at end of June, 1980, \$3.9 billion invested in 202 rects, a spokesman for the Mini of Industry announced Weddoy. The government had proved a total 782 foreign in the control of the second state. ment projects.



ming Prices



1801 Tai Sang Commercial Building, 24-34 Hennessy Road, Hong Kong.

Page 11

# CROSSWORD. By Eugene T. Maleska

- **ACROSS**
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- quotation 38 Lincoln's "Сар'п—
- 39 Time out of mind 40 Noted conductor

from Genoa

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- for short 46 Mellow 47 Irish province 50 Late arrival at
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ROME SAO PAULO SEOUL SINGAPORE STOCKHOLM

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VENICE

VIENNA WARSAW

Solution to Previous Puzzle

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  - by an idiot .": Macbeth 47 Beyond, in Berlin
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  - 50 Gaff 51 Exploit 52 Sufflx with confer
  - 53 School allied with King's College 55 Lawyer's retainer 56 Actor

Stallone's

#### Wouldn't it be something IF THAT LITTLE RED-HAIRED GIRL CAME OVER HERE AND GAVE ME A KISS? N U T

HONEY, WOULD YOU CHECK

THE BLADMIER

CONTRACT YOU

I CAN'T GET UP

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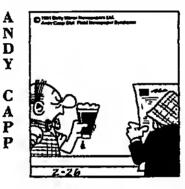








HORE





YOU'LL NEED

SOMETHING

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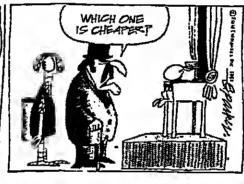
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**MIRGY** 

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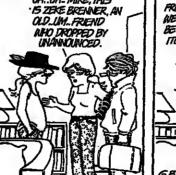














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North and North West Africa: 25,650, 21,470, 15,070, 11,750, 9,410, 7,130 and 5,975 KHz in the 11, 13, 19, 25, 31, 42 and 53 meter bands. Southern Africa: 25.650, 21.660, 17.890, 15.400, 1 | 1220, 9.410, 7.185 and 6.005 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 25, 31, 61 and 47 meter bonds.

Middle East: 1322KHz and 227M Medium Wove. 25.650. 21,710, 17,770, 15,310. 11,760, 9,410, 7,140, 6,120 and 2,990 KHz in the 11, 13. 16. 19. 25, 31. 42. 49 and 75 meter bands.

Southern Asia: 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wave. 25,650, 21,550, 17,770, 15,310, 11,750, 9,600, 7,100 and 4,195 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 25, 31, 41 and 48 meter bands. East and South East Asia : 25.450, 17.790, 15.310, 11.345, 9.570, 6.195 and 2.915 KHz in the 11, 16, 19, 25, 21.48 and 76 meter bands. Also for Singapore only: 88,900 KHz VHF.

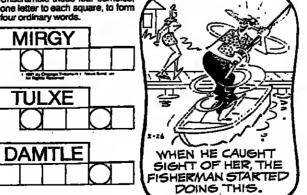
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Western Europe: KHz 15,245, 7,325, 6,060. 5,955. 3,980. 1,197, 792. 11,760, 9,760, 1,276 in the 19.7, 61.1, 49.5, 50 4, 75.7, 251 [medium wave]. 379 (medium wave], 25.5, 30.7 and 232 [medium wave] meter bonds. Middle East: KHz 15,205, 11,915,9,760, 7,200, 6,040, I,260 in the 19.7, 25.2, 30.7, 48,7, 49.7, 238 meter bands. East Asia and Pacific: KHz 17,820, 17,740, 15,270, 11,760, 9,770, 26,000, 6,110 and 1,575 on the 14, 16,9, 19,6, 25,5, 30,7, 11,5, 49,2, 190 meter bands. South Asia: KPz 21.540, 17.740, 15.205, 11,915, 9,760, 7,105 on the 13.9, 16.9, 19.7, 25.2, 30.7 and 42.2 meter

Africo: KHZ 26,840, 21,660, 17,870, 15,330, 11,915, 9,740 7,280, 6,125, 9,995, 3,990 on the 11,5, 13,6, 16,8, 19,4, 25,2, 30,8, 41,2, 49, 50, 75,2 meter bonds.

# JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee





Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Print answer here:

Jumbles: BERET VISOR CAJOLE OUIVER Answer: Took in more than could be comfortably accommodated—OVERATE

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#### DENNIS THE MENACE



LOOK AT HIS FEET 60! I BET HE'S DREAMIN' ABOUT SLIMMER!



#### BOOKS

#### THE COMPANY OF WOMEN

By Mary Gordon. Random House. 291 pp. \$12.95.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

IN her astonishingly poised and in-telligent first novel, "Final Pay-Mary Gordon told the story of a Roman Catholic woman who sac-rificed her youth to care for her ailing but beloved father, and who must come to difficult terms with her young middle age once her father dies. In her second novel, "The Company of Women." Gordon appears at first to be dealing with a different situation

rentirely.

Felicitas Maria Taylor is the special pet and hope for the future of five working women (among them, of course, her mother, Charlotte), who have in common their longtime devotion to a priest named Cyprian Leonard. Father Cyprian, too, regards Feli-citas as special, and he has undertak-en the training of her mind, her soul

and her body.

But Felicitas longs to be merely ordinary. So when she enrolls in Columbia University's School of General Studies in 1969 and falls in love with a radical young professor named Rob-ert Cavendish, she refuses to bring to bear what Cyprian has taught her or even to exercise her intelligence. Only after she is abandoned by Robert and finds herself pregnant by either him or another man he has urged her to sleep with, does she return to Father Cyprian and the company of women.

#### Spiritual Prodigies

This story may seem different from the one told in "Final Payments," but in essence it is almost the same. Both Felicitas and the heroine of the first novel, Isabel Moore, are spiritual prodigies of sorts, who are protected from "real life" by their relationships with older men. Both older men, Fa-ther Cyprian and Isabel Moore's father, are fiercely conservative Roman Catholics who expect their girls to fol-low in their spiritual paths. Both suf-fer breakdowns of their health — Cyprian a heart attack and Isabel's father a stroke — which are apparent consequences of rebellious acts by Felicius and Isabel, for which the women blame themselves unconsciously

Both Felicitas and Isabel get into sexual messes as a result of breaking free from their "fathers." Both end up seeking refuge with "mothers." In-deed the only significant differences between the two stories are, first, that in "The Company of Women" the father figure's anger at his daughter's sexual rebellioo exists mostly in the daughter's mind, although the reader is led to share her fantasy almost until the end; and second, that unlike Isa-bel, Felicitas has a child and ends up getting married, to one of a number of inarticulate but knowing types who come in for praise in Gordon's fiction, and who contrast so sharply with her various father figures. This can be construed as progress of a sort.

The question remains: Why, if the two oovels resemble each other so strongly, is "The Company of Wom-en" such a falling off from the high level of "Final Payments"? The answer could well be that in trying to probe deeper into the psychological situation that underlies both novels, Gordoo has bumped into something she can't yet resolve. But I'd prefer to believe that the problem is simply that the new novel is technically more ambitious than the earlier one. For in telling her story from at least

seven different points of view, Gordon is trying to achieve a narrative far more complex and modulated than she did in "Final Payments." By introducing the counterculture of the 1960s, she has striven for much more violent contrasts than she attempts in her first novel. And unless I'm reading in what isn't there, a symbolic subtext underlies the new book that wasn't present in the earlier one. Part I of The Company of Women closes with a highly allusive scene beside a

well that is difficult not to assoc with the Genesis story of Jacob's i meeting with Rachel. And to but this allusion, the remaining time s of the novel is twice seven or 14 ye the same period that Jacob bad it bor for Rachel's hand in marriage.

The problem is that by multiply. the points of view, Gordon has cr ed more problems than she solved. Instead of expanding th of her story, she has merely dissipit. As for her treatment of the Colbia scene: Her picture of countries thre life is so saturically extreme the character of Robert Cavendia contemptible, that Felicitas has a cither insanely oblivious to realit maniacally rebellious against Fa Cyprian and the women. What the case, it only serves to diminish

interest in her. And if I'm not ; gether deluded in seeing the Bib dimension to the scene at the

then it is not quite clear what pur

it serves. For it is already apparthat Cyprian's interest in Felicit. more than spiritual.

Not that one blames Gordon experimenting in the ways that does. After all, in her first novel proved herself so masterly at a st teller and a stylist that she earner sesthetic right to move in any d non she wished. But "The Comof Women," for all its intelligence moral insight, remains a disappment. Next to the incandescent Final Payments," it merely glow;

Christopher Lehmann-Haum k the staff of The New York Times.

#### Spanish Movie Chosen Best File At Berlin Festive

The Associated Press BERLIN - Spanish director Ca Saura's "Deprisa, Deprisa" (His Hurry), a film about youth gaig-lence in Madrid, won the Golden is award as the best film of the 31st. ternational Berlin Film Festival.

Best actor awards went jointy
Jack Lemmon of the United States
his role in Bob Clark's "Tribute," ato Anatoli Solonizya for his role.
"Twenty-Six Days in the Life of I
toyevsky" by Alexander Zarchi of
Soviet Union. Barbara Grabowshie
the Polish film "Fever," won the be actress award.

"Das Boot ist voll" (The Boat's Full), a Swiss entry by Markus Im-hoff, won awards for screenplay as direction. The jury awarded a special prize to the Indian film "Alase san dhane" (In Search of Famue), ir Mrinal Sen.

"History of the World in The Minutes Flat from Canada, direct by Michael Mills, was chosen by 177 17 17 17 short film. Te Land, ter zee en in hight" (On Land, on Sea and in the Air), from the Netherlands, by h Driessen, won the short film come

Honorable mention for art achievement went to the Japan film "Gypsy Melodies," by Sea-Suzuki, for its vivid visuals, and Georges Barky of Belgium for camera work in "Le grand pays d'Alexis Droeven."

The award to the Spanish film something of a surprise, as "La vinciale" a French-Swiss produc of Claude Goretta, had been regar

as the favorite.

The awards news conference interrupted briefly by a group of n demonstrators calling for better ditions in West Berlin jails. The g was allowed to read a list of dema then left without further incidents.

# BRIDGE

By Alan Truse

EVERY beginner knows that lowed the queen to win, and we against silent opponents 26 high-card points in the combined hands severed in hearts. A spade was k will make three no-trump reasonable, and experts often make do with 25. But if the opponents open the bidding or overcall, the appropriate number is relative: 26 may not be enough if the enemy suit is unstopped; but if it is well stopped, a lower point-count will often suffice, since the high cards can

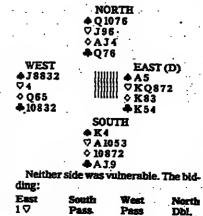
be placed accurately.

North and South carried this to extremes on the diagramed deal, but survived, thanks to some skillful dummy-play

South jumped to two no-trump when his partner made a balancing double of the opening one-heart bid. This could have ended the proceedings, but North went on to game, placing great faith in his partner's dummy-play skill.

West led his singleton heart, start-

ing on the road toward establishing his partner's fifth heart. South al-



Pass

Dbl. 3N T. Pass. Pass Pass 2N.T. **Pass** 

Pass

the king, and a diamond to the lost to the king.

A heart was won with the v

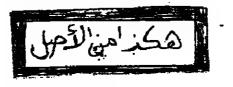
spade was ducked, driving out the and another heart removed the East finally had a heart winner the position was this: NORTH **♦**Q10

Ø— ♦A4 **4**Q7 **4**J9 ♦Q6 **4** 10 8 SOUTH ¢ 1087 **♣**AJ8

West had already been force give up a club, so South was in s tion to make nine tricks by guest the situation in that suit. Be-avoided the guess by leading th moud ten. This offered a chan pinning the nine in the East and, as it was, West had to cover the queen.

Dummy's ace won and the p the spade queen embarrassed Ea-could not spare the diamond nin if he had thrown a club, South have scored three tricks in tha without difficulty. So East reluc gave up the heart winner is worked so hard to establish.

Now South threw a club fro hand and conceded a diamon East, the fourth and last trick for defense. East bad to lead a clul the play of the king did not hel South won in his hand and unble the queen in dummy to make who tricks.



# It Happens Every Spring --Sometimes With a Strike Threat

By Joseph Durso New York Times Service

PETERSBURG, Fla. — Spring, the season of hope, routing this week in 26 baseball camps from Palm ags to Palm Beach. But, far the second straight year, hreat of labor strile is hanging over the 1,100 players. teams and their negotiating committees.

If the next six weeks, resorts in the Sun Belt will

a alive with the seasonal call to arms: 650 jobs to be 385 exhibition games to be played, 10 new managers s tested. Four Japanese teams will even join the cast, ) miles from their stadiums back home.

#### Offstage Drama

ring training, 1980 — the countdown to the 106th of of major league baseball. It is a time when the Lehampion Philadelphia Phillies are welcomed to water in a civic parade, when teen-aged rookies tete with 41-year-old Willie Stargell and 42-year-old and Perry, when Pete Rose is be nearing birthday 0 and hit No. 3,630.

it is also a time when the drama on the field will be aged by the drama off it, as it was in similar disputes 72, again in 1976 and again in 1980. In an echo of vear's spring training season, when the players boy-i the final week of exhibition games, trouble once

e club owners have announced they are instituting a n of compensation for teams that lose free agents s, the team that signs a free agent must surrender a ssional player in return. The players are resisting.

#### . Walkout Likely

a how far they will resist will be decided this week, the player representatives of all 26 teams meet. The good is they will call a strike for sometime in the months starting March 1. If so, the crisis averted at th hour last May will again confront the sport as it the sixth season of the free-agent revolution.

1 an old story and an nld provocation: how to divide oney poured into the big leagues each year by the 41 n customers who attend the games and by the telestations that cover them.

If the story and the training season are being spiced me by the arrival in camp of transplanted stars with I salaries. But with or without millionaires, spring ng is an old story, too. Trobably began 111 years ago, six years before the

mal League was formed, when a team from Chicago south with one purpose: to get into shape to defeat incinnati Red Stockings, who had cruised through evious season undefeated.

Now, all the big-league teams pitch camps — one in California, seven in Arizona and 18 in Florida — as places to build biceps and beat drums for the regular win it all."

"If we stay healthy," says Michael, reaching for the cliche favored by managers of springtimes past, "we can place to build biceps and beat drums for the regular win it all."

places to build biceps and beat drums for the regular season, which this year opens April 8.

This spring there is a stunning series of changes in managers, with five brand-new and five only slightly used ones on the scene.

In the American League, Ralph Houk ends two years' retirement and returns as manager of Boston, the team he regularly tried to destroy when he worked for the New York and Detroit. He replaces Don Zimmer, whn surfaces with Texas as the successor to Pat Corrales. And the Yankees, the whirling dervishes of baseball, introduce Gene Michael as manager in place of Dick Howser—one year after they introduced Michael as general manager.

The American League arrives for its 81st season with

three slightly new skippers. They were hired during the last season but are making their training-camp debuts:

Bob Rodgers with the Milwankee Brewers in George Bamberger's place, John Goryl with Minnesota for Gene Mauch and Manry Wills with Seattle, where Darrell Juhnson used to tread.

#### 'Constant Struggle'

In the National League, season Nn. 106 brings Frank Howard onto the job with San Diego, Jerry Coleman re-turning to the broadcasting booth after one long, losing summer. Frank Robinson starts his second tour as a manager, this time with San Francisco. He replaces Dave Bristol, who was dismissed just before the managers' luncheon during baseball's business conventionin Decem-

In the almost-new category, Joe Amalfitano takes the Chicago Cubs to camp in place of Preston Gomez, who surrendered last summer. And Whitey Herzog, who became manager and general manager of St. Louis during last season, arrives in camp still wearing both hats. He succeeded Ken Boyer in one joh and John Claiborne in

"The whole system has changed so much that it's a constant struggle," said Herzog, who negotiated trades that involved 21 players in one week in December. "Ynu try to figure out who can walk away and when they can walk, and then you struggle to achieve one thing: stabili-

But spring is the time when everybody starts work on even terms: no victories, no defeats. It is also traditionally the time for surging rhetoric. Consider the American League's Eastern Division, perhaps the toughest of the two leagues' four divisions. It was won last year by the Yankees, who then were swept from the playoffs by the

The Orioles," says Earl Weaver, starting his 13th full season as manager, 'played the best baseball in the ma-jors over the last two-thirds of the season. But with the injuries and other problems we had at the start, it wasn't enough to overcome the Yankees. If we can play well in the early months, look out."

"When we acquired Ted Simmons, Rollie Fingers and Pete Vuckovich," says Rodgers, counting his blessings from trades, "we were instantly turned into a contender. I feel much better about the club now than f did when we

#### Sparky in Springtime

Most managers feel better now than when they ended the season. But few can match the springtime prose of Sparky Anderson of the Tigers:

There's no question we happen to be in the toughest division in the major leagues," says Anderson. "No doubt about it. That doesn't mean we'll roll over and play dead. But it does mean our young men are in for a battle, and it's my job to get them mean and hungry. Last year, we scored more runs than any team in baseball."

The Tigers scored 830 runs last year, and finished fifth. But Anderson shows that a realist's heart is beating be-neath an optimist's words: "No team will win with a 4.25 earned-rum average like we had last year. Especially in our division

The Yankees were the first to arrive on this honeful scene, opening their early camp in Fort Lauderdale Feb.

12. Three days later, Billy Martin pitched camp for his souring Oakland A's, second in the West last year but first in Arizona this spring.

#### Dodgers Romp, 12-1

By then, the Los Angeles Dodgers even had a game under their blue belts. The Dodgers, who lost their final game of 1980 to the Houston Astros with a division title on the line, won their first game of 1981 with nothing on the line, overpowering the UCLA varsity, 12-1, in five innings two weeks ago.

No manager is permitted to order players into camp before March 1, but most of them "invite" their pitchers and catchers to report late in February. Pitchers need time to shake off winter, and they usually throw for a week before the hitters arrive. The exhibition season begins March 7. Then everybody gets into the act. Three clubs will even travel outside the mainland. The Royals and Rangers go to Puerto Rico March 23 for the

seventh series in eight years for the benefit of the Roberto Clemente Sports City. And the Padres go in Mexico City for three night games starting March 10.

The long-distance record, though, goes to the fourteams from Japan. In Arizona, the Yakult Swallows are training with the Padres in Yuma, the Hanshin Tigers with the Mariners in Tempe, and the Taiyn Whales with the Cubs in Mesa. And the Tokyo Gianus are with the Dodgers in Vero Beach

The legendary Sadaharu Oh, who hit 868 home runs befine retiring last October, makes his debut as assistant manager of the Giants. But Oh will feel at home among some of America's senior baseball citizens as they approach milestones.

Rose, entering his third season with the Phils, will be 40 in April. He needs only 73 hits to tie Stan Musial as

the National League's career leader at 3,630. Perry, 42 last September, needs to pitch 11 victories to reach 300. Last September, needs to pitch 11 victories in leads to move Carl Yastrzemski, who is 41, needs 67 games to move into second place behind Henry Aaron, who played in 3,298. Stargell, still awarding gold stars to his teammates at 41, needs only four home runs to pass Musial at 475. And Jim Kaat, at 42, warms up his left arm for his 23d season of pitching in the majors.

Notable Trio

Three slightly younger pitchers, Tom Seaver, Steve Cartion and Ferguson Jenkins, are all likely to notch their 3,000th strikeout this season — a remarkable feat: Only four other men in baseball history have done it.

Far young and ald, for winners and losers, for players who become free agents and for owners who sign them, another season of hope has arrived.



Step 1: Yankee outfielder Rupert Jones leads teammates in the ritual of loosening-up exercises.

Cooney Rides Out Enforced Layoff

# Stastny Brothers Mead Nordique Surge

the Quebec Nordiques he thick of the National y League playoff picture.

Stastny brothers, who zechoslovakian national have scored 13 goals in the \_\_\_\_ o games. Their output has move the Nordiques into a 12th place overall with the ork Rangers.

brothers each scored three a a 9-3 victory Friday night 20 season. ancouver before Peter tal-- Er and Anton three in an 11ry Sonday night over Wash--

: := := an also collected five assists ter four against Washing-حوضعت

IL Standings

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M.E.

Treador's Resolts

12.53. Louis 2 Choromen (16), Behven

18 (31), Louis 2 Choromen (17), Meessler

29 (39), Brook (11), Behürer (23),

2 (27), Grosh (11), Behürer (23),

(4); Prope (19), Linesmon (8),

(15), Kerr (17)).

Linesmon (8),

Linesmon (

200

A18-37

ton, giving the pair 27 points in BEC — The scoting feats of two games. Their 16 points Sunday and Anton Stastny have established an NHL single-game points record for two brothers, eclipsing the 13 by Max and Doog Bentley of the Chicago Black Hawks against the Rangers on Jan. 28, 1943,

It also marked the first time that brothers have scored at least three goals each in consecutive games.

. Their seven goals in one game fell one short of the record set by Sprague and Odie Cleghorn of the Montreal Canadiens in the 1919-

"I'm not a scorer," said Peter:
"In Czechoslovakia, Marian [a third brother] was the best scorer of the three of us. He used to get; about 40 goals a year." But, he said, "I play hockey for

pleasure, and I got a lot this time." Another key factor in the Nor-dique surge has been goalie Dan Bouchard. While his goals-against average suffered against Washing-ton, he improved his won-lost record to 10-1 since being acquired in a trade last month from Cal-

gary.

The Nordiques have played their last eight games ou the road, winning six and losing two; 12 of their last 18 regular-season games will be at home. Quebec has an 11-8-9 won-lost-tied mark at home this season. Peter Stasmy's recent produc-

tion has moved him into ninth place in the scoring race with 29 goals and 54 assists for 83 points - 12 fewer than the rookie record set by center Bryan Trotticr of the New York Islanders in 1975-76.
Both Stastnys, despite their international experience, are eligible for the Calder Trophy as NHL

Tousday's Restifts
New York 128. Afterto 177 (Cortwright 28.
Richardson 22; Johnson 25, Roundfield 22).
Septite 182, Dollac 84 (Brawn 22, V. Johnson 18;
Spenioritet 15, LoGordo, Lloyd, 18).
San Autonia 131, Golden State 126 (Gervin 26.

24 42 364 1892 9 56 - 338 33

# Slopes of Lebanon

over the snow-blanketed mountains of this Mediterranean nation this winter. They are more worried and bombings below and the Syrian-Israeli dogfights above.

Lebanon's ski centers in the Christian-controlled Mount Lebanon

drive from the capital, the attitude is nonchalance. It is not unusual to see Phalangist militiamen, with U.S.-made M-16 rifles slung over their shoulders, having beer at a recreation center or sking in their green army fatigues — alongside Lebanese skiers sporting the latest brightly colored European ski fashions.

hind the latest European trends and fashions. This year, teen-agers

#### Shrags Lebanese skiers tend to react

Moslems of West Beirut must cross leftist Moslem, Christian and Syrian peacekeeping checkpoints near the "green line" that has divided the city into mostly Chris-tian and Moslem halves since the war. But they don't complain.

#### Anonymous

"I feel so totally isolated from the rest of Lebanon in Faraya. Nobody here cares if you are Chris-tian or Mostem — or Chinese," said one Moslem skier, adding downed loth-seeded Rolf Gehring, quickly, "don't quote me by

been few instances of MoslemChristian fighting. Street battles in the same religion against each other or Syrians against Lebanese here itself in the same religion against technology. The same religion against technology is seen that it is not an easy 6-2, 6-1 victory over been pit rival private militias of the same religion against each other or Syrians against Lebanese here the test than Gullikson 6-3 and No. 12 best Tim Gullikson 6-4 best Tim Gull

Most of the services at Faraya Dupre, 6-1, 7-5.

# Dunlop Tuesday in St. Louis. The teams played to a 2-all tie. Skiers' Hot Spot:

FARAYA, Lebanon - Moslem ty militiamen, who are responsible and Christian skiers are swarming for security in the absence of reruabout ice than the street battles \$10,000 a season to rent Alpine-

Five seasons after the civil war, enclave are booming.
At Faraya, barely a 45-minute

Lebanese skiers are never far be-

are wearing stereo headphones as they race down the slopes. On sunny days, many wear short-sleeved T-shirts.

The highest summ is the 9,881-foot K

with a shrug to the violence in their war-weary country. "Now that the Lebanese have stopped. fighting each other, other people are fighting their wars here," said one Armenian-Lebanese here a week ago, as Israeli and Syrian jet-fighters broke the sound barrier overhead. Moments later, the jets clashed in the Bekaa Valley and one Soviet-made Syrian warplane was shot down.

In get to the snow-capped mountains that tower over Beirut,



Some Lebanese skiers pay up to style cabins at the mountain re-sorts — and then complain of poor services. Snow plows often dn not operate, and access to some parts of the resort is impossible during heavy snowfalls and subfreezing temperatures. Medical services are practically nonexistent. Last year, a young father of two died on his

#### On the Beach

the afternoon for a few hours at the beach — a geographical asset that was played up in tourist bro-chures before the war, when Lebanon was known as the Switzerland

The highest summit in Lebanon is the 9,881-foot Kornet Sawda, called the Black Peak, in the northeast. But Faraya, with its 7,860-foot Mzaar Summit and 12 lifts on 3 million square feet of land, is the most accessible.

# At U.S. National

Fourth-seeded Brian Teacher Since the civil war, there have defeated Ben Testerman 7-6, 6-3,

#### big break — the big break that

New York Times Service NEW YORK - Wearing a blue shirt and blue trunks, Jerry Cooney had stuffed his hands into red boxing gloves and was holding out his arms so his trainer, Victor

Valle, could tie the laces, "I was just getting to my peak," Cooney said, "I went through nine sparring partners. I broke one guy's eyebone, you know, the bone above the eye. But then I got laid

By Dave Anderson

He was supposed to have boxed Ken Norton at Madison Square Garden Monday but when Harold Smith disappeared and Muhammad Ali Professional Sports came under fire in an alleged bank swindle, Cooney was out of work. "Laid off," as he likes to say — a throwback to when he was a con

struction worker. He had been training at the Concord Hotel in the Catskills but now he's working at the New Gar-den Gym on West 30th St. until a new date and a new contract for

the Norton bout are established.
From the balcony, disco music from a portable radio thumped through the stale air. Four dozen boxers were moving to the beat—shadow boxing, hitting the big bag, skipping rope. Ontside, the big red and yellow sign still reads, "Bobby Gleason's Gymnasium, Inc." Below that, in small letters, "Group and Private Boxing Lessons."

#### Living Past

Inside, six nlder men in hats and overcoats or windbreakers sat sideby-side near the big dirty window, as if a sepia-toned photo of the Depression had come to life. On the walls and the ceiling more paint had peeled off than re-

"I just bought this place a few weeks ago," said owner Ira Becker. "I'm gouna fix this place up nice." But the boxers didn't seem to care how the gym looked. All they cared about was training for the

#### Scotland Nips Israel, 1-0 Resters TEL AVIV — Scotland beat Israel,

1-0, in a World Cup soccer Euro-pean Group 6 qualifying match here Wednesday. Striker Kenny Dalglish scored in the 54th minute

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ROSENTHAL

#### Cooney has.

When this unbeaten 24-year-old white heavyweight with a punch does fight Norton, he will collect at least \$1 million from either Don King or the Garden promoters. And against Norton, perhaps Cooney will answer the questions that have not been: Can he take a

In four years as a pro, he has

round decisions. In his 24-0 record, his 20 other triumphs have been knockouts -10 in the first two rounds. His stunning first-round knockout of Ron Lyle Tast Oct. 25 followed a fourth-round-knockout of Jimmy

# "Jerry can take a punch," Valle said, "but why should he take a punch if he doesn't have to? I hope

he never takes a punch."

Valle has worked with dozens of fighters through the years, natably

Cose Western 87, Thiel 73 John Corroll 81, Hirom 17 Marquette 63, Layola, III. 62 Wabash 89, DePayw 57

Houston 63, Rice 53 Texas 65. Texas Tech 54 FAR WEST Fortland St. 11. U.S. Internati San Dieso St. 91. Hawaii 77

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#### "Look around this gym. The big percentage of trainers here don't have the talent to develop a fighter. Some gnys hang around the gym a couple of months and all of a sudden they're a trainer. They

got nn husiness training fighters because they don't know how. But

The trim 6-foot, 5-inch, 225-

pound fighter glanced down at the pudgy 5-foot, 5-inch trainer. "Vic-

tor is hard on me. Look at this fin-ger," Cooney said with a smile, holding up his swollen right pink-ie. "He had me blocking punches

with my hands and he threw a left

"An uppercut," Victor Valle

"... An upper cut," Cooney

hook at me . . . .

me, I got Victor and he's a trainpunch and can he take 12 or 15 rounds?

worked only 86 rounds. Twice he went eight and won decisions from Sam McGill three years ago and from Eddie Lopez two years ago. Earlier he won two four-

Young last May - his most prestigious victories.

# Why Should He Take a Punch?'

Carlos Ortiz, once the world light-

weight champion.
"I'm very lucky I got Victor working with me," Cooney said.

#### College Basketball

EAST
Bobson 77, R.I. College 92
Brockport 52, 77, 53, John Fisher 6
Clark 10, Williams 57
Dicklesson 73, Gethysburg 53
Fold Field 84, Foldeligh Dickleson 1
Northeastern 82, Basion U. 75
Penn 52, Princeton 43
Pittsburgh 107, Massachusette 61
Shade Sidned 83, New Hormshire
Shade Sidned 83, New Hormshire Rhode Island \$1, New Hammshire 73 Yole 70, Union, N.Y. 61

SOUTH Formen 78. S. Tennesses St. 76 Howard 76. Deloware St. 62 Old Dominion 96. Georgia St. 61 SC Louisiana 65. Louisiana Col. 54 Texas Southern 84. S. Carolina St. 68 ith 66, William & Mary 67

**Gerty Cooney** 

#### Magri Keeps Title on TKO United Press International LONDON — Charlie Magri of

... 'Just getting to my peak.'

Britain scored a second-round technical knockout over Enrique Rodriguez Cal of Spain here Tues-day to retain his European flyweight boxing title.

said. "And he dislocated my pinkie. He had to take me to the hospital. On Christmas Eve, too."

"It was a present," the trainer said, winking, "Me to him." Cooney has a beautifully bent nose, another souvenir of his pro-fession. "I got hit with a butt in the gym," he explained.

#### Chin Down, Chin Up

"It's funny, Victor is always telling me to keep my chin down and my left hand up but when this fight got called off, he told me to keep my chin up." While he waited to work in either of the two rings, Cooney wandered off to talk to

some fighters. "He's taking it pretty good," Valle said. "When a light's called off, it's like you're empty. You've en looking forward to s

and all of a sudden it's not there. "But from my experience, things always come for the best. Maybe certain things were going to hap-pen and now we're going to avoid it. When it rains, there's a reason.

In life too." Cooney returned to tease his litthe trainer again. "Two hotbloods, Irish and Puerto Rican," the train-er said, glancing up at him. Coo-ney's eyes twinkled with the fun of being where a fighter is always

happiest — in the gym. "I love being a fighter," he said. "I just don't like being laid off."

#### Transactions

BASEBALL
Rottend League
PHILADELPHIA—Signed Marry Bysirom,
Mark Davis and Dickle Noies; etichers; Kaith
Morelond, catchers; Ryne Sandbers, Julio Fran-co, Ramon Avilies and Lent Moltuszek, Infielders,
and Bob Dernier; Wil Culmer and Alejandro, Son-chez, autificators.

BASKETBALL

HOCKEY

Intelligent Hedgey League

CALGARY—Traded Brod Smith, right wing,
to Detroit for foture considerations.

WASNINGTON—Recalled Tim Tooley, canter, and Maric Lofthaue, right wing, from Hershey of the American Hockey League, Assigned
Poul Markey, left wing, and Wes Jarvis, center,
to because

OKLAHOMA—Named Rex Nortis casts head coach in charge of defense.

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NBA Standings

26 18 2717 —
26 29 .554 10½
22 25 .472 15½
25 39 .379 21
24 40 .375 22
15 52 .224 37½

of hands: Chicago's David Greenwood, left, and Artis Gilright, along with Jamaal Wilkes, lower left, Kareem Abubbar and a third, unidentified Laker, await a rebound sday night in Chicago. Los Angeles won the game, 107-97.



lar Lebanese government forces in Mount Lebanon.

way down from a resort after suf-

#### fering a head injury in a fall.

In another month, the Lebanese will be skiing in the morning and then racing down the mountain in

# McEnroe Beaten

United Press International
MEMPHIS, Tenn. — Five seeded players, including defending champion John McEnroe, were defeated Tuesday in first-round matches at the U.S. National In-door tennis championships. Trey Waltke, ranked 51st worldwide, posted a 6-3, 6-4 win over McEn-roe, who entered the tournament shortly after losing a challenge match to Bjorn Borg in Australia. Unseeded Jeff Borowiak beat No. 8 seed Brian Gottfried 7-5, 6-4; Terry Moor defeated 11th-seed ed John Sadri 6-7, 6-4, 6-2; Bruce Manson upset No. 9 seed Eddie Dibbs, 6-3, 6-1 and Tim Wilkerson

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# Remember the 'Nam

WASHINGTON — What you doing. Paw?" Commies, Paw. but I wish it was something more important than El "I'm getting out my old Marine Corps boots. Maw,"
"What for, Paw?"
"What for, Paw?"
"What for, Paw?"

"The United States may have to 20 fight El Salvador."
"El Salvador, What's that?"

"It's a country in Central America, and the Soviets and Cubans have been supplying their guerrillas with arms so they can overthrow the military junta."

"You mean to say. Paw. the United States is seriously thinking Buchwald of getting us into

a war over El Salvador?" "It ain't El Salvador, Maw. The Reagan administration has been looking for a place to show the So-viets that we mean business. El Salvador just happened to be in the right place at the right time." "That's what they said about

Vietnam, Paw." This is different, Maw. This is in our hemisphere. We can't let the Commies just ship in arms and equipment to guerrillas who don't like their government."

"What's the guerrillas' beef in El Salvador got to do with the junta?"
"No ooe is quite sure. Maw. I think it has something to oo with them wanting land reform. It seems the powerful families in El Salvador are against it and the military is killing the peasants, and the government is trying to find a solution in between.

"And we're going to go to war to solve that ooe?" "We ain't going to go to war yet, out I'm getting out my boots just in case, because Secretary of State Haig is taking a hard line against anyone who accepts arms from the

"I ain't against stopping the

#### \$7,000 Hers for a Song United Press International

Commies.

VINA DEL MAR, Chile -Jamaica Chorry Laine has received a \$7,000 prize as winner of the 22d annual Vina del Mar song festival. Laine sang "Waiting," a piece composed by her West German husband, Karl Heinz Merkel, before a crowd of 30,000.

something more important than El

"Haig's got oo choice. They found Captured Enemy Documents on the bodies of the guerril-

"I aio's heard anyone use 'Captured Enemy Documents' since Vietnam. You got any idea how Haig hopes to stop the Commies from giving the guerrillas arms?"

"Waal, I doo't want it bandied about, but I saw oo television that Haig was thinking about blockad-ing Cuba if they kept it up."
"That's big stuff, Paw. We could get us in a war with Russia at the same time."

"You got to call their bluff sooner or later. That's why I'm gerting my boots ready. If it really gets big, we ain't got enough boys in the service to handle it. They're going to need us old-timers to pitch in and fight."

"But you were in World War II. Woo't they ask the younger boys to go first?"

Ain't going to get no young kids to go into the service to fight for El Salvador. It's only old tim-ers like myself who understand if you don't stop them in El Salvador, you'll be fighting them on the beaches of Santa Monica."

"I thought Reagan said be waso't going to get us into on

"This ain't a real war. It's just a test of our credibility, Maw. No-body's going to ever believe us if we don't have a showdown soon." "The whole thing smells more and more like Vietnam, Paw."

"That's not for you to say, Maw. El Salvador has a lot going for it when it comes to seeing who blinks first. It's small and has plenty of jungles, and if we win the bearts and minds of the people there, we can scare the helf out of Nicara-

"Nicaragua! What have they got to do with this?"

"That's how the guerrillas are getting their arms. Believe me, Maw, if this thing keeps up, we're going to be up to our necks in Old Muddy."

When do you think they'll call you, Paw?" "As soon as all the young kids in the country realize what's going on

and take off for Canada." 2 1981, Les Angeles Times Syndicate

# David Douglas Duncan Looks at the Painter

By Hebe Dorsey tional Herald Tribune

ASTELLARAS, France -The journalist Harrison Salisbury has described David Douglas Duncan as "a man with the camera of an artist, the pen of a poet and a genius for the impossible." As a former Marine combat photographer and theo with Life magazine. Duncan has

\*\*

covered global violence since World War II. but, perhaps betst in him, it is for his work oo Picasso that be is best known today.

Four of Duncan's 13 books Duncan are devoted to Picasso, and this fall — starting Oct. 25, the 100th anniversary of the artist's birth - Duncan will have a five-week show at Sydney Janis' New York art gallery, a re-trospective that will include documents Duncan collected over 20 years of close relationship with Picasso. His latest book, "Viva Picasso: A Centennial Celebra-tion," was published last fall and has been translated into eight languages. It includes some of his most famous photos of Picasso as well as others never published before.

Hillside Village

Duncan and his wife, Sheila, live in Castellaras, a hillside vil-lage near Cannes. Their bouse, designed by architect Jacques Couelle, has as much personality as Duncan. It is strong and bare
— except for essentials such as books and paintings - flooded with light, down to earth.

Although Duncan's other books are on subjects as varied as the art treasures of the Kremlin, the migrations of Iranian nomads and the U.S. political party conventions, he shows little surprise that people are constantly asking him about Picasso, whom he first photographed while the artist was in the bathtub. The most common question. of course, is, "What was be like?"
Duncan's answer: "How do

yon describe atomic energy? There were so many Picassos I knew — the man that never used his weight, among others. One thing I can tell you for sure, in all the years that I knew him be never once talked about himself. He'd talk about vou. Because he had the interest and the sense of involvement, he related to people. Time and again, when people came to the villa to repair something, in a matter of minutes

they'd call him Pablo.
"I never called him Pablo in
my hie." Duncan added. "I couldn't bring myself to call him Pablo. I called him Maestro, but with affection — not the way people referred to Toscanini when they called him Maestro: I think it was to put him apart. In turn, Picasso never called me David. Always Duncan, or sometimes Ishmael. Once in a long time, he'd call me Gitano."

"Tacit Understanding"

What was Picasso's favorite of his own works? "I asked that question once," Duncan said. He turned around, threw his open hand at me and said, 'What's my favorite finger?' "He never asked me to do a

picture. It was a tacit understanding. He just assumed that if I was a photographer. I'd do pho-tographs. After I photographed for about a year, I was about to edit The Private World of Pablo-Picasso.' I had stacks of contact sheets. He enjoyed looking at them. There were maybe 15,000, 20,000 photographs, starting with the one in the bathtnb - with no restraint placed on me, just my sense of discretion. I told him, 'I've been photographing you for a year. Thousands of photos. Are there any you'd want to delete?' He looked back at me, his eyes burning, absolutely shocked. He asked me, 'Have I ever asked you bow to paint?"

"Another thing that's very interesting about him is that in the thousands of photographs I did of him, there isn't one where he is blinking. Now, all of us blink at some time or other. He was a man who never blinked. I asked him about it once and he said it was a mystery to him, too. But he said that when he was a boy, be

used to look right at the sun."
One photograph in "Viva Picasso" is of the artist nibbling on a fishbone, and the next pages show him using the fishbone to decorate a ceramic plate. "Fie was a total user," Duncan said. "His most famous sculpture, the skull of a bull ['Bull's Head,'



Picasso by Duncan.

Picasso's Photographer

1943), was made with a couple of ferent shades. I made it a policy bicycle handlebars."

Duncan said Picasso was a prudent, modest spender. "In fact, he could afford to live in the simplest way. . . . Because he was so successful, he was free of all the binders which we have. He could have bought anything he wanted.

"When be was painting Icarus ['La Baignade,' 1957], he used brown Ripolin paint out of oneliter cans. He'd open the can, stir it up and paint. When he was through, he'd send for more, Al-though the brown was the same code, the same number, he al-ways ended up with slightly dif-

never to interfere or interrupt. but when he was finished, I asked him, 'Why didn't you buy a 10-gallon can? His answer: What would I do with the leftover?" Now Duncan laughs when he hears critics marveling at Picasso's subtle color variamons.

He said the artist was unpredictable and exhausting. To live with Picasso was very difficult but how rewarding! The only thing that mattered to him was

"What else can I do?" he'd ask. My hand is dominated."

# PEOPLE: Pacific Rower Blown Off-Course to Hawaii

A British adventurer attempting to row the Pacific alone has reached Hawaii, where, he said, he would remain until he repairs or replaces his 35-foot boat, which rolled over twice as it neared the Mani coast in stormy seas. "I don't know if the boat's a write-off," Peter Bird, 33, said after he was forced to leave the Britannia II anchored outside Kahului Bay. "If not. I'll have it repaired. If it is a write-off, I'll have a new boat built here if needs be and if I can raise the necessary money." The Lon-don photographer said he had not originally planned to land in Ha-waii. "I've been actually making for the Line Islands, about 1,000 miles south of here. What happened is the trade winds pushed me here." Bird was about a halfmile outside the harbor when the rowboat was struck by two large waves that rolled the Britannia II over and broke its tiller. The boat is self-righting and self-bailing, but Bird said he lost several pieces of equipment, including cameras and film he was using to record the 6,000-mile trip from California to Australia. He left San Francisco

Allison Chase, a U.S. dancer, drew applause and a wolf-whistle when she gave La Scala's first topless performance, in Mussorgsky's "Khovanshchina," but the rest of the Soviet production got a mixed reception at the prestigious Milan opera house. Chase performed the "Persian dance" of the opera, a sort of belly dance. The director, Yuri Lubimov, was boosed for the untraditional staging and setting. Topless performances by singers or dancers have previously been staged at the Rome and Trieste operas.

Faye Dunaway is taking instruction in Catholicism so she can convert before marrying photographer Terry O'Neill, the father of her child, the New York Daily News reports. The actress gave birth to a son last year and plans to marry O'Neill in June, the newspaper said. It said O'Neill's long-delayed divorce has just become final.

Warren Christopher, the former U.S. deputy secretary of state who helped negotiate the release of the U.S. hostages in Iran, has rejoined Stanford University's Board of Trustees. Christopher, a graduate of Stanford Law School, was a Stanford trustee from 1972 to 1979. . . New York University

chose former Rep. John Bradenn D-Ind., to be its 13th presiden Brademas, who was majority whi in the House until he was defeate in last fall's Republican landslid will succeed John C. Sawhill, wi resigned last summer after s years in the post.

Giovanni Agnelli, chamman of ] aly's Fiat antomaker, was flow home to Turin from a Swiss host tal where he was treated for a fracture from a Feb. I ski accide near Saint Moritz Fiat sources and Agnelli will manage compar business from home during a tw month convalescence.

G. Gordon Liddy was there. were the feminist Betty Fried and the poet Allen Glasberg, N tional Urban League Preside Vernon Jordan Jr. made an a pearance, as did former Treasn Secretary William Simon. The strange bedfellows were at a New York Yacht Chib to celebra perhaps the only thing they have common: They had all seen action William F. Buckley Jr.'s tele-sion show, "Firing Line." All Buckley's former guests were inveed to the show's 15th-birthday c chration. Most were happy to e lige, but Buckley said the law, William Kunstler returned the in tation after checking the line th read: "I regret I cannot be pri ent." "And he crossed out t word regret," Buckley said.

. Rita Jeurette, the estranged wood former Rep. John W. Jenne, Jr., D-S.C., convicted of Absc. charges, says there are some friel ened people in Washington L cause a female lobbyist videotap sexual encounters with congre-men. Mrs. Jenrette, in New Yo. to publicize her semi-nude phe spread in Playboy magazine, is the lobbyist had gotten pregni by a Republican senator. She c clined to identify the sensu There are a lot of very frighten Republican congressmen and sea tors, because this woman suppreedly has all of this — their intim cies — on videotape," she sa Meanwhile, South Carolina sta Rep. Norma Russell, commentin on the Playboy layout, said don't think it reflects poorly c South Carolina because every ind vidual is responsible for his or he own actions. Besides, I don't thin the image of South Carolina pol-tics could be any worse than it is." -SAMUEL JUSTIC

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